



# CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT PLAN BASE FAMILY HOUSING AND 22 BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE TANK SITES

# NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

**Unit Identification Code: N60200** 

Contract No.: N62467-89-D-0317/139

#### Prepared by:

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#### Prepared for:

Department of the Navy, Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command 2155 Eagle Drive North Charleston, South Carolina 29418

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# CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICAL DATA CONFORMITY (MAY 1987)

The Contractor, ABB Environmental Services, Inc., hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/139 are complete and accurate and comply with all requirements of this contract.

DATE:	 May	12,	1997	

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### **FOREWORD**

To meet its mission objectives, the U.S. Navy performs a variety of operations, some requiring the use, handling, storage, or disposal of hazardous materials. Through accidental spills and leaks and conventional methods of past disposal, hazardous materials may have entered the environment in ways unacceptable by today's standards. With growing knowledge of the long-term effects of hazardous materials on the environment, the Department of Defense initiated various programs to investigate and remediate conditions related to suspected past releases of hazardous materials at their facilities.

One of these programs is the Comprehensive Long-Term Environmental Action, Navy Underground Storage Tank (UST) program. This program complies with Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendment of 1984. In addition, the UST program complies with all appropriate State and local storage tank regulations as they pertain to each naval facility.

The UST program includes the following activities:

- registration and management of Navy and Marine Corps storage tank systems,
- contamination assessment planning,
- site field investigations,
- preparation of contamination assessment reports,
- remedial (corrective) action planning,
- implementation of the remedial action plans, and
- tank and pipeline closures.

The Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command manages the Navy UST program, and the Florida Department of Environmental Protection oversees the Navy UST program at Naval Air Station (NAS) Cecil Field.

Questions regarding the UST program at NAS Cecil Field should be addressed to Mr. Bryan Kizer, Code 1842, at (803) 820-5896.

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#### Contamination Assessment Plan Base Family Housing and 22 BRAC Tank Sites Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida

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#### **GLOSSARY**

ABB-ES ABB Environmental Services, Inc. AST

BRAC base realignment and closure

CA contamination assessment
CAP contamination assessment plan
CAR contamination assessment report

NAS Naval Air Station

PCAR preliminary contamination assessment report

UST underground storage tank

## CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT PLAN - BASE FAMILY HOUSING AND 22 BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE (BRAC) TANK SITES

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES), has been contracted by Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command to prepare a contamination assessment plan (CAP) and a health and safety plan for the Base Family Housing sites and 22 BRAC tank sites at U.S. Naval Air Station (NAS) Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. The Base Family Housing sites did not receive a clean closure report, and the objective of this investigation is to determine the extent of contamination at each site. An initial assessment will be performed at each of the 22 BRAC tank sites where the tank has been removed and the site did not receive a clean closure.

The Base Family Housing and 22 BRAC tank sites are listed in Table 1. The sites are located throughout NAS Cecil Field. The CAP outlines a strategy for the contamination assessment (CA) field investigation and sampling program that will identify any release of petroleum products from the underground storage tanks (USTs) and aboveground storage tank. The CAP includes a list of sites to be investigated, proposed field investigation and methodologies, and a health and safety plan.

Tank numbers 340, GEN-2, and G558 were included in the original scope of work but were subsequently deleted from the scope because clean closure reports were obtained from the installation or the tank is located in an area of an ongoing contamination assessment. Three tank locations, two at Building 9 and one at Building 72, will be investigated in their place.

#### 2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY

A list of the sites with site-specific tank information is presented in Table 1. Due to the large number of tanks, individual site descriptions and histories will not be presented. Tanks locations and more detailed construction and installation information can be found in the NAS Cecil Field Tank Management Plan (ABB-ES, 1997).

#### 3.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

A field investigation will be conducted at each site to assess the presence of petroleum contamination in soil and groundwater (if necessary). The number of soil borings and monitoring wells to be installed at each Base Family Housing site was predetermined in a teleconference between the FDEP, Navy, and ABB-ES representatives on February 13, 1997. Investigations at the 22 BRAC tank sites will be conducted following the protocols presented in the NAS Cecil Field Tank Management Plan (ABB-ES, 1997). Based on the tank capacity, one to five soil borings will be completed at each site to assess the presence of petroleum-contaminated soil. If excessively contaminated soil is detected or the UST is in contact with the groundwater, a temporary monitoring well will be installed at the site to assess the presence of groundwater contamination.

# Table 1 Underground Storage Tank and Aboveground Storage Tank Sites Summary

Contamination Assessment Plan
Base Family Housing and 22 Base Realignment and Tank Sites
Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida

Tank Number	Building	Facility	Location (TMP Figure) <sup>1</sup>	Year Installed	Year Removed	Tank Contents	Tank Capacity (Gallons)	UST/AS1
Base Family	Housing				<del></del>			
402	402	Housing	C-7	1955	1995	М	350	U
404	404	Housing	C-7	1955	1995	М	350	U
405	405	Housing	C-7	1955	1995	М	350	U
406	406	Housing	C-7	1955	1995	М	350	U
420	420	Housing	C-7	1955	1995	М	350	U
428	428	Housing	C-7	1955	1995	М	350	U
431	431	Housing	C-7	1955	1995	М	350	U
437	437	Housing	C-7	1955	1995	M	350	U
440	440	Housing	C-7	1955	1995	М	350	U
Quarters F	F	Housing	C-6	1955	1995	М	350	U
Quarters H	н	Housing	C-6	1955	1995	M	350	U
Quarters J	J	Housing	C-6	1955	1955	М	350	U
Quarters K	K	Housing	C-6	1955	1955	М	350	U
Quarters N	N	Housing	C-6	1955	1955	M	350	U
Other Tank S	ites							
9A	9	Fire Station	C-8	1945	1985	D	1,250	υ
9-B	9	Fire Station	C-8	1945	1985	D	1,250	U
11-A	11	Steam Generating Plant	C-8	UNK	1986	M	5,000	U
46-D	46	Former Gas Station	C-8	1970	1988	D	6,000	U
46-R	46	Former Gas Station	C-8	1970	1988	Α	10,000	U
46-SUL	46	Former Gas Station	C-8	1970	1988	В	6,000	U
46-UL	46	Former Gas Station	C-8	1970	1988	В	10,000	U
72	72	Crash Fire Station	C-9	UNK	UNK	М	500	Α
81-A	81	Transportation	C-7	1945	1990	D	3,000	Α

N

#### ω

# Table 1 (Continued) Underground Storage Tank and Aboveground Storage Tank Sites Summary

Contamination Assessment Plan
Base Family Housing and 22 Base Realignment and Tank Sites
Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida

Tank Number	Building	Facility	Location (TMP Figure) <sup>1</sup>	Year Installed	Year Removed	Tank Contents	Tank Capacity (Gallons)	UST/AST
Other Tanl	k Sites (Continu	ed)						
81-B	81	Transportation	C-7	1945	1990	D	2,000	Α
81-C	81	Transportation	C-7	1945	1990	D	3,000	Α
98-1	98	Storage Building	C-7	1956	1989	В	150	Α
98-2	98	Storage Building	C-7	1956	1989	В	150	Α
98-3	98	Storage Building	C-7	UNK	1989	D	150	Α
98-4	98	Storage Building	C-7	UNK	1989	0	55	Α
288A	288	Standby Generator Building	C-5	UNK	UNK	G	250	Α
352-1	352	Weather Shelter	C-9	1987	UNK	L	5,000	Α
384	384	Transportation	C-7	1987	UNK	0	275	Α
950	950	Traffic Safety Building	C-14	UNK	UNK	К	150	Α
G-15	15	Wastewater Treatment Control Building	C-6	1983	1996	G	2,000	U
G-193	193	Standby Generator for Runway	C-12	1981	1995	G	250	U
G327-U	327	Security	C-14	UNK	1995	G	1,000	U

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Former location of ASTs and USTs can be found in the Naval Air Station Cecil Field Tank Management Plan (ABB-ES, 1996).

Notes: TMP = Tank Management Plan.

UST = underground storage tank.

AST = aboveground storage tank.

M = fuel/oil.

U = underground storage tank.

UNK = unknown.

D = vehicular gasoline.

A = leaded gasoline.

B = unleaded gasoline.

A = aboveground storage tank.

O = new/lube oil.

G = diesel.

CPO = Chief Petty Officer.

L = waste oil.

K = kerosene.

<u>Soil Borings</u>. Soil samples will be collected every 2 feet from the ground surface until the water table is reached. Soil samples will be screened for total hydrocarbon response by using an organic vapor analyzer equipped with a flame ionization detector, following the headspace analysis method as described in Chapter 62-770 of the Florida Administrative Code.

Monitoring Well Installation. The information gathered during the soil assessment will be used to aid in the placement of permanent and temporary monitoring wells. Monitoring wells will be installed using hollow-stem auger techniques. Permanent monitoring wells will be installed at the Base Family Housing sites (to support the contamination assessment report [CAR] and future monitoring), and temporary monitoring wells will be installed at the BRAC tank sites (to determine the presence or absence of contamination).

The monitoring wells will be constructed of 2-inch inside diameter, schedule 40 polyvinyl chloride pipe with a 10-foot screen. The permanent monitoring wells will be installed in accordance with Southern Division's "Specifications for Groundwater Monitoring Well Installation and Sampling." The temporary monitoring wells will have a filter pack of 20/30 silica sand installed from the bottom of the well to land surface. This well construction will facilitate rapid well abandonment if the groundwater results indicate that no petroleum contamination If groundwater contamination is present and conversion of the is present. temporary well to a permanent monitoring well is required, the top 2 feet of filter pack sand will be removed and 1 foot of 30/65 silica sand will be used as a seal, and the rest of the well will be completed with Type I grout cement. Any permanent monitoring wells will be completed flush with surface grade and equipped with bolted manhole covers and locking caps. All temporary and permanent monitoring wells will be surveyed by a Florida-registered land surveyor.

<u>Groundwater Sampling</u>. Prior to groundwater sampling, the temporary water table monitoring wells will be purged using low-flow techniques. Low-flow purging techniques will be used to minimize excessive turbidity, eliminate the need for filtration, and decrease volumes of contaminated purge water. All groundwater samples collected during the CA will be analyzed for the Gasoline or Kerosene Analytical Groups outlined in Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code.

#### 4.0 REPORT WRITING

Upon completion of the field investigations, ABB-ES will analyze the data collected in the field and prepare a CAR for the Base Family Housing sites and a preliminary contamination assessment report (PCAR) for the 22 BRAC tank sites. The CAR and PCAR will include a discussion of site background information, methodologies used during the investigation, the field and laboratory data in tabular and figure format, an evaluation and discussion of the presence the soil and groundwater contamination at the site, a summary, conclusions, and recommendations for further action at the site. One CAR and one PCAR will be submitted containing the above information for all respective sites.

#### REFERENCE

- ABB Environmental Services, Inc. 1997. Base Realignment and Closure Tank Management Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Charleston, South Carolina (January).
- Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command. 1997. Monitoring Well Design, Installation, Construction, and Development Guidelines. North Charleston, South Carolina (March).

#### **APPENDIX A**

SITE-SPECIFIC HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN FOR CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT OF BASE FAMILY HOUSING AND 22 BRAC TANK SITES

# SITE-SPECIFIC HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN FOR CONTAMINATION ASSESSMENT OF BASE FAMILY HOUSING AND 22 BRAC TANK SITES

# NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

**UNIT IDENTIFICATION CODE: N60200** 

CONTRACT NO: N62467-89-D-0317/139

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Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

#### REFERENCES

The following chapters of the Comprehensive Long-term Environmental Action Navy (CLEAN) Program District I Generic Health and Safety Plan (HASP) are applicable for the work anticipated at the site:

<u>✓</u> 2.0	AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY OF HEALTH AND SAFETY PERSONNEL
<u>✓</u> 3.0	TRAINING PROGRAM
<u></u> ✓ 4.0	MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM
<u>✓</u> 5.0	ENGINEERING CONTROLS
<u>/</u> 6.0	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE LEVEL DETERMINATION
<u>/</u> 7.0	MONITORING EQUIPMENT
8.0	ZONATION
<u>/</u> 9.0	WORK PRACTICES
10.0	CONFINED SPACE ENTRY PROCEDURES
11.0	EXCAVATION AND TRENCHING
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<u>✓</u> 13.0	DECONTAMINATION
<u>/</u> 14.0	EMERGENCY PLANNING
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#### GLOSSARY

ABB-ES ABB Environmental Services, Inc.

BRAC base realignment and closure

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CLEAN Comprehensive Long-Term Environmental Action, Navy

HASP Health and Safety Plan
HSM Health and Safety Manager
HSO Health and Safety Officer
HSS Health and Safety Supervisor

NAS Naval Air Station

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PAH polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons

PM project manager

TM trademark

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 SCOPE AND PURPOSE. This Health and Safety Plan (HASP) has been prepared in conformance with the Comprehensive Long-Term Environmental Action, Navy (CLEAN) program District I HASP and is intended to meet the requirements of 29 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 1910.120. As such, the HASP addresses those activities associated with field operations for this project. Compliance with this HASP is required for all ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES) personnel, contractor personnel, or third parties entering the site.

#### 1.2 PROJECT PERSONNEL.

- 1.2.1 Project Manager The project manager (PM) is the individual with overall project management responsibilities. Those responsibilities as they relate to health and safety include provision for the development of this site-specific HASP, the necessary resources to meet requirements of this HASP, the coordination of staff assignments to ensure that personnel assigned to the project meet medical and training requirements, and the means and materials necessary to resolve any health and safety issues that are identified or that develop on the project.
- 1.2.2 General Site Supervisor The general site supervisor is either the PM or the PM's designee who is onsite and vested with the authority by the PM to carry out day-to-day site operations, including interfacing with the site health and safety officer (HSO).
- 1.2.3 HSO The HSO for this project has been designated by the PM with concurrence of the health and safety supervisor (HSS) or health and safety manager (HSM). The HSO will have at least an indirect line of reporting to the HSM through the HSS for the duration of his or her assignment as project HSO. The HSO is responsible for developing and implementing this site-specific HASP in accordance with the CLEAN HASP. The HSO will investigate all accidents, illnesses, and incidents occurring onsite. The HSO will also conduct safety briefings and site-specific training for onsite personnel. As necessary, the HSO will accompany all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), or other governmental agency personnel visiting an ABB-ES site in response to health and safety issues. The HSO, in consultation with the HSS or HSM, is responsible for updating and modifying this HASP as site or environmental conditions change.
- 1.3 TRAINING. Training is defined under the CLEAN HASP. All personnel entering potentially contaminated areas of this site must complete a 40-hour training program and meet the requirements set by OSHA in standard 29 CFR 1910.120. Personnel without the required training will not be permitted in any area with potential for exposure to toxic substances or harmful physical agents (i.e., downrange). Refer to Chapter 3.0 of the CLEAN HASP for further information.
- All personnel assigned to an ABB-ES site must participate in the site-specific training presentation, which will cover major elements of the site HASP, as well as health and safety procedures regarding an individual's specific job responsibilities and tasks. The site HSO or health and safety designee will

provide this training before an individual is permitted to work in a downrange position.

1.4 MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE. All personnel entering potentially contaminated areas of this site will be medically qualified for site assignment through a medical surveillance program outlined in the CLEAN HASP. Personnel who have not received medical clearance will not be permitted in any area with potential for exposure to toxic substances or harmful physical agents (i.e., downrange). Refer to Chapter 4.0 of the CLEAN HASP for further information.

#### 2.0 FACILITY SITE CHARACTERIZATION AND ANALYSIS

- 2.1 SITE NAME AND LOCATION. The Base Family Housing and 22 Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) tank sites are located throughout Naval Air Station (NAS) Cecil Field in Jacksonville, Florida. Individual site locations are presented in the NAS Cecil Field Tank Management Plan (ABB-ES, 1997).
- 2.2 SITE HISTORY AND LAYOUT. Site History and layout are presented in the Environmental Baseline Survey Report. Underground storage tank and aboveground storage tank construction details are presented in the NAS Cecil Field Tank Management Plan (ABB-ES, 1997).
- 2.3 SCOPE OF WORK (WORKPLAN). ABB-ES will conduct a contamination assessment at the site to evaluate the release of petroleum contamination in soil and groundwater at the Base Family Housing and 22 BRAC tank sites. The field investigation will consist of advancing soil borings and installing shallow temporary monitoring wells.

#### 3.0 TASK ANALYSIS

#### 3.1 TASK ONE.

<u>3.1.1 Hazardous Substances</u> The contaminants of concern known or suspected to be present onsite, along with established exposure limits for those substances, are listed in Table 3-1.

Table 3-1
Contaminants of Concern

Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Chemical	Approximate Odor Threshold (ppm)	Permissible Exposure Limits (ppm)	Threshold Limit Value (ppm)	Physical Characteristics	Dermal Toxicity	Remarks
Benzene	4.7	1	1	Colorless liquid, pleasant aromatic odor.	Moderate skin irritant.	Inhalation of large amounts attacks central nervous system; chronic poisoning causes leuke- mia.
Ethylbenzene	140	100	100	Colorless liquid, aromatic odor.	Moderate skin irritant.	Liquid blisters skin; inha- lation results in dizziness, depression.
Toluene	0.17	100	100	Colorless liquid, pleasant aromatic odor.	Mild skin irri- tant.	Ingestion or aspiration car cause pulmonary edema, depressed respiration, kid- ney and liver damage.
Xylene	0.05	100	100	Colorless liquid, aromatic odor.	Moderate skin irritant.	Inhalation causes head- ache and dizziness; va- pors irritate eyes; can be fatal if ingested.
Naphthalene		10	10	Colorless to brown solid with an odor of moth- balls.	Moderate skin irritant.	Inhalation causes head- ache and confusion; va- pors irritate eyes.

Notes: ppm = parts per million.
-- = not applicable.

- 3.1.2 Site Risks The following are the health hazards and safety hazards that are expected to be encountered at the site.
- 3.1.2.1 Health Hazards Petroleum substances to which personnel may be exposed include heating oil, gasoline, diesel fuel, lube oil, and waste oil. The primary constituents of these substances that represent potential health hazards are described below and summarized in Table 3-1.

BENZENE is a colorless liquid with a pleasant aromatic odor. It is a moderate irritant in small amounts both as a gas and as a liquid. If inhaled in large amounts, it attacks the central nervous system, possibly resulting in coma and/or respiratory arrest. Chronic poisoning causes leukemia.

ETHYLBENZENE is a colorless aromatic liquid. It is a moderate skin irritant in gaseous form. Inhalation of high concentrations of the gas may cause temporary irritation of the nose, dizziness, and depression. The liquid form can blister the skin if not washed off immediately.

TOLUENE is a colorless liquid with a pleasant aromatic odor. It is a mild skin irritant. Inhalation of high concentrations of the gas can cause temporary smarting of the eyes or irritation of the respiratory system. If the liquid form is allowed to remain on the skin for a long period of time, smarting and reddening of the skin may occur. Ingestion or aspiration of the liquid causes depressed respiration and pulmonary edema and can result in kidney or liver damage.

XYLENE is a colorless liquid with a sweet odor. It is a moderate skin irritant. When present as a gas in high concentrations, it can cause temporary slight smarting of the eyes or irritation of the respiratory system, headache, and dizziness. The liquid form may cause smarting or reddening of the skin if not washed off immediately. If the liquid is aspirated into the lungs, it can result in severe coughing, distress, and rapidly developing pulmonary edema. If ingested, nausea, vomiting, cramps, headache, and coma can occur and may be fatal. Ingestion may also result in kidney and liver damage.

POLYNUCLEAR AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (PAHs), for the purposes of this plan and study, include those listed as parameters for USEPA Method 610. Some of the more notable PAHs from this method include acenaphthene, anthracene, chrysene, fluorene, naphthalene, phenanthrene, and pyrene. Details of these compounds are listed in Chapter 4.0.

All activities at this site will be conducted in unconfined areas. This will minimize the chances of exposure of onsite personnel to either high vapor concentrations or strong liquid concentrations of any of the substances described above.

3.1.2.2 Safety Hazards Safety hazards include those hazards to which personnel may be exposed that are unrelated to hazardous wastes. These include hazards such as heat stress, snake bites, alligator and wild boar attacks, operation of and presence around heavy equipment, lifting of objects, and vehicle traffic. Extreme caution should be practiced by all personnel while conducting work around drill rigs, backhoes, and other heavy equipment. During hot days, personnel should take time to drink fluids and cool off to avoid overheating and symptoms related to heat stress.

Lifting of heavy objects should be done with caution. Personnel should assist one another with moving heavy objects or use the appropriate equipment to accomplish these tasks. During all site activities, personnel should be aware of the possibility of an encounter with poisonous snakes, particularly rattlesnakes in pine woods.

Power substations, power lines, underground utilities, and underground pipelines are to be avoided during drilling operations. Necessary work permits for activities at the naval facilities will be obtained from the Public Works Department or the appropriate department (e.g., fire department, etc.).

- 3.1.2.3 Conclusions and Risk Assessment Based on all of the available information (nature of the work, potential onsite chemicals and their properties, exposure limits, etc.), hazards associated with conducting the described fieldwork are considered to be <u>low</u>, assuming appropriate health and safety practices are maintained.
- 3.1.3 Protective Measures The protective measures that will be used at the site are described below:
- 3.1.3.1 Engineering Controls Whenever needed, engineering controls (i.e., fans to blow volatilized chemicals away from the work area) will be used.
- 3.1.3.2 Levels of Protection A Level D work uniform will be used at the site. Level D protection should only be used when the atmosphere contains no known hazard; all potential airborne contaminants can be monitored; and work functions preclude splash, immersion, or the potential for unexpected inhalation or contact with hazardous levels of any chemical.
- 3.1.4 Monitoring It is intended that real-time monitoring instrumentation will be used to monitor the work environment in order to ensure the appropriate level of protection for the site team.
- 3.1.4.1 Air Sampling To the extent feasible, the presence of airborne contaminants will be evaluated through the use of direct reading instrumentation. Information gathered will be used to ensure the adequacy of the levels of protection being used at the site, and may be used as the basis for upgrading or downgrading the levels of protection in conformance with action levels provided in this HASP and at the direction of the site HSO.

The following sampling equipment will be used at the site. Refer to Chapter 7.0 of the CLEAN HASP for information on the calibration and maintenance of the equipment.

Heath PORTA-FID II (flame ionization detector)

If the FID detects a steady measurable quantity of organic vapors greater than 5 parts per million (above background conditions) in the breathing zone, the field team will withdraw from the site until health and safety conditions at the site are reevaluated.

3.1.4.2 Personal Monitoring Personal monitoring will be undertaken to characterize the personal exposure of high-risk employees to the hazardous substances they may encounter onsite. Personal monitoring will be conducted on a representative basis. Personnel who are represented by the sampling will be noted in field logs.

The following personal monitoring equipment will be used at the site. Refer to Chapter 7.0 of the CLEAN HASP for information on the maintenance and calibration of the equipment.

Thermoluminescent Dosimetry Body Badge

#### 4.0 DATA SHEETS

Common Sympton	ms Watery liquid	Colorless Gasoline-like odor						
Benzol Benzole	1	Flammable, irritating vapor is produced.						
Wear goggle Shut off ign Stop discha Stay upwind Isolate and I	L  to with liquid and vapor, and self-contained bre- ition sources and call fire  rige if possible, and call self- and use water spray to  remove discharged mater  health and pollution cont	athing apparatus. e department.  "knock down" vapor. rial.						
Fire	FLAMMABLE. Flashback along vapor trail may occur. Vapor may explode if ignited in an enclosed area. Wear goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus. Extinguish with dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective on fire. Cool exposed containers with water.							
Exposure	consciousness. Move to fresh air. If breathing has stoppe If breathing is difficult, LIQUID Irritating to skin and a Hamful if swallowed. Remove contaminated Flush affected area wil IF IN EYES, hold eyelic	e, and throat.  seedsche, difficult breathing, or loss of seed, give artificial respiration.  give oxygen.  yes.  clothing and shoes.						
Water Pollution								
(See Response N	TO DISCHARGE  Methods Handbook) ng-high flammability cess	2. LABEL 2.1 Category: Flammable liquid 2.2 Class: 3						
3.1 CG Compati Hydrod 3.2 Formula: C 3.3 IMO/UN Des 3.4 DOT ID No.:	5H6 signation: 3.2/1114	4. OBSERVABLE CHARACTERISTICS  4.1 Physical State (as shipped): Liquid Color: Colorless  4.3 Odor: Aromatic; rather pleasant aromatic odor; characteristic odor						
	6. HEALTH	HAZARDS						
hose n	nask; hydrocarbon-insolul s or face splash shield; h	rocarbon vapor canister, supplied air or a ble rubber or plastic gloves; chemical hydrocarbon-insoluble arpon such as						
5.2 Symptoms I flushin	Following Exposure: Diza g, weakness, headache,	ziness, excitation, pallor, followed by breathlessness, chest constriction. Coma						
5.3 Treatment of remove water	and possible death.  Treatment of Exposure: SKIN: flush with water followed by soap and water; remove contaminated clothing and wash skin. EYES: flush with plenty of water until irritation subsides. INHALATION: remove from exposure immediately. Call a physician. IF breathing is irregular or stopped, start resuscitation, administer oxygen.  Threshold Limit Value: 10 ppm  Short Term Inhalation Limits: 75 ppm for 30 min.  Toxiolty by Ingestion: Grade 3; LD50 = 50 to 600 mg/kg							
resusc 5.4 Threshold Li 5.5 Short Term 5.6 Toxicity by 6.7 Late Toxicity	mit Value: 10 ppm Inhalation Limits: 75 pp Ingestion: Grade 3; LD50 y: Leukemia							

L	6. HIKE HAZAKUS	(See Hazard Assessment Handbook)
l	6.1 Flash Point: 12°FC.C. 6.2 Flammable Limits in Air: 1.3%-	A-T-U-V-W
$\frac{1}{1}$	7.9% 6.3 Fire Extinguishing Agents: Dry chemical, foam, or carbon	
١	dioxide 6.4 Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to be Used: Water may be ineffective	11. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS
l	6,6 Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Not pertinent	11.1 Code of Federal Regulations: Flammable liquid
	6.6 Behavior in Fire: Vepor is heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back	11.2 NAS Hazard Rating for Bulk Water Transportation: Category Rating Fire
١	6.7 Ignition Temperature: 1097°F 6.8 Bectrical Hazard: Class I,Group D	Vapor Irritant 1 Liquid or Solid Irritant . 1
	6.9 Burning Rate: 6.0 mm/min 6.10 Adiabatic Flame Temperature:	Poisons 3 Water Pollution
1	Data not available 6.11 Stoichiometric Air to Fuel Ratio:	Human Toxicity 3 Aquatic Toxicity 1
	Data not available 6.12 Flame Temperature: Data not available	Aesthetic Affect 3 Reactivity Other Chemicals 2 Water 1
ľ	7. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY	Self Reaction 0 11.3 NFPA Hazard Classification: Category Classification
l	7.1 Reactivity with Water: No reaction	Health Hazard (Blue) 2 Flammability (Red)
l	7.2 Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction	reactivity (renow)
	7.3 Stability During Transport: Stable 7.4 Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent	
l	7.5 Polymerization: Not pertinent 7.6 Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not	40 PHINGS AND CHEMICAL
	pertinent 7.7 Moler Ratio (Reactant to	12. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
l	Product): Data not available	12.1 Physical State at 15°C and 1
l	7.8 Reactivity Group: 32	atm: Liquid 12.2 Molecular Weight: 78.11 12.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 176°F = 80.1°C = 353.3°K
┨		12.4 Freezing Point: 42.0°F = 5.5°C = 278.7°K
	8. WATER POLLUTION	12.5 Critical Temperature: 552.0°F = 288.9°C =
	8.1 Aquatic Toxicity:	562.1 °K 12.6 Critical Pressure:
	6 ppm/6 hr/minnow/lethal/ distilled water	710 psia = 48.3 atm = 4.89 MN/m <sup>2</sup> 12.7 Specific Gravity:
l	20 ppm/24 hr/sunfish/TL <sub>m</sub> /tap water	0.879 et 20°C (liquid) 12.8 Liquid Surface Tension:
1	8.2 Waterfowl Toxicity: Data not available 8.3 Biological Oxygen Demand	28.9 dynes/cm = 0.289 N/m at 20°C
	(BOD): 1.2 lb/lb, 10 days 8.4 Food Concentration Potential:	12.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: 35 dynes/cm = 0.035 N/m at 20°C
	None	12.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: 2.7
		12.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): 1.061
1	C CLUBBIANO	12.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 169 Btu/lb = 94.1 cal/g = 3.94 X 10 <sup>b</sup> J/kg
	9. SHIPPING INFORMATION 9.1 Grades of Purity:	12.13 Heat of Combustion:17,460 Btu/lb =9698 cal/g =
	Industrial pure 99 + % Thiophene-free 99 + %	406.0 X 10 <sup>5</sup> J/kg 12.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent
	Nitration	12.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent 12.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not
	Reagent 99 + % 9.2 Storage Temperature: Open	pertinent 12.25 Heat of Fusion: 30.45 cal/g
1	9.3 Inert Atmosphere: No requirement	12.26 Limiting Value: Data not available
	9.4 Venting: Pressure-vacuum	12.27 Reid Vapor Pressure: 3.22 psia
l		

NOTES

BNZ

### **BENZENE**

12.17 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		12.18 LIQUID HEAT CAPAICTY		12.19 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		12.20 Liquid Viscosity	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit- inch per hour- square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165 170	55.330 55.140 54.960 54.770 54.580 54.400 54.210 54.030 53.840 53.660 53.470 53.290 53.100 52.920 52.730 52.540 52.360 52.170 51.990 51.600 51.620 51.430 51.250 51.060 50.870	45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100	.394 .396 .398 .400 .403 .405 .407 .409 .411 .414 .416 .418	75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120 125 130 135 140 145 150 155 160 165	.988 .981 .975 .969 .962 .956 .950 .944 .937 .931 .925 .919 .912 .906 .900 .893 .887 .881 .875	55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120	.724 .693 .665 .638 .612 .588 .566 .544 .524 .505 .487 .470 .453 .438

	12.21		12.22		12.23	12.24	
	SOLUBILITY IN WATER		SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		VAPOR DENSITY	IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature	Pounds per 100	Temperature	Pounds per	Temprature	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature	British thermal
(degrees F)	pounds of water	(degrees F)	square inch	(degrees F)		(degrees F)	unit per pound-F
77.02	.180	50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210	.881 1.171 1.535 1.989 2.547 3.227 4.049 5.033 6.201 7.577 9.187 11.060 13.220 15.700 18.520 21.740 25.360	50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210	.01258 .01639 .02109 .02681 .03371 .04196 .05172 .06317 .07652 .09194 .10960 .12980 .15270 .17850 .20750 .23970 .27560	0 25 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 225 250 275 300 325 350 375 400 425 450 475 500 525 550 575 600	.204 .219 .234 .248 .261 .275 .288 .301 .313 .325 .337 .349 .360 .371 .381 .392 .402 .412 .421 .431 .440 .449 .457 .465

### **ETHYLBENZENE**

Common Sympto	oms Liquid	Coloriess	Sweet, gasoline-like	Г		
Phenylethane EB	Floats on water.	Flammable, irritating va	por is produced.	6.1 6.2 6.3	6. FIRE HAZARDS Flesh Point: 80°F O.C.; 59°F. C.C. Flemmable Limits in Air: 1.0%-6.7% Fire Extinguishing Agents: Foam (most effective), water	10. HAZARD ASSESSMENT CODE (See Hazard Assessment Handbook) A-T-U
Wear goggi (includin Shut off igr Stop discha Stay upwin Isolate and	les, self-contained breath g gloves). nition sources and call fir arge if possible. Keep pe d and use water spray pe remove discharged mate I health and pollution con	ing apparatus, and rubber e department, ople away, , "knock down" vapor, rial,	overclothing	6.4 6.5	fog, carbon dioxide or dry chemical.  Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to be Used: Not pertinent Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Irritating vapors are generated when heated.	11. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS 11.1 Code of Federal Regulations: Flammable liquid. 11.2 NAS Hazard Rating for Bulk
Fire	Wear goggles, self-co overclothing (include	ignited in an enclosed are ntained breathing apparat ling gloves) nemical, foam, or carbon o tive on fire.	us and rubber	6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9 6.10	Data not available Stoichiometric Air to Fuel Ratio:	Water Transportation: Category Rating Fire Health Vapor Irritant 2 Liquid or Solid Irritant 2 Poisons 2 Water Pollution Human Toxicity 1 Aquatic Toxicity 3 Aeathetic Affect 2
Exposure	Move to fresh eir. If breathing has stopp If breathing is difficult LIQUID Will burn skin and eye Hermful if swellowed. Remove contaminated Flush affected areas v IF IN EYES, hold eyelic	s, and throat, sizziness and/or difficult be ed, give artificial respirate , give oxygen. ss. clothing and shoes, vith plenty of water, ds open and flush with ple	enty of water.	7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	Data not available Fleme Temperature: Data not available  7. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY Reactivity with Water: No reaction Reactivity with Common Materiels: No reaction Stability During Transport: Stable Neutralizing Agents for Acids and	Reactivity Other Chemicals . 1 Water . 00 11.3 NFPA Hazard Classification: Category Classification Health Hazard (Blue) . 2 Flammability (Red) . 3 Reactivity (Yellow) . 0
	Water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VON HARMFUL TO AQUAT Fouling to shoreline.	TIC LIFE IN VERY LOW C		7.5 7.6 7.7 7.8	Caustics: Not pertinent Polymerization: Not pertinent Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent Molar Ratio (Resotant to Product): Data not available Reactivity Group: 32	12. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES  12.1 Physical State at 15°C and 1 atm: Liquid 12.2 Molecular Weight: 106.17
(See Response Mechanica Should be	Mey be dangerous if i Notify local health and Notify operators of ne E TO DISCHARGE Methods Handbook) al containment removed and physical treatment	t enters water intakes.  I wildlife officials, arby water intakes.  2. LAI 2.1 Category: Flam 2.2 Class: 3		8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4	8. WATER POLLUTION  Aquatic Toxicity: 29 ppm/96 hr/ bluepil/TL_/fresh water Waterfow! Toxicity: Data not available Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): 2.8% (theor.), 5 days Food Concentration Potential:	12.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 277.2°F = 136.2°C = 409.4°K  12.4 Freezing Point:139°F =96.0°C = 178°K  12.5 Critical Temperature: 851.0°F = 343.9°C = 617.1°K  12.6 Critical Pressure: 523 psis = 36.6 atm = 3.61 MN/m²  12.7 Specific Gravity: 0.867 at 20°C (liquid) 12.8 Liquid Surface Tension: 29.2 dynes/cm = 0.0292 N/m at 20°C  12.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: 36.48 dynes/cm = 0.03648
3.1 CG Compati Hydrocarb 3.2 Formula: C 3.3 IMO/UN De 3.4 DOT ID No.	C6H5CH2CH3 Designation: 3,3/1175	4. OBSERVABLE CH 4.1 Physical State Liquid 4.2 Color: Colorles 4.3 Odor: Aromatic	(as shipped):		None	N/m at 20°C 12.10 Vapor (Ges) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent 12.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Ges): 1.071 12.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 144 Btu/lb = 80.1 cal/g = 3.35 X 10° J/kg 12.13 Heat of Combustion:17.780 Btu/lb = -9877 cal/g = -413.5 X 10° J/kg
6.2 Symptoms dizziness, d Irritates skir 5.3 Traament c keep him v give artific approval; promptly f attention; 5.4 Threshold L 5.5 Short Term 5.6 Toxicity by Late Toxicit 5.8 Vapor (Gas) personnel Liquid or So. 9 Liquid or So.	otective Equipment: Self Following Exposure: Inheression. Moderate irrit not may cause blisters. of Exposure: INHALATIC warm and quiet, and get ial respiration. INGESTIC material in lung may causiflush with plenty of water cemove and wash contarimit Velue: 100 ppm. Inhalation Limits: 200 p. Ingestion: Grade 2; LD5 ty: Data not available I tritant Cheracteristics: will find high concentratioid Irritant Cheracteristics:	HAZARDS  i-contained breathing apparallelation may cause irritation of eye with corneal atton of eye with corneal and the second of eye with corneal and the second of eye with corneal and the second of eye with the second of eye and the secon	in of nose, injury possible.  nove to fresh air, breathing stops, upon physician's SKIN AND EYES: et medical suse, irritation such that ct is temporary.	9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4	9. SHIPPING INFORMATION Grades of Purity: Research grade:99.98%; pure grade: 99.5%; technical grade; 99.0% Storage Temperature: Ambient Inert Atmosphere: No requirement Venting: Open (flame arrester) or pressure-vacuum.	12.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent 12.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent 12.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 12.16 Heat of Fusion: Data not available 12.26 Limiting Value: Data not available 12.27 Reid Vapor Pressure: 0.4 psia
5.10 Odor Thresi	hold: 140 ppm : 2,000 ppm	,			NOT	res

ETB

### **ETHYLBENZENE**

12.17 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		12.18 LIQUID HEAT CAPAICTY		12.19 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		12.20 Liquid Viscosity	
emperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit- inch per hour- square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210	54.990 54.680 54.370 54.060 53.750 53.430 53.120 52.610 52.500 52.190 51.870 51.560 51.250 50.940 50.620 50.310 50.000 49.690	40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210	.402 .404 .407 .409 .412 .414 .417 .419 .421 .426 .429 .431 .434 .436 .439 .441	-90 -80 -70 -60 -50 -40 -30 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130	1.065 1.056 1.047 1.037 1.028 1.018 1.009 1.000 .990 .981 .971 .962 .953 .943 .934 .924 .915 .906 .896 .887 .877 .868	40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210	.835 .774 .719 .670 .626 .586 .550 .518 .488 .461 .436 .414 .393 .374 .356 .340 .325 .311

	12.21 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		2.22 Apor Pressure	12.23 Saturated Vapor Density		12.24 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temprature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
68.02	.020	80 100 120 140 160 180 200 220 240 260 280 300 320 340 360 380	.202 .370 .644 1.071 1.713 2.643 3.953 5.747 8.147 11.290 15.320 20.410 26.730 34.460 43.800 54.950	80 100 120 140 160 180 200 220 240 260 280 300 320 340 360 380	.00370 .00654 .01099 .01767 .02734 .04087 .05926 .08363 .11520 .15510 .20490 .26570 .33910 .42620 .52850 .64720	- 400 - 350 - 300 - 250 - 200 - 150 - 100 - 50 0 50 100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500 550	007 .026 .060 .093 .125 .157 .187 .217 .246 .274 .301 .327 .353 .377 .401 .424 .446 .467 .487

### **TOLUENE**

Common Sympto	oms Watery liquid	Coloriess Pleasant odor		6. FIRE HAZARDS	10. HAZARD ASSESSMENT CODE
Toluol Methylbenzene Methylbenzol Stop disch	Floats on water.	Flammable, irritating vapor is produced.	6.1 6.2 6.3	Flesh Point: 40°F C.C.; 56°F. O.C. Flemmeble Limits in Air: 1.27%- 7% Fire Extinguishing Agents: Carbon dioxide or dry chemical	(See Hazard Assessment Handbook) A-T-U
Shut off ig Stay upwii Avoid cont Isolate and	nition sources and call fire and use water spray to act with liquid and vapor. I remove discharged mate I health and pollution con I health and I health I health and I health I health I health and I health I he	e department. "knock down" vapor. rial.	6.4 6.5	for small fires, ordinary foam for large fires. Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to be Used: Water may be ineffective. Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Not pertinent	11. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS 11.1 Code of Federal Regulations: Flammable liquid. 11.2 NAS Hazard Rating for Buik
Fire	Cook exposed containers with water.		hback along vapor trail may occur.  or may explode if ignited in an enclosed area.  or goggles and self-contained breathing apparatus.  nguish with dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide.  er may be ineffective on fire.  6.7 Ignition Temperature: 997°F  6.8 Estrical Hazard: Class I.		Water Trensportation: Category Ratin Fire Health Vapor Irritant Liquid or Solid Irritant Poisone Water Pollution Human Toxicity Aquatic Toxicity
Exposure	difficult breathing of Move to fresh air.  If breathing has stopp if breathing is difficult LIQUID Irritating to skin and a if swallowed, will out consciousness.  Remove contaminated Flush affected areas v	s, and throat. squeez, vomiting, headache, dizziness, or loss of consciousness. ed, give artificial respiration. , give oxygen.  yes. se neusea, vomiting, or loss of clothing and shoes.	7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	Stoichiometric Air to Fuel Ratio: Data not available. Fleme Temperature: Data not available.  7. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY Reactivity with Water: No reaction Reactivity with Common Materials: No reaction Stability During Transport: Stable Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustios: Not pertinent	Aesthetic Affect Reactivity Other Chemicals Water Self Reaction 11.3 NFPA Hezerd Clessification: Category Clessification Health Hazard (Blue) Flammability (Red) Reactivity (Yellow)
Water Pollution	IF SWALLOWED and water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VON  Dangerous to aquatic Fouling to shoreline.	wictim is CONSCIOUS, have victim drink  MITING.  life in high concentrations.  t enters water intakes.	7.5 7.8 7.7 7.8	Polymerization: Not pertinent Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent Molar Ratio (Reactant to Product): Data not available Reactivity Group: 32	12. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES  12.1 Physical State at 15°C and 1 atm: Liquid  12.2 Molecular Weight: 92.14  12.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 231.1°F = 110.8°C = 383.8°K  12.4 Freezing Point: -139°F = -95.0°C = 178.2°K
(See Response	SE TO DISCHARGE  Methods Hendbook) ing-high flammability rea	2. LABEL 2.1 Category: Flammable liquid 2.2 Class: 3	8.1 8.2 8.3	8. WATER POLLUTION  Aquatio Toxicity: 1180 mg/l/96 hr/sunfish/TLm/fresh water Waterfowl Toxicity: Data not available Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): 0%, 5 days; 38% (theor.), 8 days	= 318.6°C = 591.8°K  12.6°C ritical Pressure:
3.1 CG Compa Hydrocar 3.2 Formula: 6 3.3 IMO/UN D 3.4 DOT ID No	C6H5CH3 esignation: 3,2/1294	4. OBSERVABLE CHARACTERISTICS  4.1 Physical State (as shipped): Liquid Color: Colorless  4.3 Odor: Pungent, aromatic, benzene-like; distinct, pleasant	8.4	Food Concentration Potential: None	at 25°C 12.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent 12.11 Retio of Specific Heats of Va (Gas): 1.089 12.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 165 Btu/lb = 86.1 cal/g 3.61 X 10°J/kg 12.13 Heat of Combustion: -17.43 Btu/lb = 9866 cal/g = -4.0 X 10°J/kg
** ***	6. HEALTH	HAZARDS		9. SHIPPING INFORMATION	12.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not pertinent 12.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertine
plastic gl Symptoms cause diz and cause and rapid griping, d 6.3 Trestment respiratio vomiting; wipe off, 5.4 Threshold 6.5 Short Tem 6.6 Toxicity b 6.7 Late Toxic 6.8 Vapor (Gat or respirat temporar Liquid or S and allow	rotective Equipment: Air- oves. Following Exposure: Validiness, headache, anesthe es drying of skin. If aspiri, y developing pulmonary e- iarrhea, depressed respira of Exposure: INHALATIC n and oxygen if needed; co- call e doctor. EYES: illustrative and inhalation Limits: 600 pt Ingestion: Grade 2; LDS y: Kidney and liver dam. s) Irritant Characteristics: tory system if present in Iy.	supplied mask; goggles or face shield; pors irritate eyes and upper respiratory tract; sits, respiratory arrest. Liquid irritates eyes ated, causes coughing, gagging, distress, sidema. If ingested, causes vomiting, tion. It remove to fresh air, give artificial all a doctor. INGESTION: do NOT induce th with water for at least 16 min. SKIN: by pom for 30 min. 0 = 0.5 to 5 g/kg	9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4	9. SHIPPING INFORMATION  Grades of Purity: Research, reagent, intration-all 99.8 + %; industrial: contains 94 + %, with 5% sylene and small amounts of benzene end nonaromatic hydrocarbons; 90/120; less pure than industrial.  Storage Temperature: Ambient Inert Atmosphere: No requirement Vending: Open (flame arrester) or pressure-vacuum.	12.16 Heat of Solution: Not pertine 12.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 12.25 Heat of Fusion: 17.17 cal/g 12.26 Limiting Value: Data not available 12.27 Reid Vapor Pressura: 1.1 psid
GUOI IN/83	3: 2,000 ppm		ı	NO.	TES

TOL

### **TOLUENE**

12.17 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY		12.18 LIQUID HEAT CAPAICTY		12.19 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		12.20 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit- inch per hour- square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise
-30 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120	57.180 56.870 56.550 56.240 55.930 55.620 55.310 54.990 54.680 54.370 54.060 53.750 53.430 53.120 52.810 52.500	0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110	.396 .397 .399 .400 .402 .403 .404 .406 .407 .409 .410 .411 .413 .414 .415 .417 .418 .420 .421 .422 .424 .425 .427 .428	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210	1.026 1.015 1.005 .994 .983 .972 .962 .951 .940 .929 .919 .908 .897 .886 .876 .865 .854 .843 .833 .822 .811	0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95	1.024 .978 .935 .894 .857 .821 .788 .757 .727 .700 .673 .649 .625 .603 .582 .562 .544 .526 .509

12.21 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		12.22 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE			12.23 VAPOR DENSITY	12.24 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temprature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
68.02	.050	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210	.038 .057 .084 .121 .172 .241 .331 .449 .600 .792 1.033 1.332 1.700 2.148 2.690 3.338 4.109 5.018 6.083 7.323 8.758 10.410	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210	.00070 .00103 .00150 .00212 .00296 .00405 .00547 .00727 .00954 .01237 .01584 .02007 .02518 .03127 .03850 .04700 .05691 .06840 .08162 .09675 .11400	0 25 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 225 250 275 300 325 350 375 400 425 450 475 500 525 550 575 600	.228 .241 .255 .268 .281 .294 .306 .319 .331 .343 .355 .367 .378 .389 .400 .411 .422 .432 .443 .453 .462 .472 .482 .491 .500

## p-XYLENE

Common Sympton	ns Watery liquid	Colorless Sweet odor			
1,4-Dimethylbenzer Xylol Stop discher	Floats on water. Freezing point is	Flammable, irritating vapor is produced. 58°F.	6.1 6.2 6.3	6. FIRE HAZARDS  Flash Point: 81°F C.C. Flemmable Limits in Air: 1.1%-6.6% Fire Extinguishing Agents: Foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide.	10. HAZARD ASSESSMENT CODE (See Hazard Assessment Handbook) A-T-U
Call fire department Avoid contails and re-	artment. ct with liquid and vapor. emove discharged mate health and pollution con	rial.	6.6	Fire Extinguishing Agents Not to be Used: Water may be ineffective. Special Hazards of Combustion Products: Not pertinent Behavior In Fire: Vapor is heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash	11. HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS 11.1 Code of Federal Regulations: Flammable liquid 11.2 NAS Hazard Rating for Bulk Water Transportation:
Fire	Wear self-contained b	ignited in an enclosed area. reathing apparatus. dry chemical, or carbon dioxide. ive on fire.	6.7 6.8 6.9 6.10 6.11	Data not available Stoichiometric Air to Fuel Ratio: Data not available Flame Temperature: Data not	Category Rating Fire 3 Health Vapor Irritant 1 Liquid or Solid Irritant 1 Poisons 2 Water Pollution Human Toxicity 1 Aquatic Toxicity 3 Aesthetic Affect 2
Exposure	consciousness. Move to fresh air, If breathing has stopp. If breathing is difficult UQUD Irritating to skin end e If swallowed, will cau- Remove contaminated Flush affected areas v IF IN EYES, hold eyelid	s, and throat.  dizziness, difficult breathing, or loss of selections of selections, give artificial respiration.  generally selections of consciousness of control of selections of sel	7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	7. CHEMICAL REACTIVITY Resolvity with Water: No reaction Resolvity with Common Materials: No reaction Stability During Transport: Stable Neutralizing Agents for Acids and Caustics: Not pertinent	Reactivity Other Chemicals
Water Pollution	Water or milk. DO NOT INDUCE VON HARMFUL TO AQUAT Fouling to shoreline. May be dangerous if it	IC LIFE IN VERY LOW CONCENTRATIONS.	7.5 7.6 7.7 7.8	Polymerization: Not pertinent Inhibitor of Polymerization: Not pertinent pertinent Molar Ratio [Reactant to Product]: Data not available Reactivity Group: 32	12. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES  12.1 Physical State at 15°C and 1 atm: Liquid  12.2 Molecular Weight: 106.16  12.3 Boiling Point at 1 atm: 280.9°F = 138.3°C = 411.5°C  12.4 Freezing Point: 55.9°F =
1. RESPONSE (See Response & Issue wernin Evacuate are Should be re			8.1 8.2 8.3	8. WATER POLLUTION  Aquatic Toxicity: 22 ppm/96/hr/ bluegill/TL_/fresh water Waterfowl Toxicity: Data not available Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD): 0 lb/lb in 6 days	13.3°C = 286.5°K 12.6 Critical Temperature: 649.4°F = 343.0°C = 616.2°K 12.6 Critical Pressure: 509.4 atm = 34.65 psia = 3.510 MN/m² 12.7 Specific Gravity: 0.861 at 20°C (liquid) 12.8 Liquid Surface Tension: 28.3 dynes/cm = 0.0283 N/m at 20°C 12.9 Liquid Water Interfacial Tension: 37.8 dynes/cm = 0.0378 N/m
3.1 CG Compati Hydrocarbo 3.2 Formula: p- 3.3 IMO/UN Des 3.4 DOT ID No.:	C6H4(CH3)2 ignation: 3.2/1307	4. OBSERVABLE CHARACTERISTICS 4.1 Physical State (as shipped): Liquid 4.2 Color: Colorless 4.3 Odor: Like benzene; characteristic aromatic	8.4	Food Concentration Potential: Data not available	at 20°C  12.10 Vapor (Gas) Specific Gravity: Not pertinent  12.11 Ratio of Specific Heats of Vapor (Gas): 1.071  12.12 Latent Heat of Vaporization: 150 Btu/lb = 81 cal/g = 3.4 × 10° J/kg  12.13 Heat of Combustion: -17,559 Btu/lb = -9754.7 cal/g = -406.41 × 10° J/kg  12.14 Heat of Decomposition: Not
or face shield or face shield or face	tective Equipment: App d; plastic gloves and bot following Exposure: Vag- sa and skin. If taken into developing pulmonary er ramps, headache, and con occur. If Exposure: INHALATIO and oxygen if required; a all a doctor. EYES: flust e off, wash with soap ar mit Value: 100 ppm inhalation Limits: 300 p ngestion: Grade 3; LD5; It Kidney and liver dams trittant Characteristics: ry system if present in h	nors cause headache and dizziness. Liquid blungs, causes severe coughing, distress, dema. If ingested, causes nausea, oma. Can be fatal. Kidney and liver N: remove to fresh air; administer artificial call a doctor. INGESTION: do NOT induce to with water for at least 15 min. di water.  pm for 30 min.  0 = 50 to 500 mg/kg	9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4	9. SHIPPING INFORMATION  Grades of Purity: Research: 99.9%; Pure: 99.8%; Technical: 99.0% Storage Temperature: Ambient Inert Atmosphere: No requirement Venting: Open (flame arrester) or pressure-vacuum	pertinent 12.15 Heat of Solution: Not pertinent 12.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 12.16 Heat of Polymerization: Not pertinent 12.25 Heat of Fusion: 37.63 cal/g 12.26 Limiting Value: Data not available 12.27 Reid Vapor Pressure: 0.34 psia
and allower	d to remain, may cause : old: 0.05 ppm	marting and reddening of the skin.		NOT	ES

XLP

### p-XYLENE

12.17 SATURATED LIQUID DENSITY			12.18 LIQUID HEAT CAPAICTY		12.19 LIQUID THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY		12.20 LIQUID VISCOSITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit- inch per hour- square foot-F	Temperature (degrees F)	Centipoise	
60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120	53.970 53.830 53.690 53.410 53.270 53.140 53.000 52.860 52.720 52.580 52.440 52.300	60 70 80 90 100 1110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 290 210 220 230 240 250 250 260 270 280	.412 .418 .424 .429 .435 .440 .446 .451 .457 .462 .468 .474 .479 .485 .490 .496 .501 .507 .512 .518 .524 .529	60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95	.935 .928 .921 .914 .907 .900 .892 .885 .878	60 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100 105 110 115 120	.678 .654 .631 .610 .590 .571 .552 .535 .519 .503 .488 .474	

12.21 SOLUBILITY IN WATER		12.22 SATURATED VAPOR PRESSURE		i e	12.23 VAPOR DENSITY	12.24 IDEAL GAS HEAT CAPACITY	
Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per 100 pounds of water	Temperature (degrees F)	Pounds per square inch	Temprature (degrees F)	Pounds per cubic foot	Temperature (degrees F)	British thermal unit per pound-F
	<b>N</b> S O L U B L E	60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260	.096 .135 .187 .255 .343 .456 .599 .777 .998 1.270 1.600 1.998 2.475 3.041 3.710 4.493 5.407 6.465 7.683 9.080 10.670	60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 230 240 250 260	.00183 .00252 .00343 .00459 .00607 .00792 .01022 .01303 .01646 .02059 .02553 .03138 .03826 .04629 .05561 .06636 .07867 .09270 .10860 .12650	0 25 50 75 100 125 150 175 200 225 250 275 360 375 400 425 450 475 500 525 550 575 600	.246 .259 .272 .285 .297 .309 .321 .333 .345 .357 .368 .380 .391 .402 .413 .424 .435 .445 .456 .466 .476 .486 .486

#### 5.0 SITE CONTROL

- <u>5.1 ZONATION</u>. Due to the nature of the work (multiple soil borings and monitoring well sampling throughout the study area) and the properties of the potential chemicals found onsite, typical exclusion, contamination reduction, and support zones are not necessary or practical at the site. Therefore, where appropriate, a floating exclusion zone in the perimeter of the sampling site will be established to eliminate access to the area by individuals not working on the project or involved in the assessment work. The perimeter will be at least 20 feet in radius and moved accordingly as the assessment points are moved.
- <u>5.2 COMMUNICATIONS</u>. When radio communication is not used, the following air horn signals will be employed:

```
HELP three short blasts ( . . . )

EVACUATION three long blasts ( _ _ _ )

ALL CLEAR alternating long and short blasts ( . .)
```

- <u>5.3 WORK PRACTICES</u>. General work practices to be used during ABB-ES projects are described in Chapter 9.0 of the CLEAN HASP. Work at the site will be conducted according to these established protocols and guidelines for the safety and health of all involved. Specific work practices necessary for this project or those that are of significant concern are described below:
  - · Work and sampling will be conducted in Level D clothing and equipment.
  - While working in a boat or wading in a stream, all personnel will wear a life vest.

#### 6.0 DECONTAMINATION AND DISPOSAL

All personnel and/or equipment leaving contaminated areas of the site will be subject to decontamination, which will take place in the contamination reduction zone. General decontamination practices used during ABB-ES projects are described in Chapter 13.0 of the CLEAN HASP.

- 6.1 PERSONNEL DECONTAMINATION. All personnel leaving the study area are subject to decontamination (as necessary). The decontamination procedure required will be determined by the nature and level of contamination found at the sites. At a minimum, site personnel will remove loose soil from boots and clothing before leaving the site. More thorough decontamination procedures will be observed as dictated by site conditions. These procedures are described in Chapter 13.0 of the CLEAN HASP.
- 6.1.1 Small Equipment Decontamination Small equipment will be protected from contamination as much as possible by keeping the equipment covered when at the site and placing the equipment on plastic sheeting, not on the ground. Sampling equipment used at the site will be used only once or will be field cleaned between samples with soapy water (Alconox), rinsed with clean water, rinsed with an approved quality assurance/quality control solvent, and final rinsed with organic-free water.
- 6.1.2 Heavy Equipment Decontamination Drilling equipment will be protected from contamination as much as possible by placing the equipment on plastic sheeting, not on the ground. The drill rig and associated drilling equipment will be cleaned with high-pressure water or high-pressure steam followed by a soap and water wash and rinse. Loose material will be removed by brush. The person performing this activity will be at the level of protection used during the field investigation.
- <u>6.2 COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF DECONTAMINATION PRODUCTS</u>. All disposable protective gear, decontamination fluids (for both personnel and equipment), and other disposable materials will be disposed of at the site. Decontamination fluids (e.g., isopropanol from split spoons and groundwater sampling pumps) will be stored in amber glass bottles. Disposable materials (e.g., gloves and Tyveks $^{\mathtt{M}}$ ) will be bagged and disposed of properly.

#### 7.0 EMERGENCY AND CONTINGENCY PLANNING

This section identifies emergency and contingency planning that has been undertaken for operations at this site. Most sections of the CLEAN HASP provide information that would be used under emergency conditions. General emergency planning information is addressed in Chapter 14.0 of the CLEAN HASP. The following sections present site-specific emergency and contingency planning information.

- 7.1 PERSONNEL ROLES, LINES OF AUTHORITY, AND COMMUNICATIONS. The site HSO or the health and safety designee is the primary authority for directing operations at the site under emergency conditions. All communications both onsite and offsite will be directed through the HSO or designee.
- <u>7.2 EVACUATION</u>. Evacuation procedures at the site will follow those procedures discussed in Chapter 14.5 of the CLEAN HASP for upwind withdrawal, site evacuation, and evacuation of the surrounding area. Evacuation from the base will be conducted by travelling to the Avenue A gate or the main gate at Avenue D and exiting the base onto 103rd Street (County Road 29).
- 7.3 EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT AND FIRST AID. Any personnel injured onsite will be rendered first aid as appropriate and transported to competent medical facilities for further examination and/or treatment. The preferred method of transport would be through professional emergency transportation means; however, when this is not readily available or would result in excessive delay, other transport will be authorized. Under no circumstances will injured persons transport themselves to a medical facility for emergency treatment.

#### 8.0 ADMINISTRATION

8.1 PERSONNEL AUTHORIZED DOWNRANGE. Personnel authorized to participate in downrange activities at this site have been reviewed and certified for site operations by the PM and the HSS. Certification involves the completion of appropriate training, a medical examination, and a review of this site-specific HASP. All persons entering the site must use the buddy system and check in with the site manager and/or HSO before going downrange.

CERTIFIED ABB ENVIRONMENTAL TEAM PERSONNEL:

\*+ Rao Angara

\*+ Jim Williams

\*+ Eric Blomberg

\*+ Randy Holloway

\*+ Maria Pijnenburg

\*+ Jeffrey Tarr

\*+ Joe Ullo

OTHER CERTIFIED PERSONNEL:

<sup>\*</sup> FIRST-AID-TRAINED

<sup>+</sup> CPR-TRAINED

8.2 HASP APPROVALS. By their signatures, the will be used for the protection of the health this site.	
Health and Safety Officer	Date
Project Manager	Date
Health and Safety Manager/Supervisor  8.3 FIELD TEAM REVIEW. I have read and information in the HASP. I understand the in requirements of the HASP.	
NAME:	
DATE:	
SITE/PROJECT:	

the back of this sheet. Name: Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Home Telephone: Area Code ( \_\_\_)\_\_\_\_ Height: \_\_\_\_\_ Weight: \_\_\_\_\_ Age: In case of emergency, contact: Address: Telephone: Area Code ( ) Do you wear contact lenses? Yes ( ) No ( ) Allergies: List medication(s) taken regularly: \_\_\_\_\_ Particular sensitivities: Previous/current medical conditions or exposures to hazardous chemicals: Name of personal physician: Telephone: Area Code (\_\_\_\_)

8.4 MEDICAL DATA SHEET. This Medical Data Sheet will be completed by all onsite personnel and kept in the support zone during site operations. It is not a substitute for the Medical Surveillance Program requirements consistent with the CLEAN HASP. This data sheet will accompany any personnel when medical assistance or transport to hospital facilities is required. If more space is required, use

#### 8.5 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

(On base) Security	(904) 778-5381
(On base) Rescue	(904) 778-5212
Primary Hospital (St. Vincent's Hospital)	(904) 387-7395
Alternate Hospital (Riverside Hospital)	(904) 387-7070
Base Fire Department	(904) 778-5333
Poison Control Center	(800) 962-1253
National Response Center	(800) 424-8802
Regional USEPA Emergency Response	(800) 414-8802
Site HSO: <u>Jeff Tarr</u>	(904) 779-0077
General Site Supervisor: <u>Eric Blomberg</u>	(904) 656-1293
Project Manager: Rao Angara	(904) 656-1293
ABB Environmental HSM: <u>C.E. Sundquist</u>	(207) 775-5401 x 101

**8.6 ROUTES TO EMERGENCY MEDICAL FACILITIES**. The primary source of medical assistance for the site is the following:

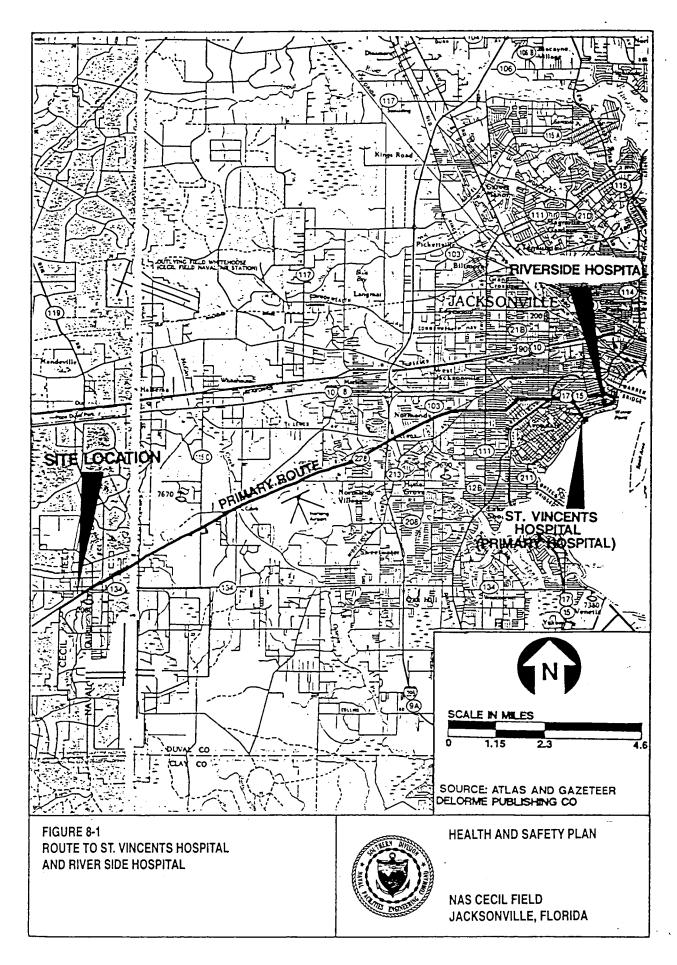
St. Vincent's Hospital 1800 Barrs Road Jacksonville, Florida

<u>DIRECTIONS TO PRIMARY HOSPITAL</u>: Exit NAS Cecil Field via the main gate and travel northeast on Highway 228 approximately 12.5 miles to Barrs Road; turn right; travel 0.05 mile on Barrs Road. The hospital is on the right side of the road (see Figure 8-1).

The alternate source of medical assistance for the site is the following:

Riverside Hospital 2033 Riverside Avenue Jacksonville, Florida

<u>DIRECTIONS TO ALTERNATE HOSPITAL</u>: Exit NAS Cecil Field via the main gate and travel northeast on Highway 228 approximately 13 miles to Margaret Street; turn right; travel 0.03 mile on Margaret Street. The hospital is on the right side of the street (see Figure 8-1).



#### REFERENCE

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. 1997. Base Realignment and Closure Tank Management Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, Charleston, South Carolina (January).

# **NEW DOCUMENT**



May 12, 1997

Commanding Officer
Souther Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command
1255 Eagle Drive
North Charleston, SC 29418

Attention: Mr. Bryan Kizer, Code 1842

Subject:

Contamination Assessment Plan

Base Family Housing and 22 Miscellaneous Tank Sites

NAS Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/139

Dear Bryan:

Attached please find two copies of the Contamination Assessment Plan (CAP) for the Base Family Housing and the 22 Miscellaneous tank sites located at Naval Air Station (NAS) Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. The health and safety plan has been included as an attachment to the CAP. Two copies of the subject document have also been provided to Mr. Dave Kruzicki, NAS Cecil Field.

If you have any questions or comments please call me at 904-656-1293 (x 314). Thank you.

Very truly yours,

ABB ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

Task Order Manager

cc: David Kruzicki, NASCF

File



# **NEW DOCUMENT**

# CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING REPORT QUARTERS J, TANK QUARTERS J BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE

### UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK AND ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK GREY SITES

### NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

**Unit Identification Code: N60200** 

Contract No.: N62467-89-D-0317/139

#### Prepared by:

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. 2590 Executive Center Circle, East Tallahassee, Florida 32301

#### Prepared for:

Department of the Navy, Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command 2155 Eagle Drive North Charleston, South Carolina 29418

Bryan Kizer, Code 1842, Engineer-in-Charge

March 1998



### CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICAL DATA CONFORMITY (MAY 1987)

The Contractor, ABB Environmental Services, Inc., hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/139 are complete and accurate and comply with all requirements of this contract.

DATE:	March	ı 5,	1998	

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Rao Angara

Task Order Manager

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Eric A. Blomberg, P.G. Project Technical Lead

(DFAR 252.227-7036)

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#### GLOSSARY

ABB-ES ABB Environmental Services, Inc.

FAC Florida Administrative Code

ISI Innovative Services International, Inc.

UST underground storage tank

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES), under contract to the Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, has completed the confirmatory sampling for the Quarters J tank at Naval Air Station Cecil Field in Jacksonville, Florida. This report summarizes the related field operations, results, conclusions, and recommendations of the confirmatory sampling.

The Quarters J tank was an underground storage tank (UST) located on the east side of Quarters J, a house for junior officers (Figure 1). The UST, which was installed in 1955, had a 350-gallon capacity and was used to store fuel oil for onsite heating (ABB-ES, 1997). The Quarters J tank was removed by Innovative Services International, Inc. (ISI), on May 30, 1995. A closure assessment report (Appendix A) was prepared for the Quarters J tank and submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (ISI, 1995). The closure assessment report indicated that groundwater analytical results (toluene at 180 micrograms per liter) were above State target levels. To assess the current groundwater quality at Quarters J, a contamination assessment plan was prepared by ABB-ES in November 1996 (ABB-ES, 1996).

#### 2.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

The confirmatory sampling at Quarters J was initiated in July 1997 and included

- · the installation of one shallow groundwater monitoring well, and
- · collection and analysis of one groundwater sample.

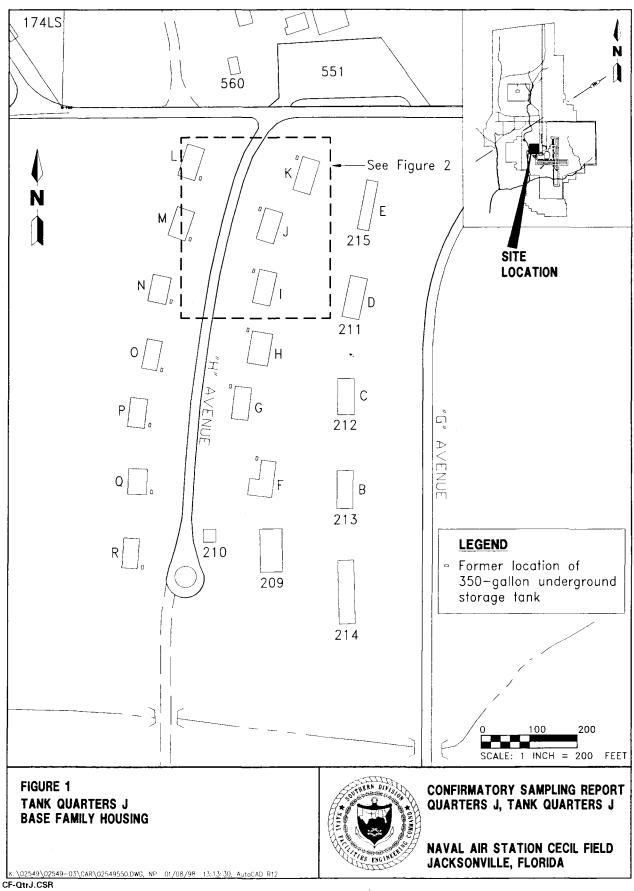
One monitoring well, CEF-J-1S, was installed at the former UST location to a depth of 15 feet below land surface. One groundwater sample was collected on August 7, 1997, and analyzed for the Kerosene Analytical Group parameters. A general site plan indicating the location of monitoring well CEF-J-1S is presented on Figure 2. The monitoring well installation detail is included in Appendix B.

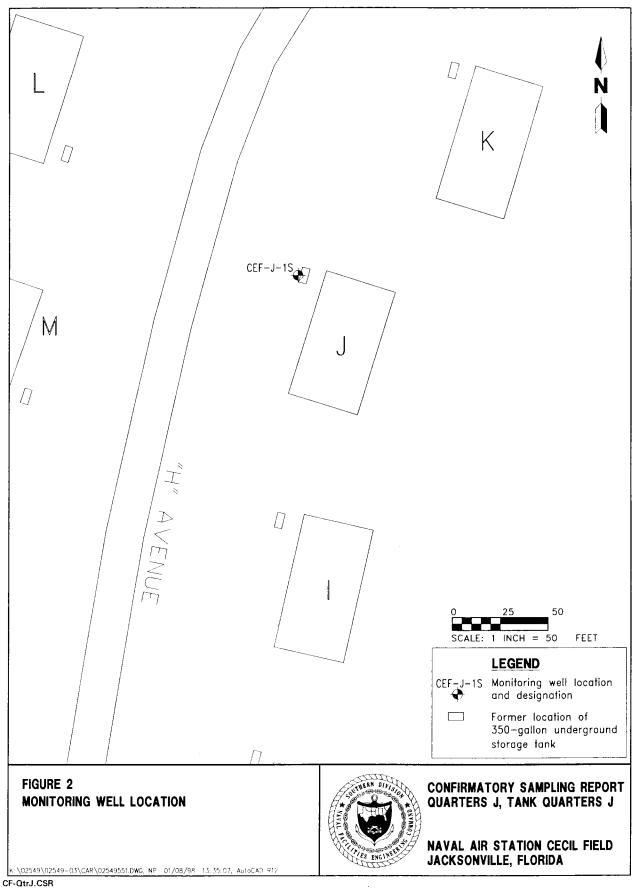
#### 3.0 SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS

No contaminants were detected in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well CEF-J-lS. Analytical results from the closure assessment and the confirmatory sampling event are summarized in Table 2. The complete analytical data set is presented in Appendix C.

#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

No contaminants were detected in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well CEF-J-lS. Therefore, no further action is recommended for the Quarters J tank site.





### Table 1 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Detections

Confirmatory Sampling Report Quarters J, Tank Quarters J Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Monitorin	g Wells	Groundwater Cleanup Target										
ISI Temporary Well	CEF-J-1S	Levels <sup>1</sup>										
Volatile Organic Aromatics (USEPA Method 601/602) (µg/ℓ)												
180	ND	40										
Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (USEPA Method 610) (µg/ℓ)												
carbons (TRPH) (FL-PR	<u>O)</u> (mg/ <b>£</b> )											
0.553	ND	5										
<u>Lead (USEPA Method 239.2)</u> (μg/t)												
153	ND	15										
	ISI Temporary Well  Method 601/602) (µg/ 180  (USEPA Method 610)  carbons (TRPH) (FL-PRO 0.553	Method 601/602) (μg/ℓ)  180 ND (USEPA Method 610) (μg/ℓ)  carbons (TRPH) (FL-PRO) (mg/ℓ)  0.553 ND										

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code.

Notes: Groundwater samples were collected by ISI on June 26, 1995, and by ABB Environmental Services, Inc., on August 7, 1997.

TRPH was analyzed by USEPA Method 418.1 during the 1995 sampling event.

ISI = Innovative Services International, Inc.

USEPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

 $\mu g/\ell$  = micrograms per liter.

ND = compound not detected.

FL-PRO = Florida-Petroleum Residual Organic.

mg/l = milligrams per liter.

#### REFERENCES

- ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES). 1996. Contamination Assessment Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM), North Charleston, South Carolina (November).
- ABB-ES. 1997. Base Realignment and Closure Tank Management Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM, North Charleston, South Carolina (January).
- Innovative Services International, Inc. 1995. Closure Report for Underground Storage Tank Removals, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida.

# APPENDIX A CLOSURE ASSESSMENT REPORT



### Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bidg. ● 2600 Blair Sione Road ● Taliahassee, Florida 32.199-24(R)

OLA **** . 17-761.60(40)	
In La Courte Assessment from	
Seems ton Concerner 10 1990	
Ot h surrous s	- <del>-</del>
demining the Office	

### Closure Assessment Form

Owners of storage tank systems that are replacing, removing or closing in place storage tanks shall use this form to demonstrate that a storag system closure assessment was performed in accordance with Rule 17-761 or 17-762. Florida Administrative Code. Eligible Early Delection Incertive (EDI) and Reimbursement Program sites do not have to perform a closure assessment.

### Please Print or Type Complete All Applicable Blanks

•		
1	. Date: July	10, 1995
2	. DER Facility ID I	Number: N/A 3. County: Duval
4	. Facility Name:	Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Officer Housing Unit "J"
5	. Facility Owner: _	U.S. Navy
6	i. Facility Address:	Naval Air Station - Cecil Field
		Naval Air Station - Cecil Field
		per: () 9. Facility Operator:
		Tank(s): (Circle one or both) A. Aboveground or XX Underground
11	. Type of Product(	s) Slored: #2 Heating Oil
12	. Were the Tank(s)	: (Circle one) A. Replaced XIII. Removed C. Closed in Place D. Upgraded (aboveground tanks only
		s Closed: One (1) 14. Age of Tanks: Unknown
		Facility Assessment Information
	Not	
Ye	s No Applicable	
		Is the facility participating in the Florida Petroleum Liability Insurance and Restoration Program (FPLIRP)?
		Was a Discharge Reporting Form submitted to the Department?  If yes, When: Where:
$\sum$	<u> </u>	3. Is the depth to ground water less than 20 leef?
		4. Are monitoring wells present around the storage system?
۲		It yes, specify type: Water monitoring Wapor monitoring  5. Is there free product present in the monitoring wells or within the excavation?
		6. Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 500 parts per million for gasoline?
_	- <b></b>	Specify sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells Soil sample(s)
L		7. Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 50 parts per million for diesel/kerosens
Σ		Specify sample type:  Vapor Monitoring wells  Soil sample(s)  8. Were the analytical laboratory results of the ground water sample(s) greater than the allowable state target level
 		(See target levels on reverse side of this form and supply laboratory data sheets)
<b>'</b>		9. If a used oil storage system, did a visual inspection detect any discolored soil indicating a release?
ב		<ul> <li>10. Are any potable wells located within ¼ of a mile radius of the facility?</li> <li>11. Is there a surface water body within ¼ mile radius of the site? If yes, indicate distance:</li> </ul>

مرس سے سام	(1,800s)	
	American Form	-
famou (and Dates	-now 10 1990	
DER Approximen No.		- -
	House in the DE	A.

12. A detailed drawing or sketch of the facility that includes the storage system location, monitoring wells, buildings, storm drains, sample locations. and dispenser locations must accompany this lorm.

- 13. If a facility has a pollutant storage tank system that has both gasoline and kerosene/diesel stored on site, both EPA Method 602 and EPA Method 610 must be performed on the ground water samples obtained.
- 14. Amount of soils removed and receipt of proper disposal.
- 15. If yes is answered to any one of questions 5-9, a Discharge Reporting Form 17-761-900(1) indicating a suspected release shall be submitted to the Department within one working day.
- 16. A copy of this form and any attachments must be submitted to the Department's district office in your area and to the locally administered program office under contract with the Department within 60 days of completion of tank removal or filling a tank with an inert material.

Signature of Owner Date Professional Geologist

Title of Person Performing Assessment

State Ground Water Target Levels That Affect A Pollutant Storage Tank System Closure Assessment

State ground water target levels are as follows:

- 1. For gasoline (EPA Method 602):
  - a. Benzene

1 ug/l

b. Total VOA

50 ug/l

- Benzene
- Toluene
- Total Xylenes
- Ethylbenzene
- c. Methyl Test-Buryl

50 ua/1

Etner (MTBE)

2. For kerosene/desel (EPA Method 610):

a. Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHS) (Best achievable detection limit, 10 ug/l maximum)



### Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bidg. ● 2600 Blair Stone Road ● Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

	17-761.900(5)
form Tex	Underground Storage Tank Installation & Removal Form for Cerulad Contractors
_	December 10, 1990
DER Acuse	augo No

# Underground Storage Tank Installation and Removal Form For Certified Contractors

Pollutant Storage System Specialty Contractors as defined in Section 489.113, Florida Statutes (Certified contractors as defined in Section 17-761.200, Florida Administrative Code) shall use this form to certify that the installation, replacement or removal of the storage tank system(s) located at the address listed below was performed in accordance with Department Reference Standards.

Ge	eneral Facility Information	
1.	DER Facility Identification No.: N/A	
	Facility Name: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Enlist Telephone: ()	
3.	Street Address (physical location): Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Housing Unit "3"	<del></del>
	Owner Name: U.S. Navy Telephone: ()	
5.	Owner Address: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field	
6.	Number of Tanks: a. Installed at this time b. Removed at this time	
7.	Tank(s) Manufactured by: Unknown	
	Date Work Initiated: 5/30/95 9. Date Work Completed: 4/2/95	
Ų	derground Pollutant Tank Installation Checklist	
Plea	ase certify the completion of the following installation requirements by placing an (X) in the appropriate box.	
1.	The tanks and piping are corrosion resistant and approved for use by State and Federal Laws.	
2.	Excavation, backfill and compaction completed in accordance with NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 30(87), API (American Petroleum Institute) 1615, PEI (Petroleum Equipment Institute) RP100-87 and the manufacturers' specifications.	
3.	Tanks and piping pretested and installed in accordance with NFPA 30(87), API 1615, PEI/RP100(87) and the manufacturers' specifications.	
4.	Steel tanks and piping are cathodically protected in accordance with NFPA 30(87), API 1632, UL (Underwriters Laboratory) 1746, STI (Steel Tank Institute) R892-89 and the manufacturer's specifications.	
5.	Tanks and piping tested for tightness after installation in accordance with NFPA 30(87) and PEI/RP100-87.	
6.	Monitoring well(s) or other leak detection devices installed and tested in accordance with Section 17-761.640, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)	
7.	Spill and overfill protection devices installed in accordance with Section 17-761.500, F.A.C.	
8.	Secondary containment installed for tanks and piping as applicable in accordance with Section 17-761.500, F.A.C.	
Ple	ase Note: The numbers following the abbreviations (e.g. API 1615) are publication or specification numbers issued by these instul	tutions.
ł <sub>e</sub>	nderground Pollutant Tank Removal Checklist	
	Closure assessment performed in accordance with Section 17-761.800, F.A.C.	$\boxtimes$
	Underground tank removed and disposed of as specified in API 1604 in acordance with Section 17-761,800, F.A.C.	$\boxtimes$

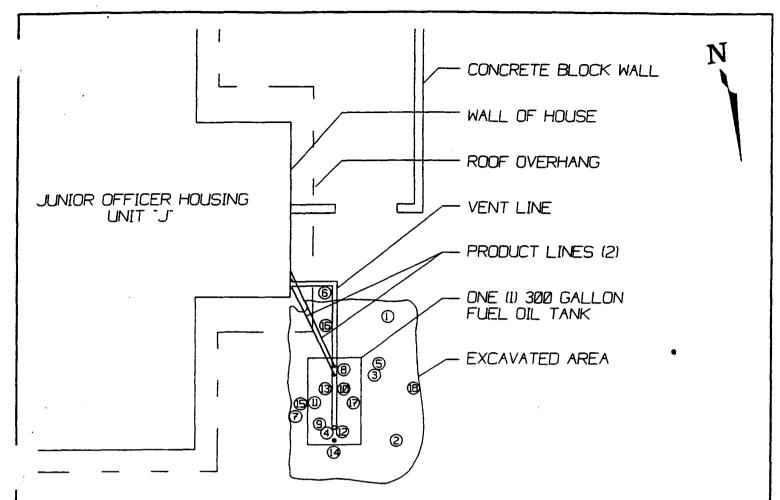
DER form	17-701-6035
form lac	United pround Sepage Years in Resident & Removed Form to Centre Contractors
Electro Da	December 10, 1990
DER Acces	and No
	Feet in by DER

#### Certification

I hereby certify and attest that I am familiar with the facility that is registered with the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation; that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the tank installation, replacement or removal at this facility was conducted in accordance with Chapter 489 and Section 376.303, Florida Statutes and Chapter 17-761, Florida Administrative Code (and its adopted reference sources from publications and standards of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), the American Petroleum Institute (API), the National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE), American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM); Petroleum Equipment Institute (PEI); Steel Tank Institute (STI); Underwriters Laboratory (UL); and the tank and integral piping manufacturers' specifications; and that the operations on the checklist were performed accordingly.

PCC 05495-2
PSSSC Number
7-12-55
Date
7-12-95
Date
w w
7-12-95
Date

The owner or operator of the facility must register the tanks with the Department at least 10 days before the installation. The installer must submit this form no more than 30 days after the completion of installation to the Department of Environmental Regulation at the address printed at the top of page one.



SCALE (Ft.):

0 1 2 3 4 5

① SAMPLE LOCATION

SAMPLE #	HC	DEPTH	TIME (Collected/Read)	SAMPLE #	HC	DEPTH	TIME (Collected/Read)
123456789	1.1 1.4 0.7 2.6 0.4 10.5 6.4 16.5 1.1	1.5 4 1.5 0.5 1.5 1 1.5 1.5	9:26/9:35 9:27/9:35 9:30/9:35 9:31/9:36 9:40/9:45 9:40/9:46 9:57/10:02 10:12/10:16 10:18/10:21	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	11.1 11.1 0.7 49.2 2.9 0.0 3.9 19.2 2.3	25 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	10:19/10:22 10:37/10:40 10:37/10:40 10:56/11:03 10:56/11:05 10:57/11:05 10:57/11:07 10:58/11:07

ALL SAMPLES ANALYZED WITH A THERMO ENVIRONMENTAL INSTRUMENTS MODEL 5808 PHOTOIONIZATION DETECTOR



INNOVATIVE SERVICES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

### SITE PLAN

JUNIOR OFFICER HOUSING UNIT "J"

NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

### Geos inc.

ANALYTICAL LABORATORY & CORPORATE OFFICES (904) 786-8340 1057 NORTH ELLIS ROAD, SUITE 17 (800) 770-4367 (GEOS) JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA 32254-2249 FAX: (904) 786-7/

GEOLOGICAL, ENVIRONMENTAL AND OCEANOGRAPHIC SCIENCES, INC.

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALTY LABORATORY 5909A BRECKENRIDGE PARKWAY TAMPA, FLORIDA 33610-4237

(813) 626-0101 FAX: (813) 626-0746

ISI100014396

Attn: RON BOARDMAN

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 1 6 Jul 1995

Report J5-06-239-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Sample Description:

CECIL FIELD OFFICER HOUSING/ CECIL FIELD N.A.S.

TEMP. WELL @ JR. OFFICER UNIT "J"

GROUNDWATER

SAMPLE ID.: JO-J-6-95

COLLECTED: 06/26/95 14:34

RECEIVED: 06/26/95
COLLECTED BY: S. VOCKELL

Parameter	Resul t	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed /	Analyst
Job: TEMP_W TEMP. WELL ANAL	YSIS						
Hydrocarbons, Total IR	0.553	ng/L	418.1	0.200	06/29/95	06/29/95	AM
Lead, Total	0.153	mg/L	239.2	0.025	06/29/95	07/05/95	JC
Polynuclear Aromatics			625\8270				
Naph tha lene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Acenaphthylene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
1-Methylnaphthalene	BOL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
2-Methylnaphthalene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT ·
Acenaph thene	80L	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Fluorene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Phenanthrene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Anthracene	<b>80</b> L	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Fluoranthene	BOL	μg/L		10 <sup>-</sup>	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Pyrene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Benzo(a)anthracene	BOL	<b>⊭g/</b> L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Chrysene	BOL	<b>⊭g/</b> L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	TA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	<b>B</b> DL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Benzo(a)pyrene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	BOL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	BOL	μg/L		10	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	BOL	μg/L		10`	06/29/95	06/30/95	AT
Surrogates							
Nitrobenzene-d5	99	Min: 35	Max:	114			
2-Fluorobiphenyl	81	Min: 43	Max:	116			-
4-Terphenyl-d14	89	Min: 33	Max:	141	*		
Volatile Aromatics			602				
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	BDL	μg/L		5.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Benzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Toluene	180	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD -
Ethyl benzene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD

ISI100014396 Attn: RON BOARDMAN

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 2 6 Jul 1995 Report J5-06-239-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed Analyst
Xylene, Total	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Chlorobenzene	BDL	#g/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	80L	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BOL	<b>µg/</b> L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Surrogates						
Bromobenzene	102	Min: 70	Max:	: 130		
Volatile Halocarbons			601			
Dichlorodifluoromethane	BDL	<b>#g/</b> L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 MD
Chloromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Bromomethane	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Vinyl chloride	<b>80</b> L	#g/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Chloroethane	SDL	<b>µg/</b> L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Methylene chloride	BOL	µg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 MD
Trichlorofluoromethane	BDL	#g/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 MD ·
1,1-Dichloroethene	BOL	<sup>™</sup> g/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	BOL	<b>µg/</b> L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
total-1,2-Dichloroethene	SOL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Chloroform	BOL	<b>#g/</b> L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
1,2-Dichlorethane	BDL	<b>µg/</b> L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 MD
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	BDL	µg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Carbon tetrachloride	BOL	#9/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Bromodichloromethane	BOL	<b>#g/</b> L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 MD
1,2-Dichloropropane	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Trichloroethene	BOL	#g/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Dibromochloromethane	BOL	#g/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	BOL	#g/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 MD
Bromoform	80L	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	BOL	µg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Tetrachloroethene	BOL	#g/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Chlorobenzene	BDL	#g/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND .
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 HD

ISI100014396 Attn: RON BOARDMAN

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215

Page 3 6 Jul 1995 Report J5-06-239-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units	Nethod	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed Analyst
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 HD
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95 ND
Surrogates						
. Bromobenzene	101	Min: 70	Max: 1	30		

Lotte Manulon for Karen Foreman, Laboratory Director

Karen Josephan

CHAIN OF CU Geos<sub>inc.</sub>

RECORD

□ 1057 N. ELLIS ROAD, SUITE 17, JACKSONVILLE, FL 32254-2249 • (904) 786-8340
 □ 5909A BRECKENRIDGE PARKWAY, TAMPA, FL 33610-4237 • (813) 626-0101

ADDRESS:  P. O. Box 050016  Cecil Field  Cacksonille, F/ 32216  PHONE:  778-2904  CONTACT:  R. Board Man  TURN AROUND TIME OF RESULTS DUE BY:	PROJECT NAME:  Cet   Field  P. O. NUMBER / PROJECT NUMBER  PROJECT LOCATION:  Cet   Field  SAMPLED BY:  SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:				
STANDARD   VERBAL   FAX   Thrharm   HARD COPY   SAMPLE   SAMPLE	72 hour Tur		3 1 1		
30-3-6-95 Grandwater J. O. Uni	f J 6/26	1434 GW		X	
* GWGroundwater SWSurface Water DWDri	nking Water WWWaste	water SO—Solid/So	II SL—Sludge	) HW—Hazard	dous Waste A—Air
FIELD PARAMETERS / COMMENTS:		1 Septiminary 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u></u>	ACCEPTED BY:	DATE TIME

# APPENDIX B MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION DETAIL

PROJECT: NAS Cecil Field BRAC US	ST Site LOG of	WELL: CEF-J-1S		BOR	ING NO. CEF-J-1S	
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGE	M PROJECT NO: 8571-03	DATE STARTED: 7-	-17-97	CON	PLETED: 7-17-97	
DRILLING SUBCONTRACTOR: Allian	ce	SITE: Quarter J (H	ousing)	MON	ITOR INST. FID	
METHOD: 8.25" ID HSA	WELL CASE DIAN.: 2"	SCREEN INT.: 5-15	FT.	SCRE	EN SLOT SIZE:	
TOC ELEVATION: FT. NGVD	GROUND ELEY.: FT. NGVD	NORTHING:		EAS	TING:	
WELL DEVELOP. DATE: 8-7-97	TOTAL DEPTH: 18 FT. BLS	<b>DEPTH TO</b> ¥ 7.00 F	T. BLS	LOGO	SED BY: R Holloway	
DEPTH FT. SAMPLE INTERVAL RECOVERY HEADSPACE (DDM)	SOIL/ROCK DESCRI AND COMMENT		LITHOLOGIC SYMBOL	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA
- 0	SILTY SAND: Light gray, fine to very fine grain	, subangular to subrounded.		SM	posthale	17.7.7.7
	SILTY SAND: As above.				posthale	
5 NA 83	SILTY SAND: Dark gray, fine to very fine grain,	subangular to subrounded.			post hale	
-						1
10————————————————————————————————————	SILTY SAND: Light brown, fine to very fine grain oxide staining.	n, slightly clayey, some iron			post hole	
15—						
20—	PAGE 1 of	IMWIS ABB	ENVIRON	JMEN	TAL SERVICES.	TNC

# APPENDIX C GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL DATA

#### NAS CECIL FIELD -- BRAC UST GREY BASE FAMILY HOUSING GROUNDWATER -- ANALYTICAL DATA -- QTRS J -- REPORT NO. 9541

Lab Sample Number: Site

B7H0801410 BRACGREY

Locator Collect Date: CEF-J-1S 07-AUG-97

ANTOE MONT ONITS OF	VALUE	QUAL	UNITS	DL
---------------------	-------	------	-------	----

ACGREY ANAYLTICAL PARAMETERS		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1 U ug/L 1	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1 U ug/t 1	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1 U ug/L 1	
1.1-Dichloroethane	1 U ug/L 1	
1,1-Dîchloroethene	1 U ug/L 1	
1,2-Dichlörobenzene	1 U ug/L 1	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1 U ug/L 1	
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	1 U ug/L 1	
1.2-Dichloroethane	1 U ug/L 1	
1,2-Dichloropropane	1 U ug/L 1	
1-Methylnaphthalene	2 U ug/L 2	
2-Methylnaphthalene	2 U ug/L 2	
Acenaph thene	2 U ug/L 2	
Acenaphthylene	2 U ug/L 2	
Anthracene Anthracene	2 U ug/L 2	
Benzene	1 U ug/L 1	
Benzo (a) anthracene	.1 U ug/L .1	
Benzo (a) pyrene	.1 U ug/L .1	
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	.1 U ug/L .1	
Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	.2 U ug/L .2	
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	.15 U ug/L .15	
Bromodichloromethane	1 U ug/t 1	
Bromoform	1 U ug/L 1	
romomethane	1 U ug/L 1	
Carbon tetrachloride	1 U ug/L 1	
Chlorobenzene	1 U ug/L 1	
Chloromethane	1 U ug/L 1	
Chloroform	1 U ug/L 1	
Chloromethane	1 U ug/L 1	
Chrysene	.1 U ug/L .1	
)ibenzo (a,h) anthracene	.2 U ug/L .2	
ibromochloromethane	1 U ug/L 1	
oichlorodifluoromethane	1 U ug/L 1	
thylbenzene	1 U ug/L 1	
thylene dibromide	.02 U ug/L .02	
luoranthene	.2 U ug/L .2	
luorene	2 U ug/L 2	
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	.1 U ug/L .1	
ead	5 U ug/L 5	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1 U ug/L 1	
lethylene chioride	5 U ug/L 5	
laphthalene	2 U ug/L 2	
Phenanthrene	2 U ug/L 2 2 U ug/L 2	
Yrene	.2 U ug/L .2	
etrachloroethene	1 U ug/L 1	
oluene	1 U ug/L 1	
otal petroleum hydrocarbons	.5 U mg/L .5	
richloroethene	1 U ug/L 1	
Frichlorofluoromethane	1 Ŭ ug/L 1	
Vinyl chloride	1 U ug/L 1	
		그 그 그 그는 그는 그는 그는 그는 그를 모르는 것이 없는 것이다.
	### 전 : 성기는 발생님이는 기를 보고하여 사이지를 하게 하다.	

#### NAS CECIL FIELD -- BRAC UST GREY BASE FAMILY HOUSING GROUNDWATER -- ANALYTICAL DATA -- QTRS J -- REPORT NO. 9541

Lab Sample Number:

Site

B7H0801410

Locator

BRACGREY CEF-J-1S

Collect Date:

07-AUG-97

VALUE QUAL UNITS

DL

Xylenes (total)		
	1 U ug/L	
	1 U ua/L	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		
	2000 mass 1 mass 2 - 150 a a con-	
	- 131 - 134 <b>1. U</b> erteka <b>ua/L</b> e zake, 1997	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1 U ug/L	

U = NOT DETECTED J = ESTIMATED VALUE
UJ = REPORTED QUANTITATION LIMIT IS QUALIFIED AS ESTIMATED
R = RESULT IS REJECTED AND UNUSABLE

# **NEW DOCUMENT**

# CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING REPORT QUARTERS H, TANK QUARTERS H BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE

# UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK AND ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK GREY SITES

# NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Unit Identification Code: N60200

Contract No.: N62467-89-D-0317/139

### Prepared by:

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. 2590 Executive Center Circle, East Tallahassee, Florida 32301

### Prepared for:

Department of the Navy, Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command 2155 Eagle Drive North Charleston, South Carolina 29418

Bryan Kizer, Code 1842, Engineer-in-Charge

March 1998



### CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICAL DATA CONFORMITY (MAY 1987)

The Contractor, ABB Environmental Services, Inc., hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/139 are complete and accurate and comply with all requirements of this contract.

DATE: _	<u>March</u>	5,	1998	
---------	--------------	----	------	--

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Rao Angara

Task Order Manager

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Eric A. Blomberg, P.G. Project Technical Lead

(DFAR 252.227-7036)

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Confirmatory Sampling Report Quarters H, Tank Quarters H Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Chapt	ter	T	<u>itl</u>	.е		 			 		 	 		Page	No.
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2.0	FIELD INVESTIGATION														1
3.0	SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS														1
4.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS							•	•						1
REFE	RENCES														
APPEN	NDIX														

Appendix A: Closure Assessment Report

### LIST OF FIGURES

Confirmatory Sampling Report Quarters H, Tank Quarters H Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

<u>Fi</u>	gure Title	Page	No.
1	Tank Quarters H, Base Family Housing		2
2	Soil Boring Location		3

### LIST OF TABLES

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1	Soil Screening Results	4
2	Summary of Groundwater Analytical Detections	5

### GLOSSARY

ABB-ES ABB Environmental Services, Inc.

ISI Innovative Services International, Inc.

OVA organic vapor analyzer

UST underground storage tank

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES), under contract to the Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, has completed the confirmatory sampling for the Quarters H tank site, Naval Air Station Cecil Field in Jacksonville, Florida. This report summarizes the related field operations, results, conclusions, and recommendations of the confirmatory sampling.

The Quarters H tank was an underground storage tank (UST) located on the east side of Quarters H, a house for junior officers (Figure 1). The UST, which was installed in 1955, had a 350-gallon capacity and was used to store fuel oil for onsite heating (ABB-ES, 1997). The Quarters H tank was removed by Innovative Services International, Inc. (ISI), on June 1, 1995. A closure assessment report (Appendix A) was prepared for the Quarters H tank and submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (ISI, 1995). The closure assessment report indicated that excessively contaminated soil was present at the site but did not indicate whether or not the excessively contaminated soil was removed. Therefore, to evaluate the current soil conditions, the petroleum subcommittee (selected by the Naval Air Station Cecil Field partnering team) identified locations for soil screening. A contamination assessment plan for the Tank Quarters H site was prepared by ABB-ES in November 1996 (ABB-ES, 1996).

#### 2.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

The confirmatory sampling at Quarters H was initiated in June 1997 and included

· the advancement of one soil boring to the water table.

Soil samples were collected at depth intervals of 1 foot below land surface and every 2 feet thereafter to the water table. These samples were screened for hydrocarbon vapors with an organic vapor analyzer (OVA). The soil boring location is presented on Figure 2.

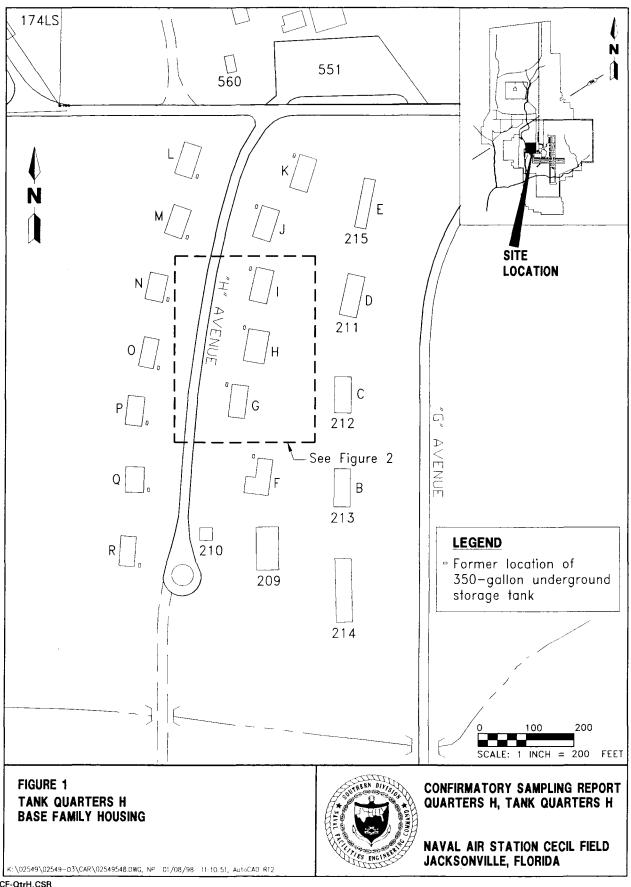
#### 3.0 SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS

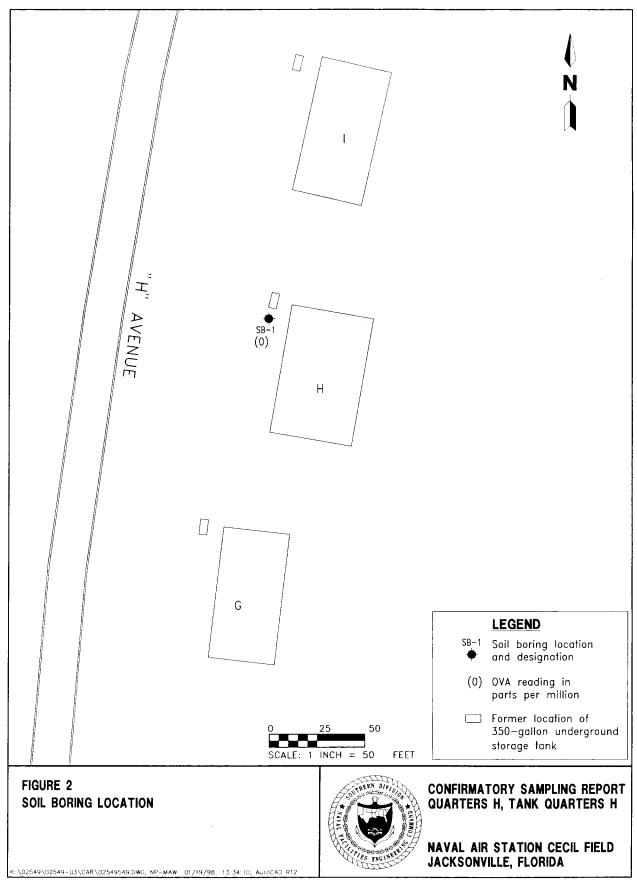
Excessively contaminated soil was not detected in soil samples collected from the unsaturated zone during the confirmatory sampling. The soil OVA data are summarized in Table 1 and presented in Figure 2.

Groundwater analytical results from the closure assessment are summarized in Table 2.

### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Data obtained during the confirmatory sampling at the Quarters H tank site does not indicate the presence of contaminated soil. During the closure assessment, lead was detected in groundwater at concentrations exceeding cleanup target levels; however, lead is not a component of fuel oil, and elevated levels may be





# Table 1 Soil Screening Results

Confirmatory Sampling Report Quarters H, Tank Quarters H Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

	OVA Concentration (ppm)							
Location	Depth (feet bls)	Unfiltered	Filtered	Actual				
SB-1	1	0	_	0				
	3	0		0				
	4.5 (wet)	0		0				

Notes: All soil samples were collected on June 16, 1997.

Soil samples were filtered with carbon to determine the methane concentration.

OVA = organic vapor analyzer.

ppm = parts per million.

bls = below land surface.

-- = filtered readings were not collected.

wet = soil sample was completely saturated when analyzed.

## Table 2 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Detections

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building H, Tank Quarters H Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Compound

ISI Closure Assessment Temporary Well Groundwater Cleanup Target Levels<sup>1</sup>

Volatile Organic Aromatics (USEPA Method 601/602) (µg/l)

No compounds detected.

Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (USEPA Method 610) (μg/ℓ)

No compounds detected.

Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TRPH) (USEPA Method 418.1) (mg/t)

TRPH

0.31

5

Lead (USEPA Method 239.2) (µg/l)

Lead

34

15

Notes: Groundwater samples were collected on June 26, 1995, by ISI during the closure assessment.

ISI = Innovative Services International, Inc.

USEPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

 $\mu g/\ell = \text{micrograms per liter.}$ 

 $mg/\ell$  = milligrams per liter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code.

the result of turbidity in the sample. No other contaminants were detected above regulatory standards specified in Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code in the groundwater sample collected during the closure assessment (ISI, 1995). Therefore, no further action is recommended for the Quarters H tank site.

#### REFERENCES

- ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES). 1996. Contamination Assessment Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM), North Charleston, South Carolina (November).
- ABB-ES. 1997. Base Realignment and Closure Tank Management Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM, North Charleston, South Carolina (January).
- Innovative Services International, Inc. 1995. Closure Report for Underground Storage Tank Removals, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida.

# APPENDIX A CLOSURE ASSESSMENT REPORT



### Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bldg. ● 2600 Blair Storic Road ● Tallahassee, Florida 32599-24(R)

: : Os fe desen d	17-761.6Gao	
•	Cours Assessment From	
•	Cucamer 10 1990	
		· ·
	of most on the DEHs	

### Closure Assessment Form

Owners of storage tank systems that are replacing, removing or closing in place storage tanks shall use this form to demonstrate that a storage system closure assesment was performed in accordance with Rule 17-761 or 17-762. Florida Administrative Code. Eligible Early Detection Incentive (EDI) and Reimbursement Program sites do not have to perform a closure assessment.

### Please Print or Type Complete All Applicable Blanks

1.	Date: July	10, 1995
2.	DER Facility ID N	umber: N/A 3. County: Duval
4.		Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Officer Housing Unit "H"
5.	Facility Owner:	U.S. Navy
6.	Facility Address:	Naval Air Station - Cecil Field
7.	-Mailing Address:	N 1 41 6 41 7 11
٤	Telephone Numb	er: ()9. Facility Operator: U.S. Navy
	Are the Storage 1	Tank(s): (Circle one or both) A. Aboveground or XIX Underground
11.	Type of Product(s	S) Stored:#2_Heating Oil
	Were the Tank(s):	
13.	Number of Tanks	Closed: One (1) 14. Age of Tanks: Unknown
		Facility Assessment Information
	Not	
Yes	No Applicable	
		1. Is the facility participating in the Florida Petroleum Liability Insurance and Restoration Program (FPLIRP)?
Ш		2. Was a Discharge Reporting Form submitted to the Department?
X		Il yes, When: Where:
		3. Is the depth to ground water less than 20 leet? 4. Are monitoring wells present around the storage system?
		If yes, specify type: Water monitoring Vapor monitoring
Ц		5. Is there free product present in the monitoring wells or within the excavation?
		6. Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 500 parts per million for gasoline?
$\boxtimes$		Specify sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells Soil sample(s)  7. Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 50 parts per million for diesel/kerosene?
_		Specify sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells Soil sample(s)
` <b>-</b>		8. Were the analytical laboratory results of the ground water sample(s) greater than the allowable state target levels' (See target levels on reverse side of this form and supply laboratory data sheets)
		9. If a used oil storage system, did a visual inspection detect any discolored soil indicating a release?
		10. Are any potable wells located within 1/4 of a mile radius of the facility?
	<u> 1</u>	11. Is there a surface water body within 1/4 mile radius of the site? If yes, indicate distance:

ا	000 000 00000
~.	form Ton Change Assessment Form
	6 (m. December 10 1000
	DER Apprende No.
	If mad in the DERs

- A detailed drawing or sketch of the facility that includes the storage system location, monitoring wells, buildings, storm drains, sample location, and dispenser locations must accompany this form.
- 13. If a facility has a pollutant storage tank system that has both gasoline and kerosene/diesel stored on site, both EPA Method 602 and EPA Method 600 must be performed on the ground water samples obtained.
- 14. Amount of soils removed and receipt of proper disposal.
- 15. If yes is answered to any one of questions 5-9, a Discharge Reporting Form 17-761.900(1) indicating a suspected release shall be submitted to the Department within one working day.
- 16. A copy of this form and any attachments must be submitted to the Department's district office in your area and to the locally administered program office under contract with the Department within 60 days of completion of tank removal or fitting a tank with an inert material.

Signature of Owner Date

| Signature of Person Performing Assessment Date

| Professional Geologist | Professional Geolog

Title of Person Performing Assessment

State Ground Water Target Levels That Affect A Pollutant Storage Tank System Closure Assessment

State ground water target levels are as follows:

- 1. For gasoline (EPA Method 602):
  - a. Benzene

1 ug/

- b Total VOA
- 50 ug/l
- Benzene
- Toluene
- Total Xylenes
- Ethylbenzene
- c. Methyl Test-Butyl Etner (MTBE)

50 ug/l

- 2. For kerosene/desel (EPA Method 610):
  - Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHS)
     (Best achievable detection limit, 10 ug/l maximum)



# Florida Department of Environmental Regulation Twin Towers Office Bldg. • 2600 Blair Stone Road • Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

~ -	17-761.900(5)
fam lac	incorpround Storage Tank Installation & terriorial Form for Centerd Contraction
	December 10, 1990
DER Acces	non his
	(Feed in by DER)

Underground Storage Tank Installation and Removal Form For Certified Contractors

Pollutant Storage System Specialty Contractors as defined in Section 489.113, Florida Statutes (Certified contractors as defined in Section 17-761.200, Florida Administrative Code) shall use this form to certify that the installation, replacement or removal of the storage tank system(s) located at the address listed below was performed in accordance with Department Reference Standards.

at t	t the address listed below was performed in accordance with Department Reference Standards.							
G٤	eneral Facility Information							
1.	DER Facility Identification No.:N/A							
2.	Facility Name: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Telephone: ()							
3.	Street Address (physical location): Naval Air Station - Cecil Field flouring Unit "H"							
4.	Owner Name: U.S. Navy Telephone: ()							
5.	Owner Address: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field							
	Number of Tanks: a. Installed at this time b. Removed at this time  Tank(s) Manufactured by:Unknown							
••	Date Work Initiated: 6/1/95 9. Date Work Completed: 6/2/95							
J Un	derground Pollutant Tank Installation Checklist							
	ase certify the completion of the following installation requirements by placing an (X) in the appropriate box.							
	The tanks and piping are corrosion resistant and approved for use by State and Federal Laws.							
	Excavation, backfill and compaction completed in accordance with NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 30(87), API (American Petroleum Institute) 1615, PEI (Petroleum Equipment Institute) RP100-87 and the manufacturers' specifications.							
3.	Tanks and piping pretested and installed in accordance with NFPA 30(87), API 1615, PEI/RP100(87) and the manufacturers' specifications.							
4.	Steel tanks and piping are cathodically protected in accordance with NFPA 30(87), API 1632, UL (Underwriters Laboratory) 1746, STI (Steel Tank Institute) R892-89 and the manufacturer's specifications.							
5.	Tanks and piping tested for tightness after installation in accordance with NFPA 30(87) and PEI/RP100-87.							
6.	Monitoring well(s) or other leak detection devices installed and tested in accordance with Section 17-761.640. Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)							
<b>7</b> .	Spill and overfill protection devices installed in accordance with Section 17-761.500, F.A.C.							
8.	Secondary containment installed for tanks and piping as applicable in accordance with Section 17-761.500, F.A.C.							
Ple	ase Note: The numbers following the abbreviations (e.g. API 1615) are publication or specification numbers issued by these instuti	utions.						
Ur	nderground Pollutant Tank Removal Checklist							
	Closure assessment performed in accordance with Section 17-761.800, F.A.C.	$\boxtimes$						
	Underground tank removed and disposed of as specified in API 1604 in acordance with Section 17-761.800, F.A.C.	$\boxtimes$						

DLH rum a 17-761940(5)
Underproved Service Services on & from Ser. Hemory Form for Certified Contractors

Basenin Date. December 10, 1990

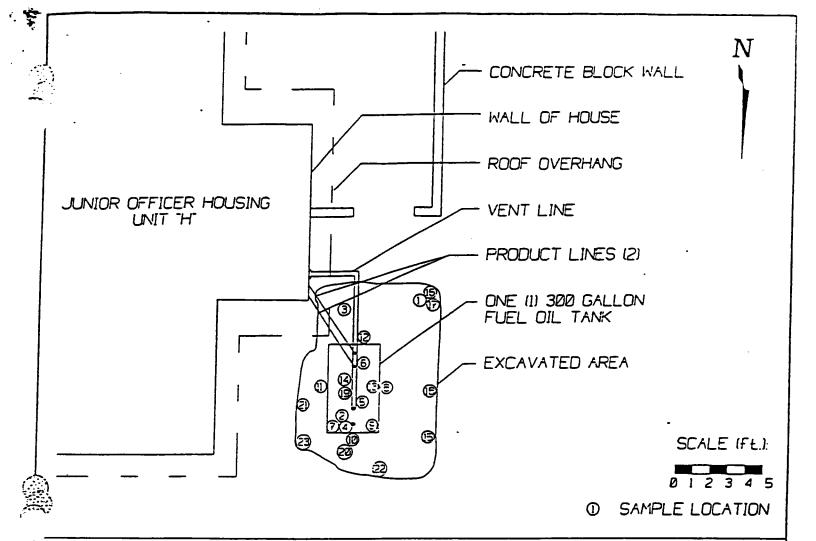
CCR Assessor No. Fred in by DER)

### Certification

I hereby certify and attest that I am familiar with the facility that is registered with the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation; that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the tank installation, replacement or removal at this facility was conducted in accordance; with Chapter 489 and Section 376303, Florida Statutes and Chapter 17-761, Florida Administrative Code (and its adopted reference sources from publications and standards of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), the American Petroleum Institute (API), the National Association of Corresion Engineers (NACE), American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM); Petroleum Equipment Institute (PEI); Steel Tank Institute (STI); Underwriters Laboratory (UL); and the tank and integral piping manufacturers' specifications; and that the operations on the checklist were performed accordingly.

Roland Boardman	PCC 054952
(Type or Print) Certified Pollutant Tank Contractor Name Pollutant Storage System Specialty Contractor License Number (PSSSC)	PSSSC Number
All Sul	7-12-95
Centified Tank Contractor Signature	Date
VERNON MCKINNON.	7-12-95
(Type or Print) Field Supervisor Name	Date
Vernon Nelhui	7-12-95
Field Supervisor Signature	Daie

The owner or operator of the facility must register the tanks with the Department at least 10 days before the installation. The installer must submit this form no more than 30 days after the completion of installation to the Department of Environmental Regulation at the address printed at the top of page one.



SAMPLE =	HC	DEPTH	TIME Collected/Read)	SAMPLE =	HC	DEPTH	TIME Collected/Re <b>od</b> l
1 234567891112	00 11 11 12 00 836 61 45 45	1 0 1 0 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5	9-22/9-33 9-23/9-34 9-26/9-34 9-26/9-34 9-41/9-45 9-42/9-46 9-47/9-50 9-48/9-51 10-45/10-55 10-46/10-55	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	88.6 34.7 12.1 0.4 2.9 37.0 71.9 56.8 2.0 0.1	555566666666	10.47/10.56 10.47/10.57 10.48/10.57 10.49/10.58 11.33/11.38 11.33/11.39 11.34/11.40 11.50/11.55 11.50/11.56 12.00/12.05

ALL SAMPLES ANALYZED WITH A THERMO ENVIRONMENTAL INSTRUMENTS MODEL 5808 PHOTOIONIZATION DETECTOR



INNOVATIVE SERVICES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

### SITE PLAN

JUNIOR OFFICER HOUSING UNIT "H"

NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE. FLORIDA

### Geos inc.

ANALYTICAL LABORATORY & CORPORATE OFFICES (904) 786-8340
1057 NORTH ELLIS ROAD, SUITE 17 (800) 770-4367 (GF
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA 32254-2249 FAX: (904) 786-

GEOLOGICAL, ENVIRONMENTAL AND OCEANOGRAPHIC SCIENCES, INC.

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALTY LABORATORY 5909A BRECKENRIDGE PARKWAY TAMPA, FLORIDA 33610-4237

(813) 626-0101 FAX: (813) 626-0746

ISI100014396

Attn: RON BOARDMAN

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 1 6 Jul 1995

Report J5-06-237-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Sample Description:

CECIL FIELD OFFICER HOUSING/ CECIL FIELD N.A.S.

TEMP. WELL & JR. OFFICER UNIT "H"

GROUNDWATER

SAMPLE ID.: JO-H-6-95 COLLECTED: 06/26/95 14:07 RECEIVED: 06/26/95 COLLECTED BY: S. VOCKELL

Parameter	Result Units Method Det. Lim		imit	Extracted	Analyzed Analyst				
Job: TEMP_W TEMP. WELL ANALYS	iis								
Hydrocarbons, Total IR	0.310		mg/L	418.1	0	.200	06/29/95	06/29/95	AM
Lead, Total	0.034		mg/L	239.2	0	.005	06/29/95	07/05/95	1C
Polynuclear Aromatics				625\8270					
Naphthalene	BDL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Acenaphthylene	BOL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
1-Methylnaphthalene	BOL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
2-Methylnaphthalene	BOL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Acenaphthene	BOL		µg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Fluorene	<b>BO</b> L		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Phenanthrene	BOL	7:	μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Anthracene	BDL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Fluoranthene	8DL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Pyrene	BDL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Benzo(a)anthracene	BDL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Chrysene	BOL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	<b>80</b> L		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	BDL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Benzo(a)pyrene	BDL		µg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	BOL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	<b>BD</b> L		µg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	BDL		μg/L			10	06/28/95	06/29/95	AT
Surrogates									
Ni trobenzene-d5	80	"Min: 35		Max	: 114				
2-Fluorobiphenyl	73	Min: 43	•	Max	: 116				
4-Terphenyl-d14	74	Min: 33	•	Max	: 141				
Volatile Aromatics				602					
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	BOL		μg/L	_		5.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Benzene	BDL		#9/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD.
Totuene	BDL		µg/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Ethyl benzene	BDL		#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD

ISI100014396 Attn: RON BOARDMAN

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 2 6 Jul 1995 Report J5-06-237-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det.	Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Xylene, Total	BOL	<b>⊭g/</b> L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD .
Chlorobenzene	BOL	<b>µg</b> /L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BOL	<b>#g/</b> L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
. 1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Surrogates								
Bromobenzene	105	Min: 70	Max	: 130				
Volatile Halocarbons			601					
Dichlorodifluoromethane	BDL	μg/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Chloromethane	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Bromomethane	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Vinyl chloride	BDL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Chloroethane	BOL	<b>µg/</b> L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Methylene chloride	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Trichlorofluoromethane	BDL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD <sub>.</sub>
1,1-Dichloroethene	BDL	, #g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
1,1-Dichloroethane	<b>8</b> 0L	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
total-1,2-Dichloroethene	BDL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Chloroform	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	HD
1,2-Dichlorethane	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Carbon tetrachloride	BOL	μg/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Bromodichloromethane	BDL	µg/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
1,2-Dichloropropane	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	BOL	µg/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Trichloroethene	BOL	μg/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Dibromochloromethane	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	BOL	μg/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	BOL	μg/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Bromoform	BOL	μg/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	BDL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Tetrachloroethene	BOL	#g/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Chlorobenzene	SDL	μg/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	BOL	#9/L			1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD

IS1100014396 Attn: RON BOARDMAN

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215

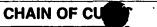
Page 3 6 Jul 1995 Report J5-06-237-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	#g/L		1.0	06/27/95	06/27/95	MD
Surrogates							
Bromobenzene	104	Min: 70	Max:	130			

Karen Foreman, Laboratory Director

Kaun Jouman

_		
G	eos Inc.	



RECORD

☐ 1057 N. ELLIS ROAD, SUITE 17, JACKSONVILLE, FL 32254-2249 • (904) 786-8340 5909A BRECKENRIDGE PARKWAY, TAMPA, FL 33610-4237 • (813) 626-0101 CLIENT NAME: PROJECT NAME: P.O. NUMBER / PROJECT NUMBER ISI P.O. Box 050016

Cect | Field

Jackson ville, F/ 32215

PHONE: FAX:

778-2909 PROJECT LOCATION: Ceal Field

SAMPLED BY:

5. Vockell TURN AROUND TIME or RESULTS DUE BY: C VERBAL ☐ STANDARD 72 hour Turnaround RUSH 72 hr DFAX O OTHER\_ ☐ HARD COPY\_ **GW**—Groundwater SW-Surface Water **DW—Drinking Water** WW-Wastewater SO-Solld/Soil SL--Sludge HW--Hazardous Waste A-Air FIELD PARAMETERS / COMMENTS: TRANSFERS RELINQUISHED BY: 2

# **NEW DOCUMENT**

### CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING REPORT

### **BUILDING 402, TANK 402**

### BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE

# UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK AND ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK GREY SITES

# NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Unit Identification Code: N60200

Contract No.: N62467-89-D-0317/139

### Prepared by:

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. 2590 Executive Center Circle, East Tallahassee, Florida 32301

### Prepared for:

Department of the Navy, Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command 2155 Eagle Drive North Charleston, South Carolina 29418

Bryan Kizer, Code 1842, Engineer-in-Charge

March 1998



DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ March 5, 1998

### CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICAL DATA CONFORMITY (MAY 1987)

The Contractor, ABB Environmental Services, Inc., hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/139 are complete and accurate and comply with all requirements of this contract.

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL: Rao Angara

Task Order Manager

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL: Eric A. Blomberg, P.G. Project Technical Lead

(DFAR 252.227-7036)

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 402, Tank 402 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Chapt	ter	Title	Page No	
1.0	INTRODUCTION		•	1
2.0	FIELD INVESTIGATION			1
3.0	SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS			1
4.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS			1
	RENCES NDICES			
Ap	opendix A: Closure Assessment Rep opendix B: Monitoring Well Instal opendix C: Groundwater Analytical	lation Detail		

### LIST OF FIGURES

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 402, Tank 402 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

<u>Figur</u>	:e	Title	<u> </u>								Page	No.
2 1	Tank 402, Base Family Housing . Monitoring Well Location Tank 402, Base Family Housing . Monitoring Well Location		 									2 3 2 3
<b>Table</b>	Summary of Groundwater Analytica	Title		i or	า ๔			 _			Page	<u>No.</u>

### GLOSSARY

ABB-ES ABB Environmental Services, Inc.

ISI Innovative Services International, Inc.

UST underground storage tank

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES), under contract to the Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, has completed the confirmatory sampling for Tank 402 at Naval Air Station Cecil Field in Jacksonville, Florida. This report summarizes the related field operations, results, conclusions, and recommendations of the confirmatory sampling.

Tank 402 was an underground storage tank (UST) located on the south side of Building 402, a duplex for family housing (Figure 1). The UST, which was installed in 1955, had a 350-gallon capacity and was used to store fuel oil for onsite heating (ABB-ES, 1997). Tank 402 was removed by Innovative Services International, Inc. (ISI), on January 25, 1995. A closure assessment report (Appendix A) was prepared for Tank 402 and submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (ISI, 1995). The closure assessment report indicated that groundwater analytical results (benzene at 10.3 micrograms per liter) were above State target levels. To assess the current groundwater quality at Tank 402, a contamination assessment plan was prepared by ABB-ES in November 1996 (ABB-ES, 1996).

#### 2.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

The confirmatory sampling at Tank 402 was initiated in July 1997 and included

- · the installation of one shallow groundwater monitoring well, and
- collection and analysis of one groundwater sample.

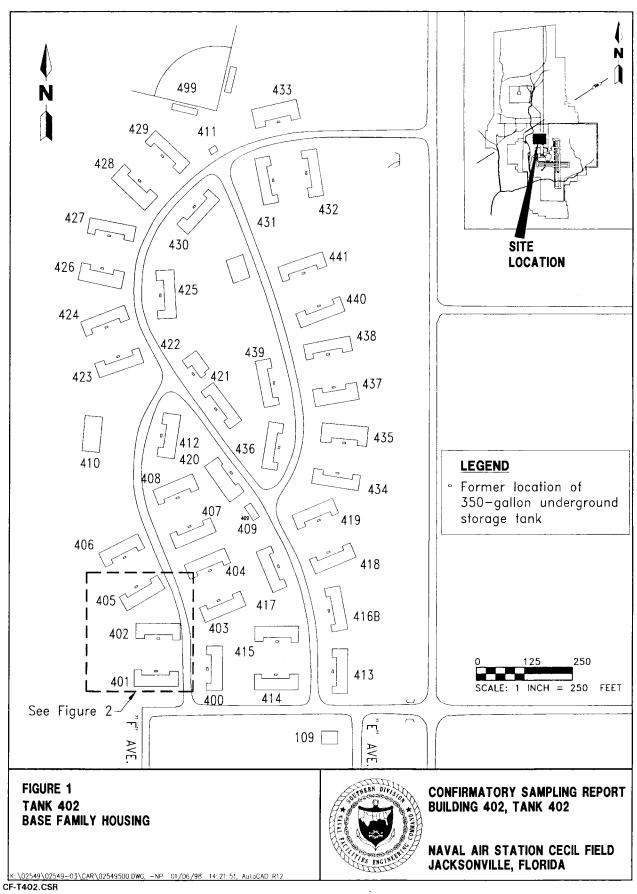
One monitoring well, CEF-402-1S, was installed at the former UST location to a depth of 13 feet below land surface. One groundwater sample was collected on August 6, 1997, and analyzed for the Kerosene Analytical Group parameters. A general site plan indicating the location of monitoring well CEF-402-1S is presented on Figure 2. The monitoring well installation detail is included in Appendix B.

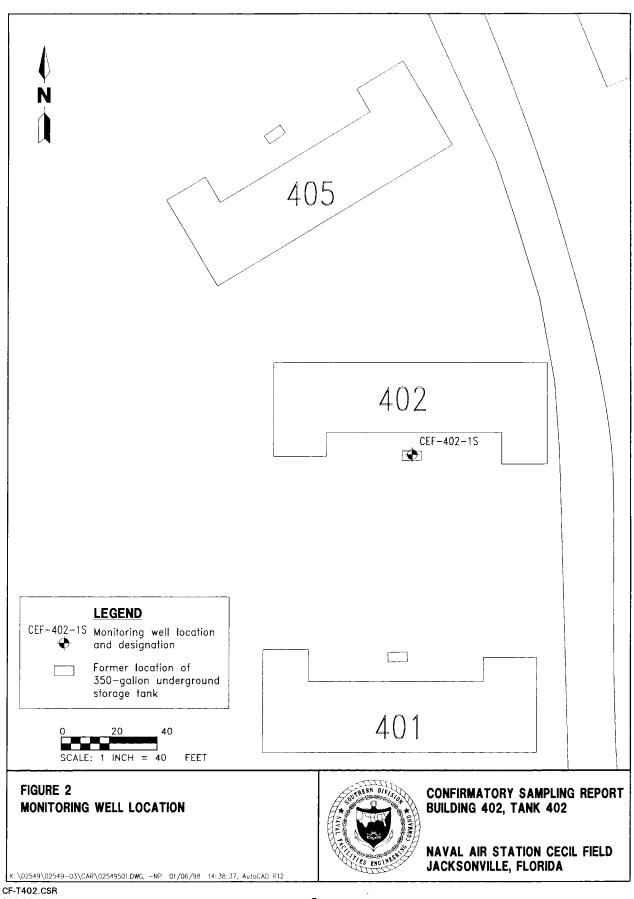
#### 3.0 SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS

No contaminants were detected in the groundwater sample collected from well CEF-402-1S. Groundwater analytical results from the closure assessment and the confirmatory sampling event are summarized in Table 1. The complete analytical data set is presented in Appendix C.

### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

No contaminants were detected in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well CEF-402-1S. Therefore, no further action is recommended for the Tank 402 site.





# Table 1 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Detections

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 402, Tank 402 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Company	Monitoring	Wells	Groundwater Cleanup Target
Compound	ISI Temporary Well	CEF-402-1S	Levels <sup>1</sup>
Volatile Organic Aromatics (USEPA	Method 601/602) (µg/ℓ)		
Benzene	10.3	ND	1
Xylenes	3.5	ND	20
Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	(USEPA Method 610) (A	rg/ <i>t</i> )	
No compounds detected.			
Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrod	arbons (TRPH) (FL-PRO)	(mg/£)	
No compounds detected.			
<u>Lead (USEPA Method 239.2)</u> (μg/ <i>t</i> )			
Lead	32	ND	15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code.

Notes: Groundwater samples were collected by ISI on February 6, 1995, and by ABB Environmental Services, Inc., on August 6, 1997.

TRPH was analyzed by USEPA Method 418.1 during the 1995 sampling event.

ISI = Innovative Services International, Inc.

USEPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

 $\mu$ g/ $\ell$  = micrograms per liter.

ND = compound not detected.

FL-PRO = Florida-Petroleum Residual Organic.

 $mg/\ell$  = milligrams per liter.

### REFERENCES

- ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES). 1996. Contamination Assessment Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM), North Charleston, South Carolina (November).
- ABB-ES. 1997. Base Realignment and Closure Tank Management Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM, North Charleston, South Carolina (January).
- Innovative Services International, Inc. 1995. Closure Report for Underground Storage Tank Removals, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida.

# APPENDIX A CLOSURE ASSESSMENT REPORT

### Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bidg. ● 2600 Blair Stone Road ● Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

DEFI Form 1.	17-761.900(6)	
form 1==_C	Cours Assessment Form	
Enecave Dass	December 10, 1990	
DER Appaca		
	(Freed on by DER)	

### Closure Assessment Form

Owners of storage tank systems that are replacing, removing or closing in place storage tanks shall use this form to demonstrate that a storage system closure assessment was performed in accordance with Rule 17-761 or 17-762, Florida Administrative Code. Eligible Early Detection Incentive (EDI) and Reimbursement Program sites do not have to perform a closure assessment.

### Please Print or Type Complete All Applicable Blanks

1.	Date: January 25, 1995
2.	DER Facility ID Number: N/A 3. County: Duval
4.	Facility Name: Cecil Field Housing: Unit 402
5.	Facility Owner: U.S. Navy
6.	Facility Address: N.A.S. Cecil Field
7.	Mailing Address: N.A.S. Cecil Field
8.	Telephone Number: () 9. Facility Operator: _U.S. Navy
10.	Are the Storage Tank(s): (Circle one or both) A. Aboveground or B. Underground
11.	Type of Product(s) Stored: #2 Heating Oil
12.	Were the Tank(s): (Circle one) A. Replaced B. Removed C. Closed in Place D. Upgraded (aboveground tanks only)
13.	Number of Tanks Closed: One 14. Age of Tanks: Unknown
Yes	Facility Assessment Information  Not Applicable  1. Is the facility participating in the Florida Petroleum Liability Insurance and Restoration Program (FPLIRP)?  2. Was a Discharge Reporting Form submitted to the Department?  If yes, When: Where:
	4. Are monitoring wells present around the storage system?
	If yes, specify type: Water monitoring Vapor monitoring  5. Is there free product present in the monitoring wells or within the excavation?  6. Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 500 parts per million for gasoline?
	Specify sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells Soil sample(s)  7. Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 50 parts per million for diesel/kerosene?
$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	Specify sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells X Soil sample(s)  8. Were the analytical laboratory results of the ground water sample(s) greater than the allowable state target levels? (See target levels on reverse side of this form and supply laboratory data sheets)  9. If a used oil storage system, did a visual inspection detect any discolored soil indicating a release?
	10. Are any potable wells located within 1/4 of a mile radius of the facility?  11. Is there a surface water body within 1/4 mile radius of the site? If yes, indicate distance:

DER Form a 17-761.500(b)	
Form Tax Closure Assessment Form	
Electric Day December 10, 1990	-
DER Approxim No	
them in by DCH;	

- 12. A detailed drawing or sketch of the facility that includes the storage system location, monitoring wells, buildings, storm drains, sample locations and dispenser locations must accompany this form.
- 13. If a facility has a pollutant storage tank system that has both gasoline and kerosene/diesel stored on site, both EPA Method 602 and EPA Metho. 610 must be performed on the ground water samples obtained.
- 14. Amount of soils removed and receipt of proper disposal.
- 15. If yes is answered to any one of questions 5-9, a Discharge Reporting Form 17-761.900(1) indicating a suspected release shall be submitted to the Department within one working day.
- 16. A copy of this form and any attachments must be submitted to the Department's district office in your area and to the locally administered pro gram office under contract with the Department within 60 days of completion of tank removal or filling a tank with an injert material.

Signature of Owner	Date
1 2 Bake	3/3/95
Signature of Person Performing Assessment	Date
Professional Geologist	
Title of Person Performing Assessment	

State Ground Water Target Levels That Affect A Pollutant Storage Tank System Closure Assessment

State ground water target levels are as follows:

1. For gasoline (EPA Method 602):

a. Benzene

1 ug/l

b. Total VOA

50 ua/1

Benzene

- Toluene
- Total Xylenes
- Ethylbenzene
- c. Methyl Test-Butyl

50 ug/l

Ether (MTBE)

2. For kerosene/diesel (EPA Method 610):

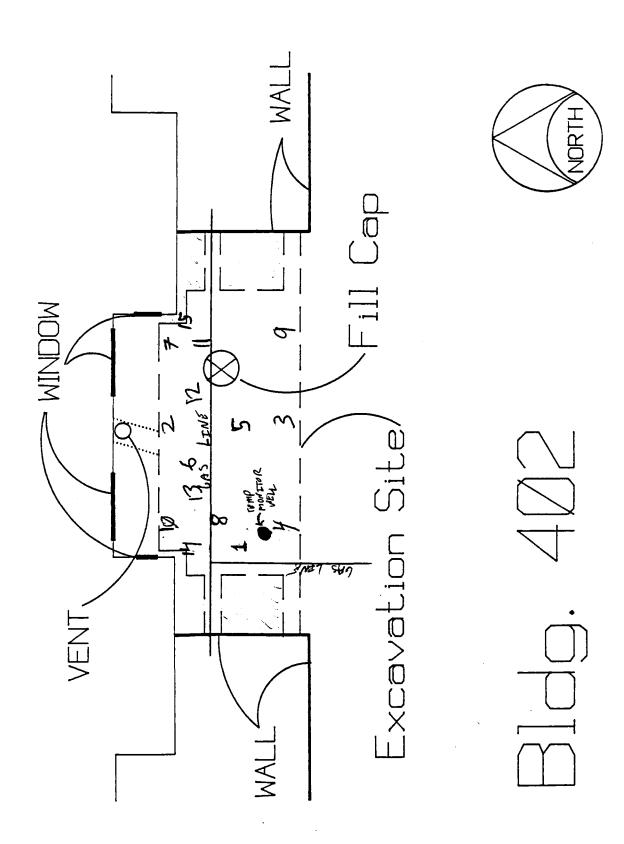
a. Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHS) (Best achievable detection limit, 10 ug/l maximum)

## Closure Report for Cecil Field Housing Building 402

## **OVA RESULTS\*\***

Sample #	W/O Carbon	W/Carbon	Adjusted	Depth (FT)
1	0	0	0	1.00
2	0	0	0	1.00
3	0	0	0	1.00
4	4	4	0	2.00
5	2	2	0	2.00
6	28	20	8	4.00
7	0	0	0	1.00
8	0	0	0	2.50
9	22	20	2	2.50
10	0	0	0	1.00
11	10	10	0	4.00
12	30	18	12	3.5 - 4.0
13	32	15	17	4.00
14	0	0	0	1.00
15	0	0	0	1.00

<sup>\*\*=</sup> Results are in ppm



#### Geological Environmental and Oceanographic Sciences, Inc.

1627 East 8th Street Jacktorivillo, Florida 32206-5407 (904) 354-6755 (800) 486-6755 (904) 354-3799 Fax Water
Soil
Air
Avalysis and Consulting

### Geosina

Page 1 27 Fcb 1995 Report J5-02-042-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Attn: STEVE DILLON
P.O. BOX 150016
NAS CECIL FIELD, FL

151100014396

32215

Sample Description: ISI/CECIL FIELD TEMP. MONITOR WELLS GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ID.: BLDG. 402 COLLECTED: 02/06/95 11:45 RECEIVED: 02/06/95

COLLECTED BY: N. ROGERS/R. RUSHING

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Job: KERO KEROSENE GROUP		:					
Hydrocarbons, Total IR	<0.200	mg/L	418.1	0.200	02/07/95	02/07/95	AM
Lead, Total	0.032	mg/L	239.2	0.005	02/07/95	02/09/95	JC
Polynuciear Aromatics			625\8270				
Naphthalene	BDL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Acenaphthylene	<b>BOL</b>	μ <b>g/</b> L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
1-Methylnaphthalene	801	<b>μ9/</b> L		10	. 02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
2-Methylnaphthalene	80L	#9/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Acenaphthene	EDL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Fluoreno	BOL	<b>μg/</b> L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Phenanthrene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Anthracene	BDL	<b>μg/</b> L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MO
Fluoranthena	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Pyrene	RDL	<b>μ9/</b> L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Benzo(a)anthracene	BDL	µg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MO
Chrysene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Benzo(b) fluoranthene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	BDL	#9/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Bcnzo(a)pyrene	BDL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	BDL	#9/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Dibenzo(s,h)anthracene	BDL	<b>μg/</b> L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	BDL	. #9/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Surrogates							
Nitrobenzene-d5	72	Min: 35	Max: 1	14			
2-fluorohiphenyl	87	Min: 43	Max: 1	16			
4-Terphenyl-d14	94	Min: 33	Hax: 1	41			
Volatile Aromatics			602				
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	80L	ug/L		5.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	ХX
Benzono	10.3	ug/L	-	1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	xx

Tampa Jacksonville

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ISI100014396 Attn: STEVE DILLON

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 2 27 feb 1995 Report J5-02-042-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Toluene	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	ХX
Ethyl benzene	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Xylene, Total	3.5	ug/l		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Chlorobenzene	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	xx
Surrogates							
Bromobenzene	· 107	Min: 70	Max	: 130			
Volatile Halocarbons			601				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	SOL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Chioromethane	BOL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Bromomethene	BOL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Vinyl chloride	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Chloroethane	BOL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	ЖX
Methylene chloride	BOL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Trichlorofluoromethane	<b>8</b> 0L	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	xx
1,1-Dichloroethene	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	жх
1,1-Dichloroethane	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	жx
total-1,2-Dichloroethene	BOL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Chloroform	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	ХX
1,2-Dichlorethane	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	xx
1,1,1-Trichloroethame	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Carbon tetrachloride	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Bromodichloromethane	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
1,2-Dichloropropane	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
trans-1,3-Dichtoropropens	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Trichloroethene	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
DibromochLoromethane	BOL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	BOL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
2-Chiorocthylvinyl ether	BDL	Ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Bromoform	BDL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX

ISI100014396 Attn: STEVE DILLON

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 3 27 Feb 1995 Report J5-02-042-01 LAB 10. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units Me	ethod Det.	Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	BDL	ug/L	<del></del>	1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX _
Tetrachloroethene	BOL	Up/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Chlorobenzena	BOL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
1,3-Dichtorobenzene	BOL	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	Ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
1,4·Dichlorobenzene	2.6	ug/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	XX
Surrogates		_					
Bromobenzene	107	Min: 70	Max: 130				

Karen Foreman, Laboratory Director

# Lab Results UNIT 400 LUSS.

### Florida DEP Ground Water Guidance Concentration

Bldg#	Test Done		Result	Guidance []
400	Lead, Total		0.033 ppm *	0.015 ppm
401	Hydrocarbons, Toral IF Lead, Total	₹	0.661 ppm 0.040 ppm *	0.015 ppm
	Volatile Aromatics	Benzene	BDL	1.0 ppb
		Ethyl benzene	BDL	1
		Toluene Xylene, Total	2.0 ppb	
		Total BETX	2.8 ppb 4.8 ppb	50 ppb
402	Lead, Total		0.032 ppm *	0.015 ppm
	Volatile Aromatics	Benzene	10.3 ppb	1.0 ppb
•		Ethyl benzene	BDL	· I
		Toluene Xylene, Total	BDL 3.5 ppb	
	*	Total BETX	13.8 ppb	50 ppb
	Volatile Halocarbons	1, 4 - Dichlorobenzene		75 ppb
, 				
403	Lead, Total		0.071 ppm *	0.015 ppm
405	Lead, Total		0.009 ppm *	0.015 ppm
	Volatile Aromatics	Benezene	1.4 ppb	1.0 ppb
		Ethyl benzene	BDL	
		Toluene Xylene, Total	BDL	
		Total BETX	3.7 ppb	50 ppb
		1, 4 - Dichlorobenzene	3.0 ppb	75 ppb
		.,	0.0 pps	. 0 pps
	Volatile Halocarbons	1, 2 - Dichloroethane	3.4 ppb	3.0 ppb
		1, 4 - Dichlorobenzene	2.3 ppb	75 ppb
412	Lead, Total		0.015 ppm *	0.015 ppm
413	Lead, Total		0.007 ppm *	0.015 ppm
414	Lead, Total		0.048 ppm *	0.015 ppm
	Volatile Aromatics	Benzene	BDL	1.0 ppb
		Ethyl benzene	BDL	
		Toluene	BDL	1
		Xylene, Total Total BETX	3.7 ppb 3.7 ppb	50 ppb
		TOTAL BETA	3.7 pp0	SO PPD
415	Lead Total		0.063 ppm *	0.015 ppm
	Volatile Aromatics	Benzene	BDL.	1.0 ppb
		Ethyl benzene	2.6 ppb	1
		Toluene Yviene Total	BDL	1
		Xylene, Total Total BETX	9.1 ppb 11.7 ppb	50 ppb
	Volatile Halocarbons	Chloroform	6.0 ppb	6.0 ppb
	Totalie Halocalbolis	Carbon Tetrachloride	9.0 ppb	3.0 ppb
417	Hydrocarbons, Total IR		1.75 ppm	
	Lead, Total		0.059 ppm *	0.015 ppm

<sup>\*</sup> Test results for lead probably represents background levels, and not a contaminant.

## APPENDIX B MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION DETAIL

		<del>-  </del>	_	WELL: CEF-402-1S		-				
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM PROJECT NO: 8571-03				<del>                                     </del>			CONPLETED: 7-18-97			
	TOR: Allia	<del></del>	<u> </u>			1				
ID HSA	·	WELL CASE DIAN: 2"		SCREEN INT. 3-13	FT.	SCRE	SCREEN SLOT SIZE: D			
				NORTHING:		<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>			
P. DATE: 7			BLS	<b>DEPTH TO</b> ¥ 2.91 F		LOGO	SED BY: J tarr			
SAMPLE INTERVAL	RECOVERY HEADSPACE	SOIL/ROC AND			LITHOLOGIC SYMBOL	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA		
	0	SILTY SAND: Dark gray, fine grain	with silt, organ	ics.			posthale			
	200	CLAYEY SAND: Light brown, 40% ck	ay, 80% sand.			SC	posthole			
5	50% 100	SILTY SAND: Light brown, fine grain	n, poorly grad	<b>≥d</b> .		SM	11,2,5			
	0% 50			nt brown, fine grain silty			3,3,5,5			
	SAMPLE SA	CONTRACTOR: Allian ID HSA ON: FT. NGVD P. DATE: 7-23-97 BECONENA ON: FT. NGVD ON: F	ICONTRACTOR: Alliance  ID HSA  WELL CASE DIAM: 2"  ON: FT. NGVD  GROUND ELEV: FT. N  F. DATE: 7-23-97  TOTAL DEPTH: 14 FT.  SOIL/ROC AND  O SILTY SAND: Dark gray, fine grain  200  CLAYEY SAND: Light brown, 40% ct  50%  TOX  SOX  SILTY SAND: Light brown, fine grain  SOX  SILTY SAND: Light brown, fine grain	ICONTRACTOR: Alliance  ID HSA  WELL CASE DIAM.: 2"  ON: FT. NGVD  GROUND ELEV.: FT. NGVD  P. DATE: 7-23-97  TOTAL DEPTH: 14 FT. BLS  SOIL/ROCK DESCRIP AND COMMENTS  O SIL TY SAND: Dark gray, fine grain with silt, organ  200  CLAYEY SAND: Light brown, 40% clay, 80% sand.  50%  100  SIL TY SAND: Light brown, fine grain, poorly grade	ICONTRACTOR: Alliance  ID HSA  WELL CASE DIAM: 2"  SCREEN INT: 3-13  ON: FT. NGVD  GROUND ELEV: FT. NGVD  NORTHING:  P. DATE: 7-23-97  TOTAL DEPTH: 14 FT. BLS  DEPTH TO \$ 2.91 F  SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS  O SIL TY SAND: Dark gray, fine grain with slit, organics.  200  CLAYEY SAND: Light brown, 40% clay, 80% sand.  50%  TOTAL DEPTH: 14 FT. BLS  DEPTH TO \$ 2.91 F  SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS  O SIL TY SAND: Dark gray, fine grain with slit, organics.	CONTRACTOR: Alliance   SITE: Quarters 402 (Housing)	ID HSA  WELL CASE DIAM: 2"  SCREEN INT: 3-13 FT.  SCRI ON: FT. NGVD  GROUND ELEV: FT. NGVD  NORTHING:  EAS' P. DATE: 7-23-97  TOTAL DEPTH: 14 FT. BLS  DEPTH TO \$\frac{3}{2}\$ 2.91 FT. BLS  LOG(  SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS  OSM  OSM  SILTY SAND: Dark gray, fine grain with silt, organics.  SCREEN INT: 3-13 FT.  SCRI  NORTHING:  EAS' 100 SILTY SAND: Dark gray, fine grain with silt, organics.  SC  CLAYEY SAND: Light brown, 40% clay, 80% sand.  SM  OX 50 SILTY SAND: Light brown, fine grain, poorly graded.  SM  OX 50 SILTY SAND: No recovery, but appears to be light brown, fine grain sity	ICONTRACTOR: Alliance  ID HSA  WELL CASE DIAM: 2"  SCREEN INT: 3-13 FT.  SCREEN SLOT SIZE: D  ON: FT. NGVD  GROUND ELEV.: FT. NGVD  NORTHING:  EASTING:  P. DATE: 7-23-97  TOTAL DEPTH: 14 FT. BLS  DEPTH TO \$ 2.91 FT. BLS  LOGGED BY: J tarr  BY DEPTH TO \$ 2.91 FT. BLS  SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION  AND COMMENTS  SM  BLOWS/6-IN  SM  DOSINGE  BLOWS/6-IN  DOSINGE  CLAYEY SAND: Light brown, 40% clay, 80% sand.  DOSINGE  SM  11.25		

## APPENDIX C GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL DATA

### NAS CECIL FIELD -- BRAC UST GREY BASE FAMILY HOUSING GROUNDWATER -- ANALYTICAL DATA -- TANK 402 -- REPORT NO. 9547

Lab Sample Number:

B7H0701520 BRACGREY CEF-402-1S 06-AUG-97 QUAL UNITS

Locator

DL

Collect Date:

VALUE

ACGREY ANAYLTICAL PARAMETERS				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1 U	ug/L	ar (1.00) (1.00) (1.00) 1	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ា ខេត្ត	ug/L ug/L	1	
	1 U	ug/L ug/L	경 성류를	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane	1 U			
	1 0	ug/L		
1,1-Dichloroethene	1 U	ug/L		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1 0	ug/L		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1 U	ug/L		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ាំប័	ug/L		
1,2-Dichloroethane	1 0	ug/L		
1,2-Dichloropropane	and the second s	ug/L		
1-Methylnaphthalene	5 N	ug/L	2	
2-Methylnaphthalene	2 U	ug/L	2	
Acenaphthene	2 U	ug/L	2	
Acenaphthylene	2 U	ug/L	2	
Anthracene	2 U	ug/L	2	
Benzene	1 0	ug/L	1	
Benzo (a) anthracene	.1 U	ug/L	-1	
Benzo (a) pyrene	.1 U	ug/L	호 사용됐다 <b>. 1</b> 1	그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	.1 บ	ug/L	화화화 <b>:1</b>	
Benzo (g,h,i) perylene	.2 U	ug/L	.2	
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	.15 ປ	ug/L	. 15	
Bromodichloromethane	1 U	ug/L	1	
Bromoform	1 ປ	ug/L	1. July 1	
Bromomethane	1 U	ug/L		
Carbon tetrachloride	1 บ	ug/L		
Chlorobenzene	1 U	ug/L		
Chloromethane	1. U	ug/L	1	
Chloroform	1 U	ug/L		
Chloromethane	1 U	ug/L	1월 개발 <b>1</b>	
Chrysene	.1 บ	ug/L	A ( 1	
Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	.2 U	ug/L	.2	
Dibromochloromethane	1 U	ug/L	1	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1 ป	ug/L	1	
Ethylbenzene	1 U	ug/L	1	
Ethylene dibromide	.02 ປ	ug/L	.02	
Fluoranthene	.2 ປ	ug/L	.2	
Fluorene	2 U	ug/L	2	
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	.1 ป	ug/L	1.	
Lead	5 U	ug/L	S	
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1 U	ug/L	1	그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그
Methylene chloride	5 U	ug/L	5	
Naphthalene	2 U	ug/L	2 2	
Phenanthrene	2 U	ug/L	2	
Pyrene	.2 U	ug/L	.2	
Tetrachloroethene	1 U	ug/L	1	
Toluene	1 U	ug/L	1	
Total petroleum hydrocarbons	.5 U	mg/l	.5	
Trichloroethene	1 U	ug/L	1	
Trichlorofluoromethane	1 U	ug/L		
Vinyl chloride	1 U	ug/L	1	

### NAS CECIL FIELD -- BRAC UST GREY BASE FAMILY HOUSING GROUNDWATER -- ANALYTICAL DATA -- TANK 402 -- REPORT NO. 9547

Lab Sample Number:

Site

B7H0701520 BRACGREY

Locator

CEF-402-1S

	Collect Date:	VALUE	06	-AUG-97 AL UNITS	DL
Xylenes (total) cis-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-1,2-Dichloroethene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene			1 U 1 U 1 U 1 U	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	
	#1 중 () 위 1 등 () 				

U = NOT DETECTED J = ESTIMATED VALUE

UJ = REPORTED QUANTITATION LIMIT IS QUALIFIED AS ESTIMATED

R = RESULT IS REJECTED AND UNUSABLE

## **NEW DOCUMENT**

#### CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING REPORT

**BUILDING 405, TANK 405** 

#### BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE

## UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK AND ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK GREY SITES

## NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Unit Identification Code: N60200

Contract No.: N62467-89-D-0317/139

#### Prepared by:

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. 2590 Executive Center Circle, East Tallahassee, Florida 32301

#### **Prepared for:**

Department of the Navy, Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command 2155 Eagle Drive North Charleston, South Carolina 29418

Bryan Kizer, Code 1842, Engineer-in-Charge

March 1998



## CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICAL DATA CONFORMITY (MAY 1987)

The Contractor, ABB Environmental Services, Inc., hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/139 are complete and accurate and comply with all requirements of this contract.

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

DATE: <u>March 5, 1998</u>

Rao Angara

Task Order Manager

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Eric A. Blomberg, P.G. Project Technical Lead

(DFAR 252.227-7036)

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#### GLOSSARY

ABB-ES ABB Environmental Services, Inc.

FAC Florida Administrative Code

ISI Innovative Services International, Inc.

UST underground storage tank

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES), under contract to the Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, has completed the confirmatory sampling for Tank 405 at Naval Air Station Cecil Field in Jacksonville, Florida. This report summarizes the related field operations, results, conclusions, and recommendations of the confirmatory sampling.

Tank 405 was an underground storage tank (UST) located on the north side of Building 405, a duplex for family housing (Figure 1). The UST, which was installed in 1955, had a 350-gallon capacity and was used to store fuel oil for onsite heating (ABB-ES, 1997). Tank 405 was removed by Innovative Services International, Inc. (ISI), on January 30, 1995. A closure assessment report (Appendix A) was prepared for Tank 405 and submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (ISI, 1995). The closure assessment report indicated that groundwater contamination (benzene at 1.4 micrograms per liter) was present and exceeded State target levels. To assess the current groundwater quality at Tank 405, a contamination assessment plan was prepared by ABB-ES in November 1996 (ABB-ES, 1996).

#### 2.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

The confirmatory sampling at Tank 405 was initiated in July 1997 and included

- · the installation of one shallow groundwater monitoring well, and
- collection and analysis of one groundwater sample.

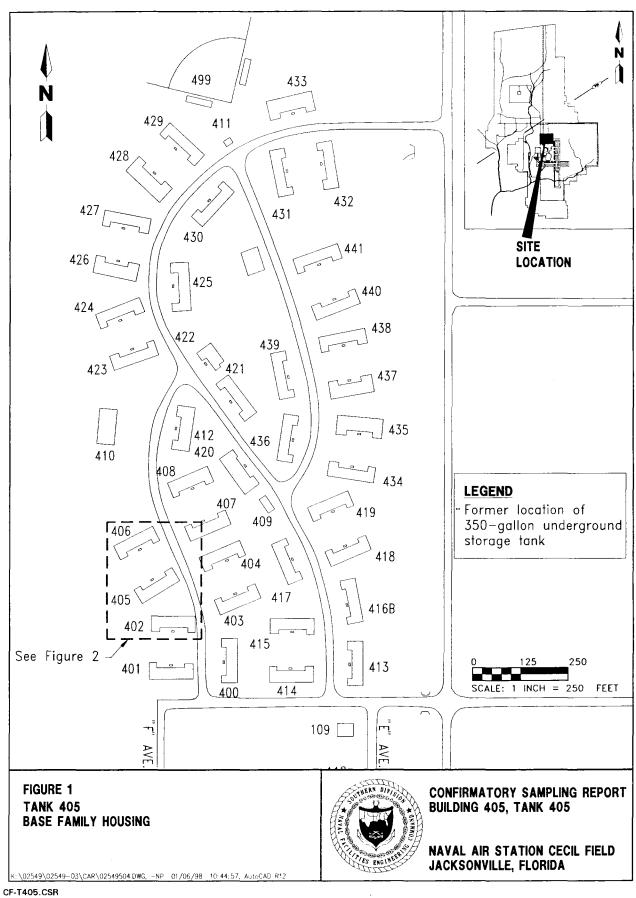
One monitoring well, CEF-405-1S, was installed at the former UST location to a depth of 13 feet below land surface. One groundwater sample was collected on August 6, 1997, and analyzed for the Kerosene Analytical Group parameters. A general site plan indicating the location of monitoring well CEF-405-1S is presented on Figure 2. The monitoring well installation detail is included in Appendix B.

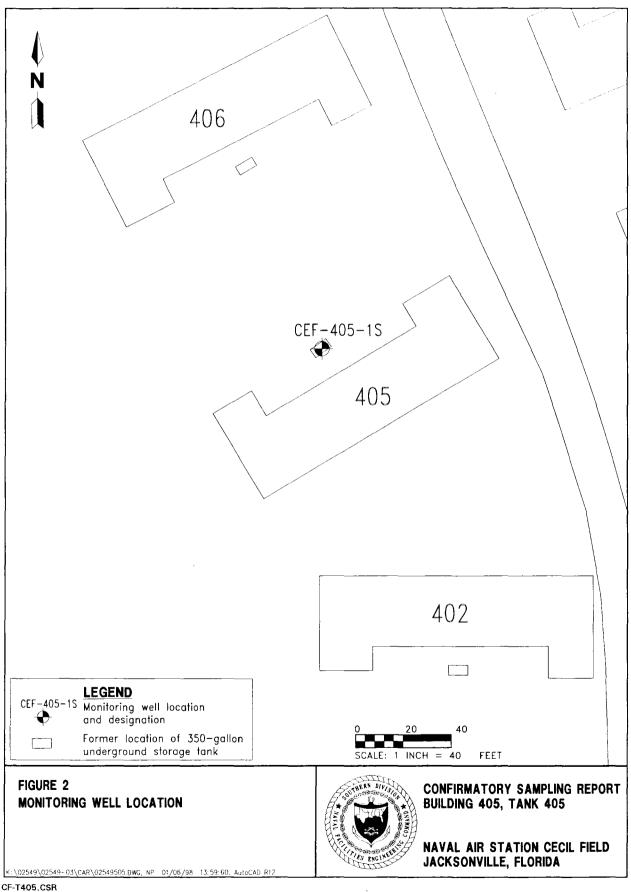
#### 3.0 SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Xylene and total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons were the only parameters detected in the groundwater sample collected from well CEF-405-1S. However, contaminant concentrations in groundwater were below the regulatory standards for Class G-II groundwater as specified in Chapter 62-770 of the Florida Administrative Code (FAC) (Table 1). The complete analytical data set is presented in Appendix C.

#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

No contaminants were detected above regulatory standards specified in Chapter 62-770, FAC, in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well CEF-405-1S. Therefore, no further action is recommended for the Tank 405 site.





## Table 1 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Detections

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 405, Tank 405 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Monitori	ng Wells	One of the same Tours
ISI Temporary Well	CEF-405-1S	Groundwater Cleanup Target Levels <sup>1</sup>
hod 601/602) (µg/ℓ)		
1.4	ND	1
3.7	4.8	20
3.4	ND	3
3.0	ND	NA
EPA Method 610) (µg	1/2)	
ons (TRPH) (FL-PRO)	mg/ <b>!</b> )	
ND	3.3	5
9	ND	15
	ISI Temporary Well  hod 601/602) (µg/\$)  1.4  3.7  3.4  3.0  SEPA Method 610) (µg/\$)  ND	Well  thod 601/602) (µg/ℓ)  1.4 ND  3.7 4.8  3.4 ND  3.0 ND  SEPA Method 610) (µg/ℓ)  ND 3.3  ND 3.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code.

Notes: Groundwater samples were collected by ISI on May 5, 1995, and by ABB Environmental Services, Inc., on August 6, 1997.

TRPH was analyzed by USEPA Method 418.1 during the 1995 sampling event.

ISI = Innovative Services International, Inc.

USEPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

 $\mu$ g/ $\ell$  = micrograms per liter.

ND = compound not detected.

NA = no applicable standard.

FL-PRO = Florida-Petroleum Residual Organic.

mg/l = milligrams per liter.

#### **REFERENCES**

- ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES). 1996. Contamination Assessment Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM), North Charleston, South Carolina (November).
- ABB-ES. 1997. Base Realignment and Closure Tank Management Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM, North Charleston, South Carolina (January).
- Innovative Services International, Inc. 1995. Closure Report for Underground Storage Tank Removals, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida.

## APPENDIX A CLOSURE ASSESSMENT REPORT



## Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bldg. ● 2600 Blair Stone Road ● Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

ER form s	7-761.900(8)
form tea_Cu	sure Assessment Form
Execuse Dass	December 10 1990
DER Approxim	If any in the DERI

### Closure Assessment Form

Owners of storage tank systems that are replacing, removing or closing in place storage tanks shall use this form to demonstrate that a storage system closure assessment was performed in accordance with Rule 17-761 or 17-762, Florida Administrative Code. Eligible Early Detection Incentive (EDI) and Reimbursement Program sites do not have to perform a closure assessment.

#### Please Print or Type Complete All Applicable Blanks

	D-4	T = =	~	30. 1995									
2.		-		per: N/A 3. County: Duva1									
4.	Facility 1	Name:	Ced	cil Field Housing: Unit 405									
5.	Facility (	Owner: _	<u>U.</u>	S. Navy									
6.	Facility A	Address:	N	A.S. Cecil Field									
7.	Mailing	Address:	<u>N</u>	A.S. Cecil Field									
8.	Telephone Number: () 9. Facility Operator: U.S. Navy												
10.	Are the Storage Tank(s): (Circle one or both) A. Aboveground or (B. Underground												
11.	Type of	Product(	s) St	ored: #2 Heating Oil									
				Circle one) A. Replaced B. Removed C. Closed in Place D. Upgraded (aboveground tanks only)									
				sed: One 14. Age of Tanks: Unknown									
				Facility Assessment Information									
		Mar		Table 1 December 1 Hornicalon									
Yes	No A	Not Applicable											
	<u> </u>		1.	Is the facility participating in the Florida Petroleum Liability Insurance and Restoration Program (FPLIRP)?									
	$\perp \mathbf{x}$		2.	Was a Discharge Reporting Form submitted to the Department?									
			_	If yes, When: Where:									
	- <del>-</del>			Is the depth to ground water less than 20 feet?  Are monitoring wells present around the storage system?									
_		_	••	If yes, specify type: Water monitoring Vapor monitoring									
				Is there free product present in the monitoring wells or within the excavation?									
		X	6.	Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 500 parts per million for gasoline?									
	Ix		7	Specify sample type:  Vapor Monitoring wells  Soil sample(s)  Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 50 parts per million for diesel/kerosene?									
			••	Specify sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells X Soil sample(s)									
X			8.	Were the analytical laboratory results of the ground water sample(s) greater than the allowable state target levels?									
		$\sqrt{x}$	a	(See target levels on reverse side of this form and supply laboratory data sheets)									
	$\overline{\mathbb{X}}$			If a used oil storage system, did a visual inspection detect any discolored soil indicating a release?  Are any potable wells located within ¼ of a mile radius of the facility?									
	X			Is there a surface water body within ¼ mile radius of the site? If yes, indicate distance:									

DER Form s 17-761 (400(b)	
Form 1sq. Closure Assessment Form	
Electric Date December 10, 1990	-
DER Approximen No	_

- 12. A detailed drawing or sketch of the facility that includes the storage system location, monitoring wells, buildings, storm drains, sample locations and dispenser locations must accompany this form.
- 13. If a facility has a pollutant storage tank system that has both gasoline and kerosene/diesel stored on site, both EPA Method 602 and EPA Method 610 must be performed on the ground water samples obtained.
- 14. Amount of soils removed and receipt of proper disposal.
- 15. If yes is answered to any one of questions 5-9, a Discharge Reporting Form 17-761.900(1) indicating a suspected release shall be submitted to the Department within one working day.
- 16. A copy of this form and any attachments must be submitted to the Department's district office in your area and to the locally administered program office under contract with the Department within 60 days of completion of tank removal or filling a tank with an inert material.

In so kel	3/3/95
Signature of Person Performing Assessment	Date

State Ground Water Target Levels That Affect A Pollutant Storage Tank System Closure Assessment

State ground water target levels are as follows:

1. For gasoline (EPA Method 602);

a. Benzene

1 ug/l

b. Total VOA

50 ug/l

- Benzene

- · Toluene
- Total Xylenes
- Ethylbenzene
- c. Methyl Test-Butyl

50 ug/l

Ether (MTBE)

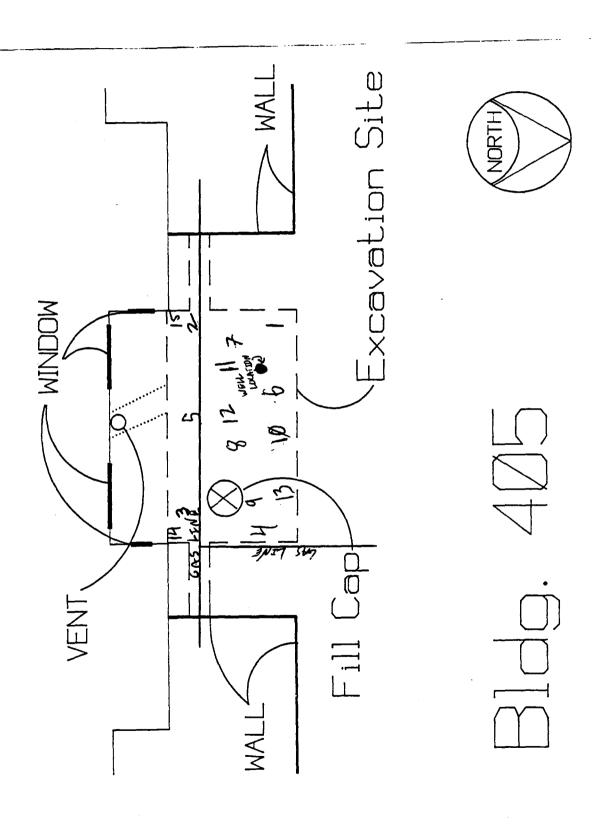
- 2. For kerosene/diesel (EPA Method 610):
  - a. Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHS)
     (Best achievable detection limit, 10 ug/l maximum)

## Closure Report for Cecil Field Housing Building 405

## **OVA RESULTS\*\***

Sample #	W/O Carbon	W/Carbon	Adjusted	Depth (FT)
1	0	0	0	1.00
2	0	0	0	1.00
3	0	0	0	1.00
4	0	0	0	1.00
5	0	0	0	1.00
- 6	0	0	0	2.00
7	0	0	0	3.00
8	2	0	2	2.00
9	2	0	2	3.00
10	0	0	0	4.00
11	1	0	1	4.00
12	0	0	0	4.50
13	0	0	0	3.50
14	0	0	0	1.00
15	0	0	0	1.00

<sup>\*\*=</sup> Results are in ppm



Geological Environmental and Oceanographic Sciences, Inc.

1627 East 8th Stroot Jacksonvillo, Florida 32206-5407 (904) 354-8755 (800) 486-6755 (904) 354-3799 Fax Water Soil Air Analysis and Consulting

## Geosina

ISTIO0014396 Attn: STEVE DILLON

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215

Sample Description:

ISI/CECIL FIELD TEMP. MONITOR WELLS GROUNDWATER LAB 10. 82223/E82101

Report J5-02-043-01

Page 1

27 Feb 1995

SAMPLE ID.: 8LOG. 405 COLLECTED: 02/06/95 10:15 RECEIVED: 02/06/95

COLLECTED BY: N. ROGERS/R. RUSHING

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Anolyst
Job: KERO KEROSENE GROUP						<u>-</u>	
Mydrocarbons, Total 18	<0.200	mg/L	418.1	0.200	02/07/95	02/07/95	AM
Lead, Total	0.009	mg/L	239.2	0.005	02/07/95	02/09/95	JC
Polynuclear Aromatics			625\8270				
Naphthalene	801	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	NO
Acenaphthylene	RDL	<b>μ</b> 9/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
1-Methylnaphthalene	BDL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MO
2-Hethylmophthaleno	BOL	μ <u>α</u> /L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	но
Acenaphthene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Fluorene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Phenanthrene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Anthrocene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
fluoranthene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Pyrene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	МО
Benzo(a)anthracene	BDL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Chrysene	BDL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Bcnzo(k)fluoranthene	BOL	µg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Benzo(a)pyrene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	BOL	μg/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	BOL	<b>μ</b> g/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	BOL	μ9/L		10	02/08/95	02/08/95	MD
Surrogates		,					
Nítrobenzene-d5	71	Min: 35	Max	: 114			
2-Fluorobiphenyl	96	Min: 43	Max	: 116			
4-Terphenyl-d14	96	Min: 33	Мах	: 141			
Volatile Aromatics			602	· · · · ·			
Hethyl-tent-butyl other	BDL	µg/L		5.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Benzene	1.4	اروير		1.0	· · · ·	02/17/95	187

Tampa Jacksonville

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ISI100014396 Attn: STEVE DILLON

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 2 27 Feb 1995 Report J5-02-043-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

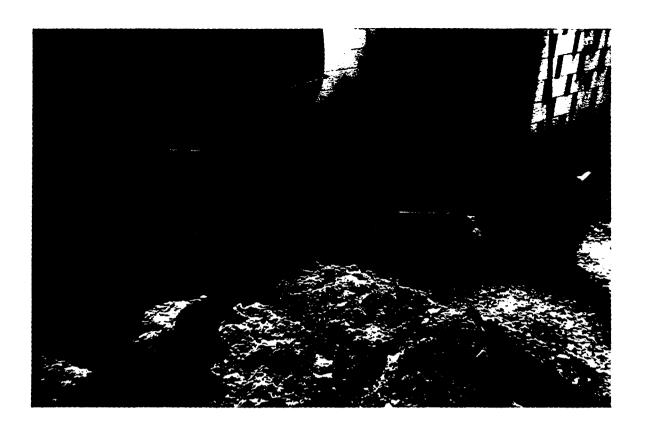
Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Anelyst
Totuene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Ethyl benzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Xylene, Total	3.7	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Chiorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,4-Dichtorobenzene	3.0	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,2-Dichiorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Surrogates							
Bromobenzene	102	Min: 70	Max:	130			
Volatile Halocarbons			601				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Chloromethane	BDL	#g/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Bromomethene	BDL	<b>μ</b> 9/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Vinyl chloride	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Chioroethane	BOL	и <b>9/</b> L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Mathylane chloride	BDL	μg/L		1.0	- •	02/17/95	TBY
Trichlorofluoromethane	BDL	#9/L			02/17/95	02/17/95	TOY
1,1-Dichloroethene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,1-Dichloroethanc	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
total-1,2-Dichloroethene	<b>60</b> L	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Chloroform	SDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,2-Dichlorethane	3.4	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,1,1.Trichloroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Carbon tetrachioride	BOL	#g/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Bromodichloromethane	BÔL	μg/L			02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,2-Dichloropropane	BOL	#g/L			02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
trens-1,3-Dichloropropene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	184
Trichlorocthene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Dibromochloromethane	BDL	μg/L μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,1,2-Trichleroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	BDL .	#9/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
2-Chlorocthylvinyl ether	BDL	μg/L μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Bromoform	BDL				•		
- · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	904	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY

ISII00014396 Attn: STEVE DILLON

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 3 27 feb 1995 Report J5-02-043-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Resul t	Units	Hethod Do	t. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Tetrachloroethene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Chlorobenzene	BOL	µg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,2.Dichlorobenzene	BDL	µg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	2.3	μg/L		1.0	02/17/95	02/17/95	TBY
Eurrogates							
Bromobenzene	102	Min: 70	Max: 130				

Karen Foremen, Laboratory Director





# Lab Results UNIT 400

### Florida DEP Ground Water Guidance Concentration

Bldg#	Test Done		Result	Guidance []
400	Lead, Total		0.033 ppm *	0.015 ppm
401	Hydrocarbons, Toral If Lead, Total	₹	0.661 ppm 0.040 ppm *	0.015 ppm
	Volatile Aromatics	Benzene	BDL	1.0 ppb
		Ethyl benzene Toluene	BDL 2.0 ppb	
		Xyiene, Total	2.8 ppb	
		Total BETX	4.8 ppb	50 ppb
402	Lead, Total		0.032 ppm	0.015 ppm
402	Volatile Aromatics	Benzene	10.3 ppb	1.0 ppb
	Volume Alomation	Ethyl benzene	BDL	1 5 PP3
		Toluene	BDL	ľ
		Xylene, Total	3.5 ppb	
		Total BETX	13.8 ppb	50 ppb
•	Volatile Halocarbons	1, 4 - Dichlorobenzene	2.6 ppb	75 ppb
403	Lead, Total		0.071 ppm *	0.015 ppm
405	Lead, Total		0.009 ppm *	0.015 ppm
	Volatile Aromatics	Benezene	1.4 ppb	1.0 ppb
		Ethyl benzene	BDL	
		Toluene	BDL	Ì
		Xylene, Total	3.7 ppb	
		Total BETX	30	50 ppb
		1, 4 - Dichlorobenzene	3.0 ppb	75 ppb
	Volatile Halocarbons	1, 2 - Dichloroethane	3.4 ppb	3.0 ppb
		1, 4 - Dichlorobenzene		75 ppb
412	Lead, Total		0.015 ppm *	0.015 ppm
413	Lead, Total		0.007 ppm *	0.015 ppm
414	Lead, Total		0.048 ppm *	0.015 ppm
	Volatile Aromatics	Benzene	BDL	1.0 ppb
		Ethyl benzene	BDL	1
		Toluene	BDL	1
		Xylene, Total Total BETX	3.7 ppb	50 ppb
		TOTAL DETA	3.7 ppb	30 ppb
415	Lead Total		0.063 ppm *	0.015 ppm
	Volatile Aromatics	Benzene	BDL	1.0 ppb
		Ethyl benzene	2.6 ppb	1
		Toluene	BDL	1
		Xylene, Total	9.1 ppb	50 225
	Volatile Halocarbons	Total BETX Chloroform	11.7 ppb 6.0 ppb	50 ppb
	VOIALIE MAIOCAI DONS	Carbon Tetrachloride	9.0 ppb	6.0 ppb 3.0 ppb
		Jaipon i enacimonae	o.o ppo	0.0 pp0
417	Hydrocarbons, Total IR		1.75 ppm	
	Lead, Total		0.059 ppm *	0.015 ppm

<sup>\*</sup> Test results for lead probably represents background levels, and not a contaminant.

## APPENDIX B MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION DETAIL

PROJECT: NAS Cecil Field BRAC	UST Site LOG a	IT WELL: CEF-405-1S	BORING NO. CEF-405-IS
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENG	COM <b>PROJECT NO:</b> 8571-03	DATE STARTED: 7-18-97	7 <b>COMPLETED:</b> 7-18-97
DRILLING SUBCONTRACTOR: Alli	ance	SITE: Quarters 405 (Hou	using) MONITOR INST. FID
METHOD: 8.25" ID HSA	WELL CASE DIAM.: 2"	SCREEN INT. 3-13 FT.	SCREEN SLOT SIZE: D
TOC ELEVATION: FT. NGVD	GROUND ELEY: FT. NGVD	NORTHING:	EASTING:
WELL DEVELOP. DATE: 7-23-97	TOTAL DEPTH: 14 FT. BLS	<b>DEPTH TO</b> ¥ 3.08 FT. BLS	LS LOGGED BY: J tarr
DEPTH FT. SAMPLE INTERVAL RECOVERY HEADSPACE	SOIL/ROCK DESCR		SOIL CLASS ON ZI
- 0	SILTY SAND: Gray, fine grain with silt.		posthole
180	O CLAYEY SAND: Light gray to blue, 30% day, pe	etroleum odor.	posthole
50% 124	SILTY SAND: Light gray, fine grain with silt, po odor.	orly graded, slight petroleum	12,3,3
10—			
50% 90	SILTY SAND: Light brown, fine grain with silt, p	oorly graded, wet.	11,2,3
15—			
	PAGE 1 of 4	OSMWIS ARR FNVT	IRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

## APPENDIX C GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL DATA

### NAS CECIL FIELD -- BRAC UST GREY BASE FAMILY HOUSING GROUNDWATER -- ANALYTICAL DATA -- TANK 405 -- REPORT NO. 9548

Lab Sample Number: Site B7H0701520 BRACGREY CEF-405-1S

Locator Collect Date:

CEF-405-1S 06-AUG-97

VALUE QUAL UNITS DL

ACGREY ANAYLTICAL PARAMETERS			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1 ป	ug/L 1	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
1,1-Dichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
1,1-Dichloroethene	1 U	ug/L 1	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
,3-Dichlorobenzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
,4-Dichlorobenzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
,2-Dichloroethane	1 ປ	ug/L 1	
,2-Dichloropropane	1 ປ	ug/L 1	
-Methylnaphthalene	2 U	ug/L 2	
-Methylnaphthalene	2 U	ug/L 2 ug/L 2 ug/L 2	
cenaphthene	2 U	ug/L 2	
cenaphthylene	2 U	ug/L 2	
nthracene	2 U	ug/L 2	
enzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
enzo (a) anthracene	.1 บ	ug/L .1	
enzo (a) pyrene	.1 U	ug/L .1	
enzo (b) fluoranthene	.1 ט	ug/L .1	
enzo (g,h,i) perylene	.2 U	ug/L .2	
enzo (k) fluoranthene	.15 U	ug/L .15	
romodichloromethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
romoform	1 U	ug/L 1	
romomethane	1 0	ug/L 1	
arbon tetrachloride	1 บ	ug/L 1	
hlorobenzene	1 ປ	ug/L 1	
hloromethane	1 υ	ug/L 1	
hloroform	1 υ	ug/L 1	
:hloromethane	1 ປ	ug/L 1	
hrysene	.1 ປ	ug/L .1	
ibenzo (a,h) anthracene	.2 U	ug/L .2	
ibromochloromethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
ichlorodifluoromethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
thylbenzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
thylene dibromide	.02 U	ug/L .02	
luoranthene	.2 U	ug/L .2	
luorene	2 U	ug/L 2	
ndeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	.1 U	ug/L .1	
ead	5 U	ug/L 5	
ethyl tert-butyl ether	1 U	ug/L 1	
ethylene chloride	5 U	ug/L 5	
aph tha lene	2 Ū	ua/L 2	
henanthrene	2 U	ug/L 2	
Yrene	.2 Ū	ug/L 2 ug/L .2	
etrachloroethene	Ī Ū	ug/L 1	
oluene	1 Ū	ug/L 1	
otal petroleum hydrocarbons	.5 Ū	mg/l .5	
richloroethene	1 0	ug/L 1	
richlorofluoromethane	1 0	ug/L 1	
inyl chloride	i Ŭ	ug/L 1	

### NAS CECIL FIELD -- BRAC UST GREY BASE FAMILY HOUSING GROUNDWATER -- ANALYTICAL DATA -- TANK 405 -- REPORT NO. 9548

Lab Sample Number:

B7H0701520 BRACGREY CEF-405-1S 06-AUG-97 Site Locator

Collect Date:

correct bate	VALUE	QUAL UNITS	DL
Xylenes (total) cis-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-1,2-Dichloroethene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1	ug/L U ug/L U ug/L U ug/L U ug/L	1 1 1
U = NOT DETECTED J = ESTI UJ = REPORTED QUANTITATIO R = RESULT IS REJECTED AND	MATED VALUE N LIMIT IS ( ) UNUSABLE	QUALIFIED AS ES	STIMATE

# **NEW DOCUMENT**

### **CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING REPORT**

**BUILDING 420, TANK 420** 

### BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE

# UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK AND ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK GREY SITES

# NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Unit Identification Code: N60200

Contract No.: N62467-89-D-0317/139

### Prepared by:

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. 2590 Executive Center Circle, East Tallahassee, Florida 32301

### Prepared for:

Department of the Navy, Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command 2155 Eagle Drive North Charleston, South Carolina 29418

Bryan Kizer, Code 1842, Engineer-in-Charge

March 1998



# CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICAL DATA CONFORMITY (MAY 1987)

The Contractor, ABB Environmental Services, Inc., hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/139 are complete and accurate and comply with all requirements of this contract.

DATE:	March	5,	1998
			· - ·

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Rao Angara

Task Order Manager

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Eric A. Blomberg, P.G. Project Technical Lead

(DFAR 252.227-7036)

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Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 420, Tank 420 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

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### GLOSSARY

ABB-ES ABB Environmental Services, Inc.

ISI Innovative Services International, Inc.

OVA organic vapor analyzer

UST underground storage tank

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES), under contract to the Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, has completed the confirmatory sampling for Tank 420 at Naval Air Station Cecil Field in Jacksonville, Florida. This report summarizes the related field operations, results, conclusions, and recommendations of the confirmatory sampling.

Tank 420 was an underground storage tank (UST) located on the east side of Building 420, a duplex for family housing (Figure 1). The UST, which was installed in 1955, had a 350-gallon capacity and was used to store fuel oil for onsite heating (ABB-ES, 1997). Tank 420 was removed by Innovative Services International, Inc. (ISI), on June 15, 1995. A closure assessment report (Appendix A) was prepared for Tank 420 and submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (ISI, 1995). The closure assessment report indicated that excessively contaminated soil was present at the site but did not indicate whether or not the excessively contaminated soil was removed. Therefore, to evaluate the current soil conditions, the petroleum subcommittee (selected by the Naval Air Station Cecil Field partnering team) identified locations for soil screening. A contamination assessment plan for the Tank 420 site was prepared by ABB-ES in November 1996 (ABB-ES, 1996).

#### 2.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

The confirmatory sampling at Tank 420 was initiated in June 1997 and included the advancement of two soil borings to the water table.

Soil samples were collected at depth intervals of 1 foot below land surface and every 2 feet thereafter to the water table. These samples were screened for hydrocarbon vapors with an organic vapor analyzer (OVA). A general site plan indicating the location of the soil borings is presented on Figure 2.

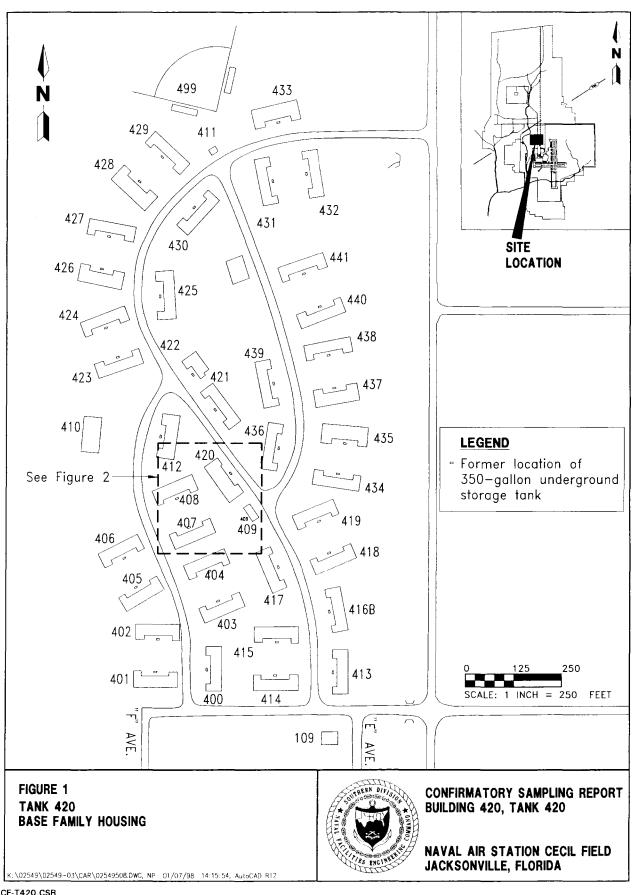
#### 3.0 SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS

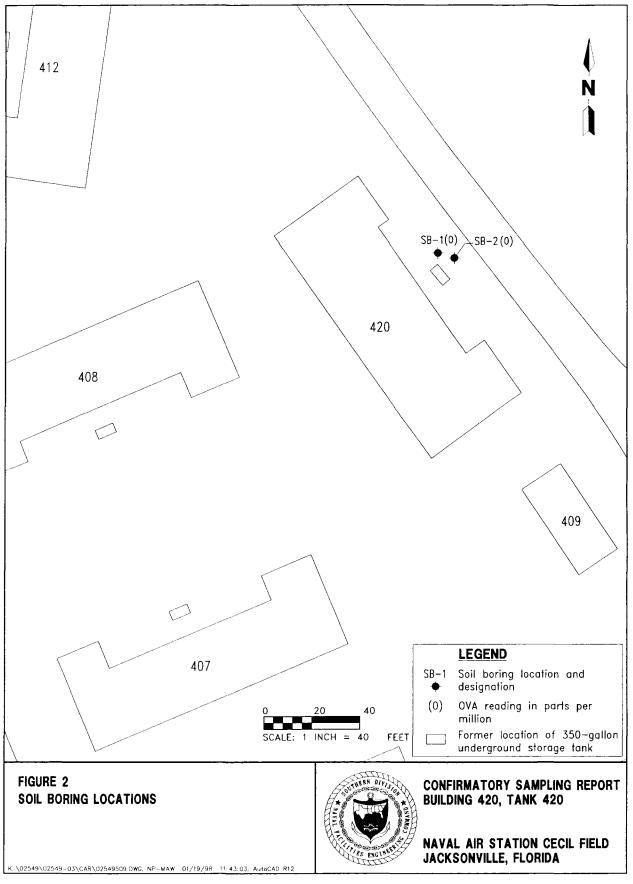
Excessively contaminated soil was not detected in soil samples collected from the unsaturated zone during the confirmatory sampling. The soil OVA data are summarized in Table 1.

Groundwater analytical results from the closure assessment are summarized in Table 2.

### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Data obtained during the confirmatory sampling at the Tank 420 site does not indicate the presence of contaminated soil. Contaminants were not detected above regulatory standards specified in Chapter 62-770, FAC in the groundwater sample collected during the closure assessment (ISI, 1995). Therefore, no further action is recommended for the Tank 420 site.





# Table 1 Soil Screening Results

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 420, Tank 420 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

	OVA Concentration (ppm)								
Location	Depth (feet bis)	Unfiltered	Filtered	Actual					
SB-1	1	0		0					
	3	0		0					
	4.5 (wet)	0	-	0					
SB-2	1	0	-	0					
	3	0	-	0					
	4.5 (wet)	0	-	0					

Notes: All soil samples were collected on June 16, 1997.

Soil samples were filtered with carbon to determine the methane concentration.

OVA = organic vapor analyzer.

ppm = parts per million.

bls = below land surface.

-- = filtered readings were not collected.

wet = soil sample was completely saturated when analyzed.

# Table 2 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Detections

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 420, Tank 420 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Compound

ISI Closure Assessment Temporary Well Groundwater Cleanup Target Levels<sup>1</sup>

Volatile Organic Aromatics (USEPA Method 601/602) (µg/l)

No compounds detected.

Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (USEPA Method 610) (µg/L)

No compounds detected.

Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (USEPA Method 418.1) (mg/t)

No compounds detected.

Lead (USEPA Method 239.2) (µg/l)

Lead

8

15

Notes: Groundwater samples were collected on June 20, 1995, by ISI during the closure assessment.

ISI = Innovative Services International, Inc.

USEPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

 $\mu g/\ell$  = micrograms per liter.

 $mg/\ell = milligrams per liter.$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code.

#### REFERENCES

- ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES). 1996. Contamination Assessment Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM), North Charleston, South Carolina (November).
- ABB-ES. 1997. Base Realignment and Closure Tank Management Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM, North Charleston, South Carolina (January).
- Innovative Services International, Inc. 1995. Closure Report for Underground Storage Tank Removals, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida.

# APPENDIX A CLOSURE ASSESSMENT REPORT



### Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Blog • 2000 Blair Stone Road • Tallahassee, Florida 32,599-24(R)

17-761.5Gue-
District Assessment from
Cucamira- 10 1990
How on to Dith.

### Closure Assessment Form

Owners of storage tank systems that are replacing, removing or closing in place storage tanks shall use this form to demonstrate that a storage system closure assessment was performed in accordance with Rule 17-761 or 17-762, Florida Administrative Code. Eligible Early Detection Incentive (EDI) and Reimbursement Program sites do not have to perform a closure assessment.

# Please Print or Type Complete All Applicable Blanks

	July	10, 1995
	DER Facility ID I	Dung!
		Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Enlisted Housing Unit # 420
	Facility Owner: _	
		Naval Air Station - Cecil Field
		Naval Air Station - Cecil Field
٤.	Telephone Numi	per: () 9. Facility Operator: U.S. Navy
		Tank(s): (Circle one or both) A. Aboveground or XX Underground
11.	Type of Product	(s) Stored: #2 Heating Oil
12.	Were the Tank(s	): (Circle one) A. Replaced XX. Removed C. Closed in Place D. Upgraded (aboveground tanks only)
13.	Number of Tank	s Closed: One (1) 14. Age of Tanks: Unknown
Yes	No Applicable	Facility Assessment Information  1. Is the facility participating in the Florida Petroleum Liability Insurance and Restoration Program (FPLIRP)?  2. Was a Discharge Reporting Form submitted to the Department?
		If yes, When: Where:
X		3. Is the depth to ground water less than 20 leet?
Ъ		4. Are monitoring wells present around the storage system?  If yes, specify type: Water monitoring Vapor monitoring
		5. Is there free product present in the monitoring wells or within the excavation?
		6. Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 500 parts per million for gasoline?  Specily sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells Soil sample(s)
$\boxtimes$		7. Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 50 parts per million for diesel/kerosene?
		Specify sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells Soil sample(s)  8. Were the analytical laboratory results of the ground water sample(s) greater than the allowable state target levels (See target levels on reverse side of this form and supply laboratory data sheets)
		<ul> <li>9. If a used oil storage system, did a visual inspection detect any discolored soil indicating a release?</li> <li>10. Are any potable wells located within ¼ of a mile radius of the facility?</li> <li>11. Is there a surface water body within ¼ mile radius of the site? If yes, indicate distance:</li> </ul>

 OCA 17-301 200(s)	-
turn to Common American Form	
	_
	•
DEA ACCIONANT NO	_

12. A detailed drawing or sketch of the facility that includes the storage system location, monitoring wells, buildings, storm drains, sample location. and dispenser locations must accompany this form.

To the state of th

- 13. If a facility has a pollutant storage tank system that has both gasoline and kerosene/diesel stored on site, both EPA Method 602 and EPA Method 610 must be performed on the ground water samples obtained.
- 14. Amount of soils removed and receipt of proper disposal.
- 15. If yes is answered to any one of questions 5-9, a Discharge Reporting Form 17-761.900(1) indicating a suspected release shall be submitted to the Department within one working day.
- 16. A copy of this form and any attachments must be submitted to the Department's district office in your area and to the locally administered program office under contract with the Department within 60 days of completion of tank removal or filling a tank with an inert material.

Signature of Owner Date Person Performing Assessment

Professional Geologist

Title of Person Performing Assessment

State Ground Water Target Levels That Affect A Pollutant Storage Tank System Closure Assessment

State ground water target levels are as follows:

- 1. For gasoline (EPA Method 602):
- a. Benzene

1 ug/l

b. Total VOA

50 uq/i

- Benzene
- Toluene
- · Total Xylenes
- Ethylbenzene
- C. Methyl Test-Butyl

50 ug/l

Einer (MTBE)

2. For kerosene/diesel (EPA Method 610):

a. Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHS) (Best achievable detection limit, 10 ug/l maximum)



# Florida Department of Environmental Regulation Twin Towers Office Bldg. 2600 Blair Stone Road Tallahassee. Florida 32399-2400

OFB form	17-761.900(5)
fom Ice	Underground Storage Tank Installation & Removal Form for Consided Contractors
Electron Co	December 10, 1990
DER Appro	MON NO
	Fred in by DER

Underground Storage Tank Installation and Removal Form For Certified Contractors

Pollutant Storage System Specialty Contractors as defined in Section 489.113, Florida Statutes (Certified contractors as defined in Section 17-761.200, Florida Administrative Code) shall use this form to certify that the installation, replacement or removal of the storage tank system(s) located at the address listed below was performed in accordance with Department Reference Standards.

Ge	eneral Facility Information	
1.	DER Facility Identification No.: N/A	
	Facility Name: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Enlist Telephone: ()	
3.	Street Address (physical location): Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Housing # 420	
	Owner Name: U.S. Navy Telephone: ()	
5.	Owner Address: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field	
6.	Number of Tanks: a. Installed at this time b. Removed at this time b.	
7.	Tank(s) Manufactured by: Unknown	
<b>.</b> 8.	Date Work Initiated: 415/95 9. Date Work Completed: 4/16/95	
Ur	nderground Pollutant Tank Installation Checklist	
Ple	ase certify the completion of the following installation requirements by placing an (X) in the appropriate box.	
1.	The tanks and piping are corrosion resistant and approved for use by State and Federal Laws.	
2.	Excavation, backfill and compaction completed in accordance with NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 30(87), API (American Petroleum Institute) 1615, PEI (Petroleum Equipment Institute) RP100-87 and the manufacturers' specifications.	
3.	Tanks and piping pretested and installed in accordance with NFPA 30(87), API 1615, PEI/RP100(87) and the manufacturers' specifications.	
4.	Steel tanks and piping are cathodically protected in accordance with NFPA 30(87), API 1632, UL (Underwriters Laboratory) 1746, STI (Steel Tank Institute) R892-89 and the manufacturer's specifications.	
5.	Tanks and piping tested for tightness after installation in accordance with NFPA 30(87) and PEI/RP100-87.	
6.	Monitoring well(s) or other leak detection devices installed and tested in accordance with Section 17-761.640, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)	
7.	Spill and overfill protection devices installed in accordance with Section 17-761.500, F.A.C.	
8.	Secondary containment installed for tanks and piping as applicable in accordance with Section 17-761.500, F.A.C.	
Pie	ease Note: The numbers following the abbreviations (e.g. API 1615) are publication or specification numbers issued by these instu-	tutions.
Ur	nderground Pollutant Tank Removal Checklist	
▶1	Closure assessment performed in accordance with Section 17-761,800, F.A.C.	
	Underground tank removed and disposed of as specified in API 1604 in acordance with Section 17-761-800. F.A.C.	$\boxtimes$

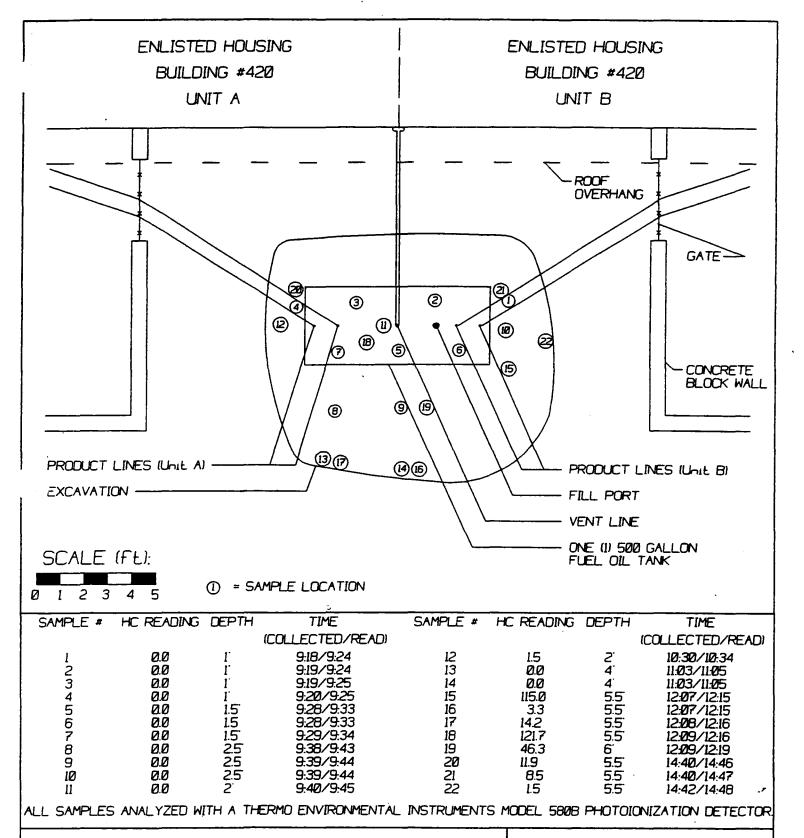
DER Jam (17-761.900(5)	
Uncompround Storage Tenn Installation & Form Tax Remarkel Form for Capition Contractors	_
Excess Dacember 10, 1990	
DER Appromon No.	_
free or by DER)	1
	- 2

### Certification

I hereby certify and attest that I am familiar with the facility that is registered with the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation; that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the tank installation, replacement or removal at this facility was conducted in accordance with Chapter 489 and Section 376303, Florida Statutes and Chapter 17-761, Florida Administrative Code (and its adopted reference sources from publications and standards of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), the American Petroleum Institute (API), the National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE), American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM); Petroleum Equipment Institute (PEI); Steel Tank Institute (STI); Underwriters Laboratory (UL); and the tank and integral piping manufacturers' specifications; and that the operations on the checklist were performed accordingly.

Robert Boardman	PCC 054 952
(Type or Print) Centified Pollutant Tank Contractor Name Pollutant Storage System Specialty Contractor License Number (PSSSC)	PSSSC Number
ah Fulu	7-1255
Certified Tank Contractor Signature	Date
VERNON NCHINNON	7-12-98
(Type or Print)	Date
Vernon Wellin	7-12-98
Field Supervisor Signature	Date

The owner or operator of the facility must register the tanks with the Department at least 10 days before the installation. The installer must submit this form no more than 30 days after the completion of installation to the Department of Environmental Regulation at the address printed at the top of page one.





INNOVATIVE SERVICES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

### SITE PLAN

**ENLISTED HOUSING UNIT #420** 

NAVAL AIR STATION
CECIL FIELD
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

### Geos inc.

ANALYTICAL LABORATORY & CORPORATE OFFICES (904) 786-8340
1057 NORTH ELLIS ROAD, SUITE 17 (800) 770-4367 (GEOS)
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA 32254-2249 FAX: (904) 786-7489

GEOLOGICAL, ENVIRONMENTAL AND OCEANOGRAPHIC SCIENCES, INC.

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALTY LABORATORY 5909A BRECKENRIDGE PARKWAY TAMPA, FLORIDA 33610-4237

(813) 626 FAX: (813) 626-0746

ISI100014396

Attn: RON BOARDMAN

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 1 30 Jun 1995

Report J5-06-185-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Sample Description:

CECIL FIELD ENLISTED HOUSING/ CECIL FIELD N.A.S.

TEMP. WELL & ENLISTED HOUSING #420

GROUNDWATER

SAMPLE 10.: ENL-420-695

COLLECTED: 06/20/95 14:41

RECEIVED: 06/20/95
COLLECTED BY: S. VOCKELL

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed A	nalyst
Hydrocarbons, Total IR	<0.200	mg/L	418.1	0.200	06/27/95	06/28/95	AM
Lead, Total	0.008	mg/L	239.2	0.005	06/29/95	06/30/95	JC
Polynuclear Aromatics			625\8270				
<b>Naphthalene</b>	BDL	µg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Acenaphthylene	BDL	µg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT .
1-Hethylnaphthalene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
2-Methylnaphthalene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Acenaph thene	8DL	μg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Fluorene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Phenanthrene	BOL	<b>µg/</b> L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Anthracene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Fluoranthene	BDL	µg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Pyrene	BDL 多	#g/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Benzo(a)anthracene	BDL	µg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Chrysene	BDL	µg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	BDL	μg/L		16	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	BOL	#g/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Benzo(a)pyrene	BOL	#g/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AY
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	BDL	#g/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	BOL	μg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	BOL	μg/L		10	06/27/95	06/28/95	AT
Surrogates							
Nitrobenzene-d5	95	Min: 35	Max:	114			
2-Fluorobiphenyl	89	Min: 43	Max:	116			
4-Terphenyl-d14	91	Min: 33	Max:	141			
Volatile Aromatics			602				
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	8DL	μg/L		5.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Benzene	BOL	μg/L		1.0		06/22/95	MD
Toluene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	••	06/22/95	MD
Ethyl benzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	•	06/22/95	HD
Xylene, Total	80L	μg/L		1.0		06/22/95	MD.

ISI100014396 Attn: RON BOARDMAN

P.O. 80X 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 2 30 Jun 1995 Report J5-06-185-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed A	nalyst
Chlorobenzene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	<b>B</b> DL	#g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	<b>µg/</b> L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Surrogates							
. Bromobenzene	102	Min: 70	Nax	: 130			
Volatile Halocarbons			601				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	BDL	#g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Chloromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Bromomethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Vinyl chloride	BDL	µg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	HD
Chloroethane	BOL	<b>µg/</b> L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Methylene chloride	BDL	#g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Trichlorofluoromethane	BDL	#g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	HD
1,1-Dichloroethene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,1-Dichloroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
total-1,2-Dichloroethene	BOL	, #g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	HD
Chloroform	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,2-Dichlorethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	BDL	<b>#9/</b> L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Carbon tetrachloride	<b>BD</b> L	#g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Bromodichloromethane	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,2-Dichloropropane	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	BOL	#g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Trichloroethene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Dibromochloromethane	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	BDL	#g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	HD
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	BDL	µg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Bromoform	BDL	#g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	BDL	µg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Tetrachloroethene	<b>80</b> L	#g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
Chlorobenzene	BOL	µg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	<b>B</b> DL	#g/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95	MD

IS1100014396 Attn: RON BOARDMAN

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215

Page 3 30 Jun 1995 Report J5-06-185-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units Met	hod Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed Analyst	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L	1.0	06/22/95	06/22/95 ND	
Surrogates Bromobenzene	101	Min: 70	Max: 130			

Karen Foreman, Laboratory Director

CHAIN OF CU: DY RECORD

G	A	N	\$	inc.
w	w	w	w	inc.

□ 1057 N. ELLIS ROAD, SUITE 17, JACKSONVILLE, FL 32254-2249 • (904) 786-8340
 □ 5909A BRECKENRIDGE PARKWAY, TAMPA, FL 33610-4237 • (813) 626-0101

CLIENT NAME:		PROJECT NAME:								J > J		M		/ /
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# **NEW DOCUMENT**

### CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING REPORT

**BUILDING 431, TANK 431** 

### **BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE**

# UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK AND ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK GREY SITES

# NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Unit Identification Code: N60200

Contract No.: N62467-89-D-0317/139

### Prepared by:

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. 2590 Executive Center Circle, East Tallahassee, Florida 32301

### **Prepared for:**

Department of the Navy, Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command 2155 Eagle Drive North Charleston, South Carolina 29418

Bryan Kizer, Code 1842, Engineer-in-Charge



# CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICAL DATA CONFORMITY (MAY 1987)

The Contractor, ABB Environmental Services, Inc., hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/139 are complete and accurate and comply with all requirements of this contract.

DATE:		March	5,	1998	
	•				

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Rao Angara

Task Order Manager

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Eric A. Blomberg, P.G. Project Technical Lead

(DFAR 252.227-7036)

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### GLOSSARY

ABB-ES ABB Environmental Services, Inc.

bls below land surface

FAC Florida Administrative Code

ISI Innovative Services International, Inc.

OVA organic vapor analyzer

TRPH total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons

UST underground storage tank

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES), under contract to the Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, has completed the confirmatory sampling for Tank 431 at Naval Air Station Cecil Field in Jacksonville, Florida. This report summarizes the related field operations, results, conclusions, and recommendations of the confirmatory sampling.

Tank 431 was an underground storage tank (UST) located on the east side of Building 431, a duplex for family housing (Figure 1). The UST, which was installed in 1955, had a 350-gallon capacity and was used to store fuel oil for onsite heating (ABB-ES, 1997). Tank 431 was removed by Innovative Services International, Inc. (ISI), on June 21, 1995. A closure assessment report (Appendix A) was prepared for Tank 431 and submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (ISI, 1995). The closure assessment report indicated that groundwater contamination was below State target levels and that excessively contaminated soil was present at the site but did not indicate whether or not the excessively contaminated soil was removed. Therefore, to evaluate the current soil and groundwater conditions, the petroleum subcommittee (selected by the Naval Air Station Cecil Field partnering team) identified locations for soil screening and monitoring well installation. A contamination assessment plan for the Tank 431 site was prepared by ABB-ES in November 1996 (ABB-ES, 1996).

#### 2.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

The confirmatory sampling at Tank 431 was initiated in June 1997 and included

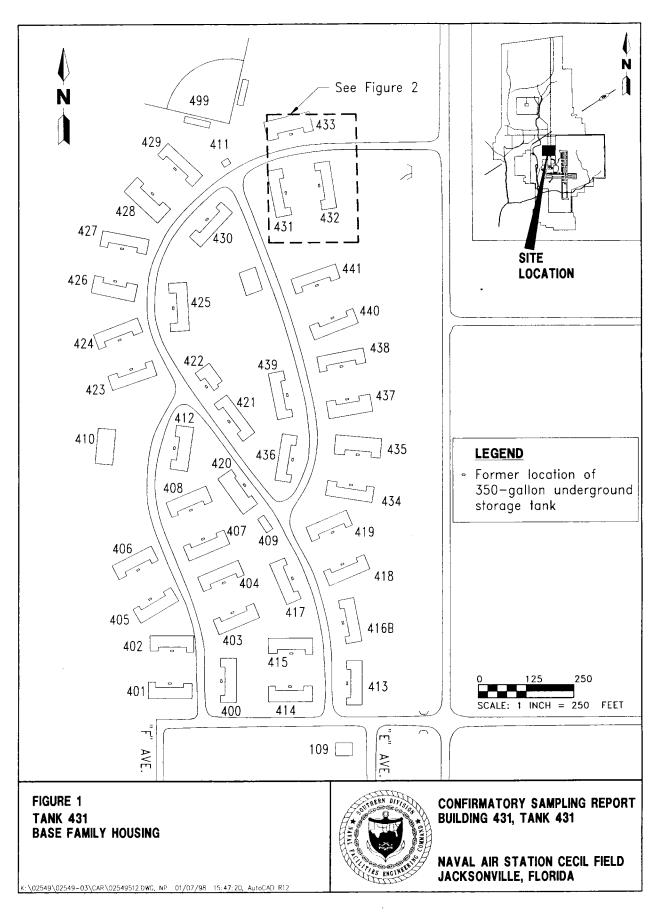
- the advancement of five soil borings to the water table,
- · the installation of one shallow groundwater monitoring well, and
- · collection and analysis of one groundwater sample.

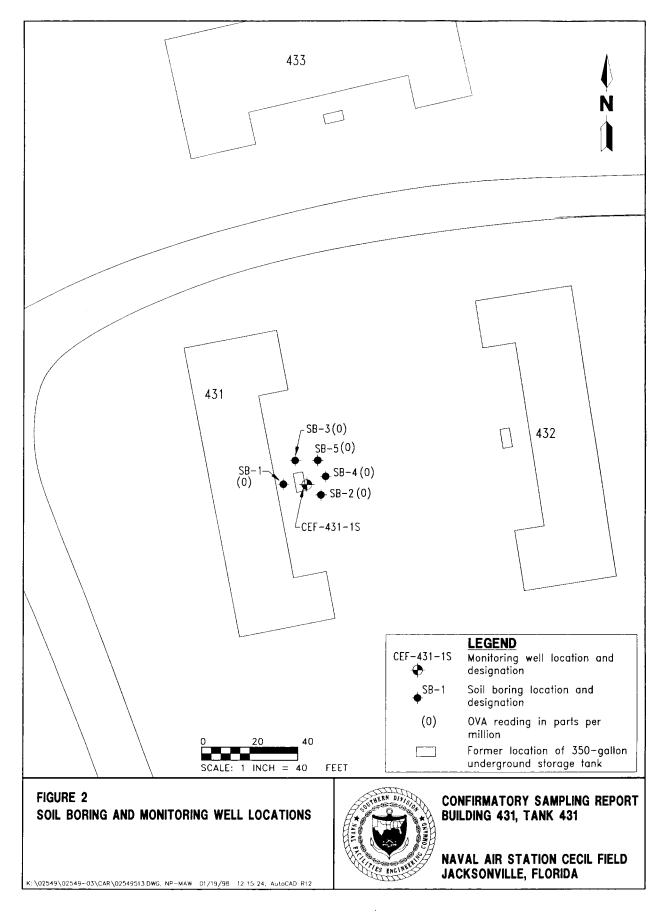
Soil samples were collected at depth intervals of 1 foot below land surface (bls) and every 2 feet thereafter to the water table. These samples were screened for hydrocarbon vapors with an organic vapor analyzer (OVA).

One monitoring well, CEF-431-1S, was installed at the former UST location to a depth of 13 feet bls. One groundwater sample was collected on August 6, 1997, and analyzed for the Kerosene Analytical Group parameters. A general site plan indicating the location of the monitoring well CEF-431-1S is presented on Figure 2. The monitoring well installation detail is included in Appendix B.

### 3.0 SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Excessively contaminated soil was not detected in soil samples collected from the unsaturated zone during the confirmatory sampling. The soil OVA data are summarized in Table 1.





# Table 1 Soil Screening Results

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 431, Tank 431 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

		OVA Concent	tration (ppm)	
Location	Depth (feet bis)	Unfiltered	Filtered	Actual
SB-1	1	0		0
	3 (wet)	0		0
SB-2	1	0	-	0
	3 (wet)	25	0	25
SB-3	1	0	<del>-</del> .	0
	3 (wet)	0	-	0
SB-4	1	0	-	0
	3 (wet)	0	-	0
SB-5	1	0	-	0
	3 (wet)	0		0

Notes: All soil samples were collected on June 5, 1997.

Soil samples were filtered with carbon to determine the methane concentration.

OVA = organic vapor analyzer.

ppm = parts per million.

bis = below land surface.

- = filtered readings were not collected.

wet = soil sample was completely saturated when analyzed.

Total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons (TRPH) was the only parameter detected in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well CEF-431-1S. However, the TRPH concentration in groundwater was below the regulatory standard for Class G-II groundwater as specified in Chapter 62-770 of the Florida Administrative Code (FAC) (Table 2). The complete analytical data set is presented in Appendix C.

#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Data obtained during the confirmatory sampling at the Tank 431 site does not indicate the presence of contaminated soil. No contaminants were detected above the regulatory standard specified in Chapter 62-770, FAC, in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well CEF-428-1S. Therefore, no further action is recommended for the Tank 431 site.

# Table 2 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Detections

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 431, Tank 431 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Compound	Monitoring Wells		Crown divistes Classics Toront
	ISI Temporary Well	CEF-431-1S	Groundwater Cleanup Target Levels <sup>1</sup>
Volatile Organic Aromatics (USEPA Method 601/602) (µg/ℓ)			
Xylenes	5.9	ND	20
Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (USEPA Method 610) (μg/ℓ)			
No compounds detected.			
Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TRPH) (FL-PRO) (mg/t)			
TRPH	1.05	0.72	5
Lead (USEPA Method 239.2) (µg/1)			
Lead	24	ND	15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code.

Notes: Groundwater samples were collected by ISI on June 22, 1995, and by ABB Environmental

Services, Inc., on August 6, 1997.

TRPH was analyzed by USEPA Method 418.1 during the 1995 sampling event.

ISI = Innovative Services International, Inc.

USEPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

 $\mu$ g/ $\ell$  = micrograms per liter. ND = compound not detected.

FL-PRO = Florida-Petroleum Residual Organic.

mg/l = milligrams per liter.

#### REFERENCES

- ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES). 1996. Contamination Assessment Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM), North Charleston, South Carolina (November).
- ABB-ES. 1997. Base Realignment and Closure Tank Management Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM, North Charleston, South Carolina (January).
- Innovative Services International, Inc. 1995. Closure Report for Underground Storage Tank Removals, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida.

# APPENDIX A CLOSURE ASSESSMENT REPORT



#### Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bidg. ● 2600 Blair Stone Road ● Tallahassee, Florida 32399-24(R)

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Cucon	nc= 10 1990
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## Closure Assessment Form

Owners of storage tank systems that are replacing, removing or closing in place storage tanks shall use this form to demonstrate that a storage system closure assessment was performed in accordance with Rule 17-761 or 17-762. Florida Administrative Code. Eligible Early Detection Incentive (EDI) and Reimbursement Program sites do not have to perform a closure assessment.

## Please Print or Type Complete All Applicable Blanks

1	Date:July 10, 1995
	DER Facility ID Number: N/A 3. County: Duva1
	Facility Name: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Enlisted Housing Unit # 431
	Facility Owner: U.S. Navy
6.	Facility Address: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field
7.	Mailing Address: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field
٤.	Telephone Number: () 9. Facility Operator:U.S. Navy
10.	Are the Storage Tank(s): (Circle one or both) A. Aboveground or XX Underground
i.	Type of Product(s) Stored: #2 Heating Oil
12.	Were the Tank(s): (Circle one) A. Replaced XII. Removed C. Closed in Place D. Upgraded (aboveground tanks only)
13.	Number of Tanks Closed: One (1) 14. Age of Tanks: Unknown
Yes	1. Is the facility participating in the Florida Petroleum Liability Insurance and Restoration Program (FPLIRP)?  2. Was a Discharge Reporting Form submitted to the Department?  If yes, When:
	If yes, specify type: Water monitoring Vapor monitoring  5. Is there free product present in the monitoring wells or within the excavation?  6. Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 500 parts per million for gasoline?
$\boxtimes$	Specify sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells Soil sample(s)  7. Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 50 parts per million for diesel/kerosene?
_	Specify sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells Soil sample(s)
لــا	8. Were the analytical laboratory results of the ground water sample(s) greater than the allowable state target levels?  (See target levels on reverse side of this form and supply laboratory data sheets)

	بود به و ما در در و المرادي و معلمها ما المهلية و المنهوب بريون المناه و المناور و الم	DER France 17-JE1 800(6)
		form Tax Champe Assessment Form
		Engran Dans December 10 1990
		DER aggicamen No
12.	A detailed drawing or sketch of the facility that includes the storage system location, monitoring wells, built	dings, storm drains, sample locations,
	and dispenser locations must accompany this form.	
13.	If a lacility has a pollutant storage tank system that has both gasoline and kerosene/diesel stored on site, bo 610 must be performed on the ground water samples obtained.	th EPA Method 602 and EPA Method
14.	Amount of soils removed and receipt of proper disposal.	
15.	If yes is answered to any one of questions 5-9, a Discharge Reporting Form 17-761,900(1) indicating a to the Department within one working day.	suspected release shall be submitted
16.	A copy of this form and any attachments must be submitted to the Department's district office in your are gram office under contract with the Department within 60 days of completion of tank removal or filling	a and to the locally administered pro a tank with an inert matenal.
	Signature of Owner	Date
	land a Bh	7/11/95
	Signature of Person Performing Assessment	Date

#### State Ground Water Target Levels That Affect A Pollutant Storage Tank System Closure Assessment

State ground water target levels are as follows:

١.	For	gasoline	(EPA	Method	602):
----	-----	----------	------	--------	-------

a. Benzene

1 ug/i

Professional Geologist

Title of Person Performing Assessment

b. Total VOA

50 ug/1

- Benzene

- Toluene

- Total Xylenes

- Ethylbenzene

c. Methyl Test-Butyl Ether (MTBE)

50 ug/l

2. For kerosene/diesel (EPA Method 610):

a. Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHS) (Best achievable detection limit, 10 ug/l maximum)



Of 8 form 4	17-761-900(5)
form Tax	noerground Storage Tank installation & lemoval form to: Centried Contractors
	December 10 1990
DER Appro	sen No
	(Fred in by DER)

# Underground Storage Tank Installation and Removal Form For Certified Contractors

Pollutant Storage System Specialty Contractors as defined in Section 489.113, Florida Statutes (Certified contractors as defined in Section 17-761.200, Florida Administrative Code) shall use this form to certify that the installation, replacement or removal of the storage tank system(s) located at the address listed below was performed in accordance with Department Reference Standards.

Ge	neral Facility Information							
1.	DER Facility Identification No.: N/A							
	. Facility Name: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Enlist Telephone: ()							
3.	Street Address (physical location): Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Housing #431							
	Owner Name: U.S. Navy Telephone: ()							
5.	Owner Address: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field	<del></del>						
6.	Number of Tanks: a. Installed at this time b. Removed at this time							
7.	Tank(s) Manufactured by: Unknown							
8.	Date Work Initiated: 62195 9. Date Work Completed: 695							
	derground Pollutant Tank Installation Checklist							
Pie	ase certify the completion of the following installation requirements by placing an (X) in the appropriate box.	_						
1.	The tanks and piping are corrosion resistant and approved for use by State and Federal Laws.							
2.	Excavation, backfill and compaction completed in accordance with NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 30(87), API (American Petroleum Institute) 1615, PEI (Petroleum Equipment Institute) RP100-87 and the manufacturers' specifications.							
3.	Tanks and piping pretested and installed in accordance with NFPA 30(87), API 1615, PEI/RP100(87) and the manufacturers' specifications.							
4.	Steel tanks and piping are cathodically protected in accordance with NFPA 30(87), API 1632, UL (Underwriters Laboratory) 1746, STI (Steel Tank Institute) R892-89 and the manufacturer's specifications.							
5.	Tanks and piping tested for tightness after installation in accordance with NFPA 30(87) and PEI/RP100-87.							
6.	Monitoring well(s) or other leak detection devices installed and tested in accordance with Section 17-761.640, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)							
7.	Spill and overfill protection devices installed in accordance with Section 17-761.500, F.A.C.							
8.	Secondary containment installed for tanks and piping as applicable in accordance with Section 17-761.500, F.A.C.							
Ple	ase Note: The numbers following the abbreviations (e.g. API 1615) are publication or specification numbers issued by these instutu	tions.						
Ur	nderground Pollutant Tank Removal Checklist							
	Closure assessment performed in accordance with Section 17-761.800, F.A.C.	$\boxtimes$						
	Underground tank removed and disposed of as specified in API 1604 in acordance with Section 17-761.800, F.A.C.	$\boxtimes$						

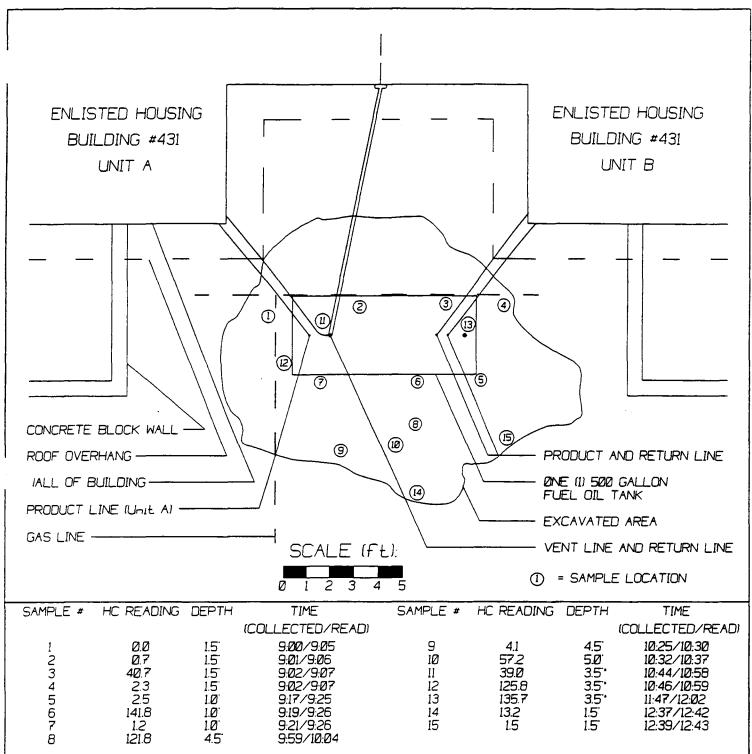
وبرا بحصر فر	17c-1500(5)
بر برا بعد سم	emerground Sicretic Tank installation & emitted Form for Conjude Contraction
Name Case	December 10, 1990
CA Approx	on Nc
	(Feed in by DER)

#### Certification

I hereby certify and attest that I am familiar with the facility that is registered with the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation; that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the tank installation, replacement or removal at this facility was conducted in accordance with Chapter 489 and Section 376303, Florida Statutes and Chapter 17-761, Florida Administrative Code (and its adopted reference sources from publications and standards of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), the American Petroleum Institute (API), the National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE), American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM); Petroleum Equipment Institute (PEI); Steel Tank Institute (STI); Underwriters Laboratory (UL); and the tank and integral piping manufacturers' specifications; and that the operations on the checklist were performed accordingly.

Holand Boardman	PCC 054952
(Type or Print)  Certified Pollutant Tank Contractor Name Pollutant Storage System Specialty Contractor License Number (PSSSC)	PSSSC Number
Rm Sula	7-12-95
Certified Tank Contractor Signature	Date
VERNON MediNNON	7-12-98
(Type or Print) Field Supervisor Name	Date
Verno Akhim	7-12-98
Field Supervisor Signature	Date

The owner or operator of the facility must register the tanks with the Department at least 10 days before the installation. The installer must submit this form no more than 30 days after the completion of installation to the Department of Environmental Regulation at the address printed at the top of page one.



\* = DUE TO THE HIGH WATER CONTENT IN THE SOIL (FROM HEAVY RAINFALL IN PREVIOUS 24 HOURS). THE THE ACTUAL SAMPLE DEPTH WAS ESTIMATED BASED ON THE SIDEWALLS CAVING INTO THE EXCAVATION.

ALL SAMPLES ANALYZED WITH A THERMO ENVIRONMENTAL INSTRUMENTS MODEL 580B PHOTOIONIZATION DETECTOR



INNOVATIVE SERVICES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

## SITE PLAN

**ENLISTED HOUSING UNIT #431** 

NAVAL AIR STATION

CECIL FIELD

JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

ANALYTICAL LABORATORY & CORPORATE OFFICES (904) 786-8340 1057 NORTH ELLIS ROAD, SUITE 17 (800) 770-4367 (GEOS) FAX: (904) 786-7489

JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA 32254-2249

GEOLOGICAL, ENVIRONMENTAL AND OCEANOGRAPHIC SCIENCES, INC.

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIALTY LABORATORY 5909A BRECKENRIDGE PARKWAY TAMPA, FLORIDA 33610-4237

(813) 62 FAX: (813) 62t . +6

151100014396

Attn: RON BOARDMAN

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215

Page 1 5 Jul 1995

Report J5-06-211-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Sample Description:

N.A.S. CECIL FIELD

TEMP. MON WELL @ ENLISTED HOUSING #431

GROUNDWATER

SAMPLE ID .: ENL-431-695 COLLECTED: 06/22/95 13:23 RECEIVED: 06/22/95

COLLECTED BY: S.W. VOCKELL

Parameter	Resul t	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed A	nalyst
Hydrocarbons, Total IR	1.05	mg/L	418.1	0.200	06/27/95	06/28/95	AH
Lead, Total	0.024	mg/L	239.2	0.005	06/29/95	06/30/95	JC
Polynuclear Aromatics			625\8270				
Naphthalene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Acenaphthylene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
1-Methylnaphthalene	<b>B</b> DL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
2-Methylnaphthalene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Acenaphthene	BDL	μg/L		. 10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Fluorene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Phenanthrene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Anthracene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
fluoranthene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Pyrene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
8enzo(a)anthracene	8DL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Chrysene	BOL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	BOL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Benzo(a)pyrene	8DL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	BDL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	<b>B</b> DL	µg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	BOL	μg/L		10	06/28/95	06/30/95	AT
Surrogates							
Nitrobenzene-d5	39	Min: 35	Max: 1	14			
2-Fluorobiphenyl	48	Min: 43	Max: 1	16			
4-Terphenyl-d14	54	Min: 33	Max: 1	<b>61</b>			
Volatile Aromatics			602				
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	BDL	μg/L		5.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	HD
Benzene	8DL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Toluene	8DL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Ethyl benzene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Xylene, Total	5.9	μg/L			06/23/95	06/23/95	MD

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 2 5 Jul 1995 Report J5-06-211-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Chlorobenzene	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Surrogates							
- Bromobenzene	89.2	Min: 70	Max	: 130			
Volatile Halocarbons			601				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Chloromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Bromomethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Vinyl chloride	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Chloroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Methylene chloride	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Trichlorofluoromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,1-Dichloroethene	8DL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,1-Dichloroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
total-1,2-Dichloroethene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Chloroform	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,2-Dichlorethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	80L	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Carbon tetrachloride	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Bromodichloromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,2-Dichloropropane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Trichloroethene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Dibromochloromethane	BOL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Bromoform	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Tetrachloroethene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Chlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	8DL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 3 5 Jul 1995 Report J5-06-211-01 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units	Method D	et. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed A	Analyst
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	06/23/95	06/23/95	MD
Surrogates							
Bromobenzene	101	Min: 70	Max: 130				

Karen Foreman, Laboratory Director

,

CHAIN OF CU' DY RECORD

G	e	0	S	inc.
_	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	_	

☐ 1057 N. ELLIS ROAD, SUITE 17, JACKSONVILLE, FL 32254-2249 • (904) 786-8340 ☐ 5909A BRECKENRIDGE PARKWAY, TAMPA, FL 33610-4237 • (813) 626-0101

JOB NU	J. Sala	
44 A		201

CLIENT NAME:	PROJECT NAME:  Cacil F. 2  P. O. NUMBER / PROJECT N	eld-Enlis	sted House	a'ne	PŘESEŘVAŤ	TO T	3	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		//
ADDRESS: Cecil Filld	PROJECT LOCATION:	<del></del>	<del></del>		CONTAINER Size And Cype	X-10 X	284	10 mg		
PHONE: 778-2904 FAX: CONTACT: R. Board Man	Cecil Fie SAMPLED BY: STOTA	ld-N.F	1.5.	200	1832/		7 7			
CONTACT:  L. Board Man  TURN AROUND TIME OF RESULTS DUE BY:	SAMPLED BY:  SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:	W. Vocice	ELL		1	<del>\</del> \	'			
STANDARD U VERBAL	_			es - COmpa	2009	′ /	//	/ / /		
☐ RUSH ☐ FAX ☐ HARD COPY	_			B	3/5		ZZ/	//		LAB USE A
SAMPLE DESCRIPTION		SAMPLING TIME		NO OF ONTAIN					2.44.478.7.197	and the second
ENL-431-695 Temp. Well @Enlist	edHovsing 431 6/	12/95 132	3 GW	le !	Z X	K X	X			
p	-Drinking Water WW	/Wastewater	SO—Solid/S	Soli	SL—	Sludge			rdous Waste	A—AI
FIELD PARAMETERS / COMMENTS:		TRANS.	SIDE W		<del></del>		ACCEPTE	DBY:	4/22/95	TIME 5 16:16
		2				7			7-1-	
CONTAINÉRS/SEALS INTACT ( ) ON ICE / 4°C	SHIPPED VIA	3						<del></del>		
	DISTRIBUTION: White_Client	Copy (ow - Le	h Cony Pink—Si	emple Con						l

# APPENDIX B MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION DETAIL

PROJECT: NAS Cecil Field BRAC UST	Site	of WELL: CEF-431-1S		BORIN	IG NO. CEF-431-1	S 				
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM	NT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM PROJECT NO: 8571-03 DATE STARTED: 7-18-									
DRILLING SUBCONTRACTOR: Alliance	·	SITE: Quarters 43	(Housing)	MONITOR INST. FID						
NETHOD: 8.25" ID HSA	WELL CASE DIAM: 2"	SCREEN INT. 3-13	FT.	SCREI	EN SLOT SIZE: D	_				
TOC ELEVATION: FT. NGVD	GROUND ELEV .: FT. NGVD	NORTHING:		EAST	ING:					
WELL DEVELOP. DATE: 7-23-97	TOTAL DEPTH: 14 FT. BLS	<b>DEPTH TO</b> ¥ 3.10 F		LOGGE	ED BY: J tarr					
SAMPLE INTERVAL RECOVERY HEADSPACE (ppm)	SOIL/ROCK DESC AND COMME		LITHOLOGIC SYMBOL	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA				
	SILTY SAND: White to light brown, fine grain	with silt.		SM	posthale	THE TRANSPORT OF THE PARTY OF T				
140	SILTY SAND: Gray, fine grain with silt.				posthole					
	SILTY SAND: Dark brown to black, fine grain throughout spoon and odor of heating oil.	with silt, construction debris			23,4,>50					
10—										
	SILTY SAND: No recovery due to constructi etc.), but appears to be a sity sand based				14,3,2,6					
15—										

.

# APPENDIX C GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL DATA

## NAS CECIL FIELD -- BRAC UST GREY BASE FAMILY HOUSING GROUNDWATER -- ANALYTICAL DATA -- TANK 431 -- REPORT NO. 9544

Lab Sample Number:

Site Locator

B7H0701520 BRACGREY

Collect Date:

CEF-431-1S 06-AUG-97 QUAL UNITS

VALUE

DL

CGREY ANAYLTICAL PARAMETERS			
,1,1-Trichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
,1,2-Trichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
,1-Dichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
,1-Dichloroethene	1 U	ug/L 1	
,2-Dichlorobenzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
,3-Dichlorobenzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
,4-Dichlorobenzene	1 0	ug/L 1	
,2-Dichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
,2-Dichloropropane	1 U	ug/L 1	
-Methylnaphthalene	2 U	ug/L 2 ug/L 2 ug/L 2	
!-Methylnaphthalene	2 U	ug/L 2	
cenaphthene	2 บ	ug/L 2	
cenaphthylene	2 U	ug/L 2	
inthracene	2 U	ug/L 2	
ienzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
lenzo (a) anthracene	.1 ป	ug/L .1	
lenzo (a) pyrene	.1 U	ug/L .1	
Jenzo (b) fluoranthene	.1 U	ug/L .1	
Jenzo (g,h,i) perylene	.2 U	ug/L .2	
enzo (k) fluoranthene	.15 U	ug/L .15	
romodichloromethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
romoform	1 U	ug/L 1	
Promomethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
Carbon tetrachloride	1 υ	ug/L 1	
Chlorobenzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
Chloromethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
hloroform	1 ប	ug/L 1	
hloromethane	1 ປ	ug/L 1	
Chrysene	. 1 ป	ug/L .1	
ibenzo (a,h) anthracene	.2 U	ug/L .2	
ibromochloromethane	1 u	ug/L 1	
ichlorodifluoromethane	1 ប៊	ug/L 1	
thylbenzene	1 ប	ug/L 1	
thylene dibromide	.02 U	ug/L .02	
luoranthene	์.2 บ	ug/L .2	
Luorene		ug/L 2	
ndeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	. ī ŭ	ug/L .1	
ead	. Š ŭ	ug/L 5	
lethyl tert-butyl ether	î ŭ	ug/L 1	
lethylene chloride	5 Ŭ	ug/L 5	
aphthalene	2 Ŭ	ug/L 2	
Phenanthren <del>e</del>	2 0	ug/L 2	
Yrene	.2 U	ug/L .2	
etrachloroethene	1 ŭ	ug/L 1	
oluene	1 U	ug/L 1	
otuene otal petroleum hydrocarbons	.72	ing/L .5	
richloroethene	., <u>e</u> 1 U	ug/L 1	
richlorofluoromethane	1 0	ug/L 1	
inyl chloride	1 บั	Probability of the state of the	
iny contol lee		ug/L 1	그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그

### NAS CECIL FIELD -- BRAC UST GREY BASE FAMILY HOUSING GROUNDWATER -- ANALYTICAL DATA -- TANK 431 -- REPORT NO. 9544

Lab Sample Number: Site Locator Collect Date: B7H0701520 BRACGREY CEF-431-1S

06-AUG-97 VALUE QUAL UNITS

Xylenes (total) cis-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-1,2-Dichloroethene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene

1 U ug/L 1 U ug/L 1 U ug/L 1 U ug/L

DL

## **NEW DOCUMENT**

#### **CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING REPORT**

**BUILDING 440, TANK 440** 

#### **BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE**

## UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK AND ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK GREY SITES

## NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Unit Identification Code: N60200

Contract No.: N62467-89-D-0317/139

#### Prepared by:

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. 2590 Executive Center Circle, East Tallahassee, Florida 32301

#### **Prepared for:**

Department of the Navy, Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command 2155 Eagle Drive North Charleston, South Carolina 29418

Bryan Kizer, Code 1842, Engineer-in-Charge

March 1998



## CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICAL DATA CONFORMITY (MAY 1987)

The Contractor, ABB Environmental Services, Inc., hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/139 are complete and accurate and comply with all requirements of this contract.

DATE: <u>March 5, 1998</u>

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL: Rao Angara

Task Order Manager

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL: Eric A. Blomberg, P.G.

Project Technical Lead

(DFAR 252.227-7036)

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 440, Tank 440 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Chapt	oter Tit	tle Page	No.
1.0	INTRODUCTION		1
2.0	FIELD INVESTIGATION		1
3.0	SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS .		1
4.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS .		1
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#### LIST OF FIGURES

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 440, Tank 440 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Figui	re	Ti	<u>.t1</u>	.e						 	 	Page	No
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#### LIST OF TABLES

Table				Title							Page						No.	
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#### GLOSSARY

ABB-ES ABB Environmental Services, Inc.

FAC Florida Administrative Code

ISI Innovative Services International, Inc.

 $\mu g/\ell$  micrograms per liter

UST underground storage tank

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES), under contract to the Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, has completed the confirmatory sampling for Tank 440 at Naval Air Station Cecil Field in Jacksonville, Florida. This report summarizes the related field operations, results, conclusions, and recommendations of the confirmatory sampling.

Tank 440 was an underground storage tank (UST) located on the north side of Building 440, a duplex for family housing (Figure 1). The UST, which was installed in 1955, had a 350-gallon capacity and was used to store fuel oil for onsite heating (ABB-ES, 1997). Tank 440 was removed by Innovative Services International, Inc. (ISI), on May 3, 1995. A closure assessment report (Appendix A) was prepared for Tank 440 and submitted to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (ISI, 1995). The closure assessment report indicated the presence of petroleum contamination (total volatile organic aromatic was 34 micrograms per liter  $[\mu g/\ell]$  and total naphthalenes was 93  $\mu g/\ell$ ), which was below State target levels. To assess the current groundwater quality at Tank 440, a contamination assessment plan was prepared by ABB-ES in November 1996 (ABB-ES, 1996).

#### 2.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

The confirmatory sampling at Tank 440 was initiated in August 1997 and included

- · the installation of one shallow groundwater monitoring well and
- collection and analysis of one groundwater sample.

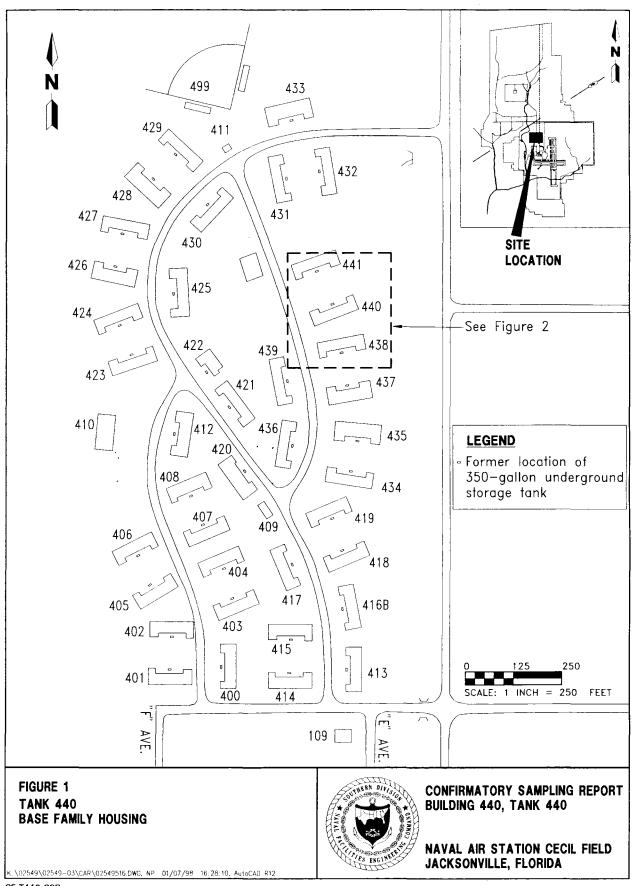
One monitoring well, CEF-440-1S, was hand installed (the location was inaccessible to a drill rig) at the former UST location to a depth of 6 feet below land surface. One groundwater sample was collected on August 6, 1997, and analyzed for the Kerosene Analytical Group parameters. A general site plan indicating the location of monitoring well CEF-440-1S is presented on Figure 2. The monitoring well installation detail is included in Appendix B.

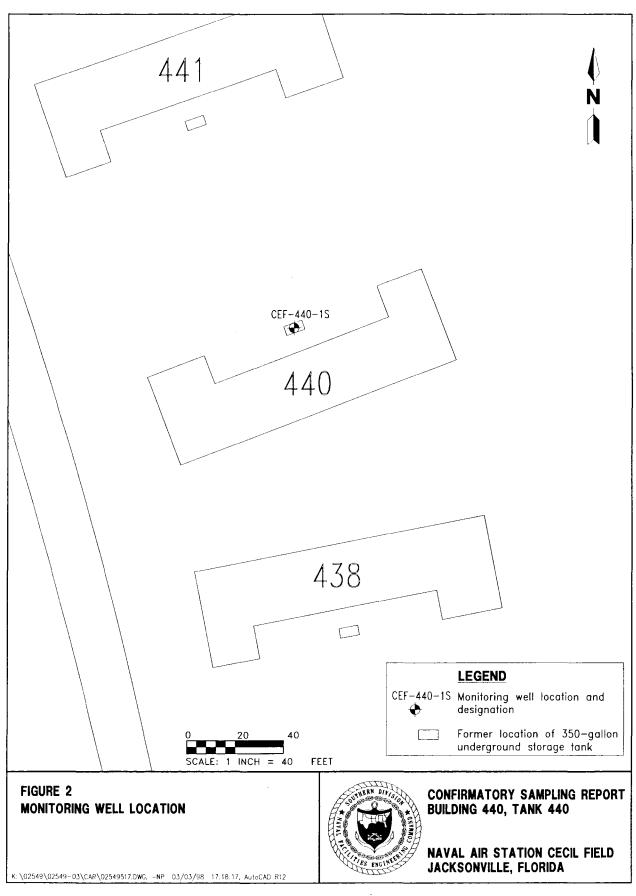
#### 3.0 SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Contaminant concentrations in groundwater were below the regulatory standards for Class G-II groundwater as specified in Chapter 62-770 of the Florida Administrative Code (FAC) (Table 1). The complete analytical data set is presented in Appendix C.

#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

No contaminants were detected above regulatory standards specified in Chapter 62-770, FAC, in the groundwater sample collected from monitoring well CEF-440-1S. Therefore, no further action is recommended for the Tank 440 site.





## Table 1 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Detections

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 440, Tank 440 Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

	Monitori	ng Wells	Crowndowster Classes Torract									
Compound	ISI Temporary Well	CEF-440-1S	Groundwater Cleanup Target Levels <sup>1</sup>									
Volatile Organic Aromatics (USEPA Method 601/602) (μg/ℓ)												
Ethylbenzene	1.1	ND	30									
Xylenes	33	7.9	20									
Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (USEPA Method 610) (µg/ℓ)												
1-Methylnapthalene	40	13	NA									
2-Methylnaphthalene	53	10	NA									
Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydro	ocarbons (TRPH) (FL-P	PRO) (mg/ <i>l</i> )										
TRPH	ND	2.5	5									
Lead (USEPA Method 239.2) (µg/l	Lead (USEPA Method 239.2) (μg/ℓ)											
Lead	15											

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code.

Notes: Groundwater samples were collected by ISI on May 5, 1995, and by ABB Environmental Services, Inc., on August 5, 1997.

TRPH was analyzed by USEPA Method 418.1 during the 1995 sampling event.

ISI = Innovative Services International, Inc.

USEPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

 $\mu g/\ell$  = micrograms per liter.

ND = compound not detected.

FL-PRO = Florida-Petroleum Residual Organic.

 $mg/\ell$  = milligrams per liter.

#### **REFERENCES**

- ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES). 1996. Contamination Assessment Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM), North Charleston, South Carolina (November).
- ABB-ES. 1997. Base Realignment and Closure Tank Management Plan, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM, North Charleston, South Carolina (January).
- Innovative Services International, Inc. 1995. Closure Report for Underground Storage Tank Removals, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida.

# APPENDIX A CLOSURE ASSESSMENT REPORT



## Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bldg. • 2000 Blair Stone Road • Tallahassee, Florida 32399-24(R)

(DI fr 8 a 17-761 &QU6-
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Lessons Lies December 10 1990
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## Closure Assessment Form

Owners of storage tank systems that are replacing, removing or closing in place storage tanks shall use this form to demonstrate that a storage system closure assessment was performed in accordance with Rule 17-761 or 17-762. Florida Administrative Code. Eligible Early Detection Incentive (EDI) and Reimbursement Program sites do not have to perform a closure assessment.

## Please Print or Type Complete All Applicable Blanks

1.	Date:	June	6,	1995
2.	DER Fac	ality ID No	umb	er: N/A 3. County: Duval
	Facility N	-		aval Air Station - Cecil Field Enlisted Housing Unit # 440
	Facility C		U	.S. Navy
	Facility A		N	aval Air Station - Cecil Field
	•	Address: _	N	aval Air Station - Cecil Field
	_			9. Facility Operator: U.S. Navy
				s): (Circle one or both) A. Aboveground or X8 Underground
		Product(s)		#0.17
	•			
			-	role one) A. Replaced XXX Removed C. Closed in Place D. Upgraded (aboveground tarks only)
13.	Number	ol lanks	Clos	ed: One (1) 14. Age of Tanks: Unknown
Yes	×∘	Noi Applicable		Facility Assessment Information  Is the facility participating in the Florida Petroleum Liability Insurance and Restoration Program (FPLIRP)?  Was a Discharge Reporting Form submitted to the Department?
X			3	If yes, When: Where: Is the depth to ground water less than 20 feet?
	$\boxtimes$			Are monitoring wells present around the storage system?
	$\boxtimes$			If yes, specify type: Water monitoring Vapor monitoring  Is there free product present in the monitoring wells or within the excavation?  Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 500 parts per million for gasoline?
$\boxtimes$			7	Specify sample type:  Vapor Monitoring wells  Soil sample(s)
	لــا	ليا	7.	Were the petroleum hydrocarbon vapor levels in the soils greater than 50 parts per million for diesel/kerosene? Specify sample type: Vapor Monitoring wells Soil sample(s)
$\boxtimes$			8.	Were the analytical laboratory results of the ground water sample(s) greater than the allowable state target levels?
		$\bowtie$	۵	(See target levels on reverse side of this form and supply laboratory data sheets)
<u>'</u>	$\boxtimes$	~		If a used oil storage system, did a visual inspection detect any discolored soil indicating a release?  Are any potable wells located within ¼ of a mile radius of the facility?
	$\boxtimes$			Is there a surface water body within 1/4 mile radius of the site? If yes, indicate distance:

Page 1 1 1

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				December 10 1990
				DER Approximon No
				Meno on by DEP
			·	
12.	A detailed drawing or sketc and dispenser locations m	th of the facility that includes the just accompany this form.	storage system location, monitoring wells, bu	ildings, storm drains, sample locations,
13.	If a facility has a pollutant st		gasoline and kerosene/diesel stored on site, b lained.	oth EPA Method 602 and EPA Method
14.		and receipt of proper disposal.	•	
		one of questions 5-9, a Discharg	e Reporting Form 17-761.900(1) indicating a	suspected release shall be submitted
16.	A copy of this form and an	y attachments must be submitted	d to the Department's district office in your ar days of completion of tank removal or filling	ea and to the locally administered pro-
	gram chice chico. Commen			
	:			
_		Signature of Owner		Date
		, Ikh		7/12/95
_	180	nature of Person Performing As	sesment	Date
		_		
	Postoco	inal Geologia	<del>/-</del>	
	V 1.04-522	Title of Person Performing Asse	ssment	
		State Ground Wa	iter Target Levels That Affect A	
		Pollutant Storage T	ank System Closure Assessme	nt
			• .	
	•	State ground	water target levels are as follows:	
1,	For gasoline (EPA Method (	602):	2. For kerosene/desel (EPA Meth	ad 610):
	-	•	·	•
	a. Benzene	1 ug/l	<ul> <li>a. Polynuclear Aromatic Hydro (Best achievable detection)</li> </ul>	• •
	b. Total VOA	50 ug/l	(Description)	minic to agri maximanij

Benzene
 Toluene
 Total Xylenes
 Ethylbenzene

C. Methyl Test-Butyl

Ether (MTBE)

50 ug/1

## Florida Department of Environmental Regulation

Twin Towers Office Bldg. • 2600 Blair Stone Road • Taliahassee. Florida 32399-2400

DER form #	17-761.900(5)
Form Tex. S	nderground Storage Tank installation & emoval Form for Certilled Contractors
Energy Dan	December 10, 1990
DER ADDICA	ion No

# Underground Storage Tank Installation and Removal Form For Certified Contractors

Pollutant Storage System Specialty Contractors as defined in Section 489.113, Florida Statutes (Certified contractors as defined in Section 17-761.200, Florida Administrative Code) shall use this form to certify that the installation, replacement or removal of the storage tank system(s) located at the address listed below was performed in accordance with Department Reference Standards.

Ge	neral Facility Information	
1.	DER Facility Identification No.: N/A	
	Facility Name: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Enlist Telephone: ()	
3.	Street Address (physical location): Naval Air Station - Cecil Field Housing # 440	
	Owner Name: U.S. Navy Telephone: ()	_
5.	Owner Address: Naval Air Station - Cecil Field	
6.	Number of Tanks: a. Installed at this time b. Removed at this time	
7.	Tank(s) Manufactured by: Unknown	
8.	Date Work Initiated: 5/3/95 9. Date Work Completed: 5/5/95	
	derground Pollutant Tank Installation Checklist ase certify the completion of the following installation requirements by placing an (X) in the appropriate box.	
	The tanks and piping are corrosion resistant and approved for use by State and Federal Laws.	
2.	Excavation, backfill and compaction completed in accordance with NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) 30(87), API (American Petroleum Institute) 1615, PEI (Petroleum Equipment Institute) RP100-87 and the manufacturers' specifications.	
3.	Tanks and piping pretested and installed in accordance with NFPA 30(87), API 1615, PEI/RP100(87) and the manufacturers' specifications.	
4.	Steel tanks and piping are cathodically protected in accordance with NFPA 30(87), API 1632, UL (Underwriters Laboratory) 1746, STI (Steel Tank Institute) R892-89 and the manufacturer's specifications.	
5.	Tanks and piping tested for tightness after installation in accordance with NFPA 30(87) and PEI/RP100-87.	
6.	Monitoring well(s) or other leak detection devices installed and tested in accordance with Section 17-761.640, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)	
7.	Spill and overfill protection devices installed in accordance with Section 17-761.500, F.A.C.	
8.	Secondary containment installed for tanks and piping as applicable in accordance with Section 17-761.500, F.A.C.	
Pie	ase Note: The numbers following the abbreviations (e.g. API 1615) are publication or specification numbers issued by these instutut	ions.
Ur	derground Pollutant Tank Removal Checklist	
1.	Closure assessment performed in accordance with Section 17-761.800, F.A.C.	X
	Underground tank removed and disposed of as specified in API 1604 in acordance with Section 17-761.800, F.A.C.	$\boxtimes$

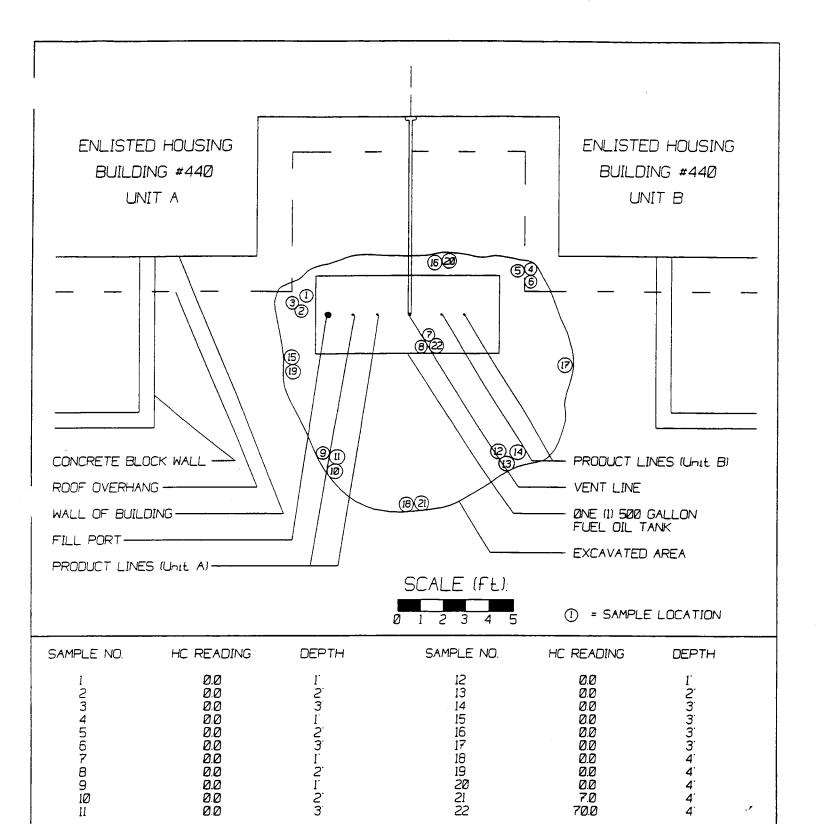
DER form	17-761-5(U(5)
fom læ_	Underground Skillage Tank Installation & Removal Form for Certified Contractors
Erecove Co	, December 10 1950
DER Appe	
	(Page on by DER)

#### Certification

I hereby certify and attest that I am familiar with the facility that is registered with the Florida Department of Environmental Regulation; that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the tank installation, replacement or removal at this facility was conducted in accordance with Chapter 489 and Section 376303, Florida Statutes and Chapter 17-761, Florida Administrative Code (and its adopted reference sources from publications and standards of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), the American Petroleum Institute (API), the National Association of Corrosion Engineers (NACE), American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM); Petroleum Equipment Institute (PEI); Steel Tank Institute (STI); Underwriters Laboratory (UL); and the tank and integral piping manufacturers' specifications; and that the operations on the checklist were performed accordingly.

Xolad Boardan	PCC054952
(Type or Print)  Certified Pollutant Tank Contractor Name  Pollutant Storage System Specialty Contractor License Number (PSSSC)	PSSSC Number
AM For Ca	7-12-55
Certified Tank Contractor Signature	Date
VERNON Medinnon	7-12-95
(Type or Print) Field Supervisor, Name	Date
Version Mehrin	7-12-98
Field Supervisor Signature	Date
/	

The owner or operator of the facility must register the tanks with the Department at least 10 days before the installation. The installer must submit this form no more than 30 days after the completion of installation to the Department of Environmental Regulation at the address printed at the top of page one.



ALL SAMPLES ANALYZED WITH A THERMO ENVIRONMENTAL INSTRUMENTS MODEL 580B PHOTOIONIZATION DETECTOR



INNOVATIVE SERVICES INTERNATIONAL, INC.

## SITE PLAN

**ENLISTED HOUSING UNIT #440** 

NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 4 16 May 1995 Report J5-05-070-02 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Sample Description:

CECIL FIELD TANK PULLS / N.A.S. CECIL FIELD

BLDG. 440 MONITOR WELL

GROUNDWATER

SAMPLE ID.: 440

COLLECTED: 05/05/95 15:00

RECEIVED: 05/05/95 COLLECTED BY: J. BAKER

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Job: MONWEL MONITOR WELL AN	ALYSIS				-		1.5.0
Hydrocarbons, Total IR	<0.200	mg/L	418.1	0.200	05/12/95	05/12/95	AM
Lead, Total	0.060	mg/L	239.2	0.005	05/09/95	05/11/95	KAC
Polynuclear Aromatics			625\8270				
Naph tha lene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Acenaphthylene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
1-Methylnaphthalene	40	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
2-Methylnaphthalene	53	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Acenaphthene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Fluorene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Phenanthrene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Anthracene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Fluoranthene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Pyrene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Benzo(a)anthracene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Chrysene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Benzo(a)pyrene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	BDL	μg/L		10	05/11/95	05/16/95	AT
Surrogates							
Nitrobenzene-d5	73	Min: 35	Max:	114			
2-Fluorobiphenyl	51	Min: 43	Max:	116 -			
4-Terphenyl-d14	84	Min: 33	Max:	141			
Volatile Aromatics			602				
Methyl-tert-butyl ether	BDL	μg/L		5.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Benzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 5 16 May 1995 Report J5-05-070-02 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
Toluene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Ethyl benzene	1.1	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Xylene, Total	33	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Chlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Surrogates							
Bromobenzene	91.8	Min: 70	Max	: 130			
/olatile Halocarbons			601				
Dichlorodifluoromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Chloromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Bromomethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Vinyl chloride	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Chloroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Methylene chloride	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Trichlorofluoromethane	BOL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,1-Dichloroethene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,1-Dichloroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
total-1,2-Dichloroethene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Chloroform	BOL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,2-Dichlorethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	BOL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Carbon tetrachloride	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Bromodichloromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,2-Dichloropropane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Trichloroethene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Dibromochloromethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Bromoform	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD

P.O. BOX 150016 NAS CECIL FIELD, FL 32215 Page 6 16 May 1995 Report J5-05-070-02 LAB ID. 82223/E82101

Parameter	Result	Units	Method	Det. Limit	Extracted	Analyzed	Analyst
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	BDL	μg/L	<del>-</del>	1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Tetrachloroethene	8DL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Chlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	BDL	μg/L		1.0	05/09/95	05/09/95	MD
Surrogates							
Bromobenzene	90.5	Hin: 70	Max:	130			

Karen Foreman, Laboratory Director

## APPENDIX B MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION DETAIL

TITLE: NAS Cecil Field			LOG of	WELL: CEF-440-	-1S	BORI	NG NO. CEF-440-	1S		
CLIENT: SOUTHDIVNAVFACENGCOM						PROJECT NO: 2549-02				
CONTRACTOR: ABB Envir	ronmental			DATE STARTED:	8-4-97		COMPLTD: 8-4-	97		
METHOD: 4" Hand Auger	,	CASE SIZE: 2"		SCREEN INT.: 1	- 6 FT.	PROTE	CTION LEVEL: D			
TOC ELEV.: FT.		MONITOR INST.: FID		TOT DPTH: 6FT.		DPTH	<b>TO</b> ♀ 2.5 FT.			
LOGGED BY: J Koch		WELL DEVELOPMENT	DATE:			SITE:	Building 428			
H L LABORATORYAL L L ABORATORYAL L L SAMPLE ID. 80	RECOVERY HEADSPACE (ppm)	SOIL/ROCK AND CO	DESCRIPT OMMENTS	ION	LITHOLOGIC SYMBOL	SOIL CLASS	BLOWS/6-IN	WELL DATA		
1	00% 0					SM	hand auger			
2-		SILTY SAND: Dark brown to black, fin	e grained, wit	n roots.						
3	00% 150	CILTY CAND: Day brown to block fin	o grained wa	potrolaum eder			hand auger			
4		SILTY SAND: Dark brown to black, fin	e granicu, we	, pen deun daar.						
	00% 180						hand auger			
5		SILTY SAND: Dark brown to black, fin	e grained, str	ong petroleum odor.						
6—										
7—										
8—							AL SERVICES.			

# APPENDIX C GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL DATA

#### NAS CECIL FIELD -- BRAC UST GREY BASE FAMILY HOUSING GROUNDWATER -- ANALYTICAL DATA -- TANK 440 -- REPORT NO. 9543

lab Sample Number: Site B7H0601200 BRACGREY

Locator

CEF-440-1S 05-AUG-97

Collect Date:

VALUE QUAL UNITS DL

ACGREY ANAYLTICAL PARAMETERS			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
,1,2-Trichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
1-Dichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
,1-Dichloroethene	1 U	ug/L 1	
2-Dichlorobenzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
,3-Dichlorobenzene	1 0	ug/L 1	
,4-Dichlorobenzene	1 U	ug/L 1	
2-Dichloroethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
2-Dichloropropane	1 U	ug/L 1	
Methyl naphthalene	13	ug/L 2	
-Methylnaphthalene	10	ug/L 2	
enaphthene	2 U	ug/L 2	그는 그는 그는 그는 그를 가는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다면
enaphthylene	ŽŪ	ug/L 2	
nthracene	Ž Ū	ug/L 2	
enzene	1 0	ug/L 1	
enzo (a) anthracene	.1 U	ug/L .1	
enzo (a) pyrene	.1 U	ug/L .1	
enzo (b) fluoranthene	. i ŭ	ug/L .1	
enzo (g,h,i) perylene	.ż u	ug/L .2	
enzo (k) fluoranthene	. 15 Ŭ	ug/L . 15	
romodichloromethane	1 0	ug/L 1	
romoform	1 0	ug/L 1	
omomethane	1 0	ug/L 1	
arbon tetrachloride	and the state of t	ug/L 1	
nlorobenzene	ា ប៉	ug/L 1	
hloromethane	iŭ	ug/L 1	
nloroform	1 Ŭ	ug/L 1	
loromethane	1 Ŭ	ug/L 1	
nrysene	.i ŭ	ug/L .1	
ibenzo (a,h) anthracene	.2 U	ug/L .2	
ibromochloromethane	ำ บั	ug/L 1	
ichlorodifluoromethane	1 Ŭ	ug/L 1	
thylbenzene	1 Ü	ug/L 1	
thylene dibromide	.02 U	ug/L .02	
Luoranthene	.2 U	ug/L .2	
Luorene	. 2 U	ug/L 2	
ndeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene	. โบ้		
ead	. 1 U	ug/L .1 ug/L 5	
ethyl tert-butyl ether	1 0	-, 1911 ( <del>- 18</del> 10), 1910, - 1910 (1910), - 1910	
ethylene chloride	5 U		
- 5. F. 20 C CONSTRUCTOR . SPACE	The state of the s	ug/L 5	
aphthalene henanthrene	2 U 2 U	ug/L 5 ug/L 2 ug/L 2	
yrene etrachloroethene	.2 U		
C 11 10 C 1	1 U		
oluene otal petroleum hydrocarbons	1 U	ug/L 1	
otal petroleum nydrocarpons richloroethene	2.5	mg/t -5	
	1 U	ug/L 1	
richlorofluoromethane	1 U	ug/L 1	
inyl chloride	1 U	ug/L 1	
			프로그램 기계를 내려 있다.
			하다. 보통을 맞는다 모임은 경우를 맞을다고 있다.

### NAS CECIL FIELD -- BRAC UST GREY BASE FAMILY HOUSING GROUNDWATER -- ANALYTICAL DATA -- TANK 440 -- REPORT NO. 9543

Lab Sample Number: Site B7H0601200 BRACGREY

Locator

CEF-440-1S 05-AUG-97

Collect Date:

VALUE QUAL UNITS DL

Xylenes (total)	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	

U = NOT DETECTED J = ESTIMATED VALUE
UJ = REPORTED QUANTITATION LIMIT IS QUALIFIED AS ESTIMATED
R = RESULT IS REJECTED AND UNUSABLE

## **NEW DOCUMENT**

# CONFIRMATORY SAMPLING REPORT BUILDING 860, OIL-WATER SEPARATOR 860-OW BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE

## UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK AND ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK GRAY SITES

## NAVAL AIR STATION CECIL FIELD JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Unit Identification Code: N60200

Contract No.: N62467-89-D-0317/149

#### Prepared by:

Harding Lawson Associates 2590 Executive Center Circle, East Tallahassee, Florida 32301

#### Prepared for:

Department of the Navy, Southern Division Naval Facilities Engineering Command 2155 Eagle Drive North Charleston, South Carolina 29418

Bryan Kizer, Code 1842, Engineer-in-Charge

**April 1999** 

Revision 1.0



## CERTIFICATION OF TECHNICAL DATA CONFORMITY (MAY 1987)

The Contractor, Harding Lawson Associates, hereby certifies that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Contract No. N62467-89-D-0317/149 are complete and accurate and comply with all requirements of this contract.

DATE:	April	27,	1999	

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Rao Angara

Task Order Manager

NAME AND TITLE OF CERTIFYING OFFICIAL:

Eric A. Blomberg, P.G. Project Technical Lead

(DFAR 252.227-7036)

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#### **GLOSSARY**

ABB-ES ABB Environmental Services, Inc.

bls below land surface

BRAC Base Realignment and Closure

FDEP Florida Department of Environmental Protection

OVA organic vapor analyzer

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Harding Lawson Associates, under contract to the Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command, has completed confirmatory sampling for oil-water separator 860-0W at Naval Air Station Cecil Field in Jacksonville, Florida. This report summarizes the related field operations, results, conclusions, and recommendations.

Oil-water separator 860-OW is located north of Building 860, a maintenance hangar located on the west aircraft parking apron (ABB Environmental Services, Inc. [ABB-ES], 1994) (Figure 1). The oil-water separator was installed in 1981, has a 9,000 gallon capacity, and is used to separate and store used oil from hangar activities.

A confirmatory sampling report dated December 1997 was prepared for oil-water separator 860-OW and recommended that soil sampling be conducted at the site during tank closure and removal (ABB-ES, 1997). However, the petroleum subcommittee recommended that the soil be assessed prior to removal. This report presents the results of the soil assessment as well as the groundwater data collected to date.

#### 2.0 FIELD INVESTIGATION

The confirmatory sampling for oil-water separator 860-OW was initiated in September, 1998 and included

- the advancement of four soil borings to the water table,
- · collection and analysis of one subsurface soil sample.

Soil samples were collected from each boring at depth intervals of 1 foot below land surface (bls) and every 2 feet thereafter to the water table. These samples were screened for hydrocarbon vapors with an organic vapor analyzer (OVA).

One subsurface soil sample was collected on October 13, 1998 and analyzed for the Used Oil Group parameters. Sample CEF-860-SB2 was collected from 1 to 2 feet bls at the location of soil screening boring SB2.

Four compliance monitoring wells were previously installed at the oil-water separator. The two downgradient monitoring wells, CEF-864-3S (Sample 40G00101) and CEF-864-4S (Sample 40G00201), were sampled during the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) investigation of Building 860.

#### 3.0 SCREENING AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Excessively contaminated soil (greater than 50 parts per million on an OVA) was not detected in any of the four soil borings advanced during the confirmatory sampling. The soil OVA data are summarized in Table 1 and presented on Figure 1.

## Table 1 Soil Screening Results

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 860, Oil-water Separator 860-OW Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

	OVA Concentration (ppm)									
Location	Depth (feet bis)	Unfiltered	Filtered	Actual						
SB1	1	0		0						
	2.5 (wet)	0	-	0						
SB2	1	0		0						
	2 (moist)	0	-	0						
SB3	1	0	_	0						
	2 (wet)	0		0						
SB4	1	0		0						
	2.5 (wet)	0		0						

Notes: OVA = organic vapor analyzer.

ppm = parts per million.

bls = below land surface.-- = filtered readings were not collected.

wet = soil sample was completely saturated when analyzed.

moist = soil sample was partially saturated when analyzed.

No contaminants were detected above Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) soil cleanup target levels in the subsurface soil sample collected for used oil analysis. Subsurface soil analytical results are summarized in Table 2 and presented in Appendix A.

No contaminants were detected above FDEP groundwater cleanup target levels in the groundwater samples collected from monitoring wells CEF-864-3S and CEF-864-4S during the BRAC investigation. A summary of the groundwater analytical results is presented in Table 3. The complete analytical data set is presented in Appendix A.

#### 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Data obtained during the confirmatory sampling of oil-water separator 860-OW did not indicate the presence of soil or groundwater contamination at levels above cleanup target levels.

It is recommended that no further action take place at the oil-water separator site until it is removed.

## Table 2 Summary of Subsurface Soil Analytical Detections

Site Assessment Report Building 860, Oil-water Separator 860-OW Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Compound	CEF-860-SB2 (1 to 2 feet bls; OVA = 0 ppm)	Soil Cleanup Target Levels <sup>1</sup>								
Volatile Organic Aromatics (USEPA Method 8020) (mg/kg)										
Tetrachloroethene	0.018	NA								
Toluene	0.0042	300/0.4								
Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons	(USEPA Method 8310) (mg/kg)									
Not detected.										
Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydro	carbons (FL-PRO) (mg/kg)									
Not detected.										
Inorganic Analytes (mg/kg)										
Chromium	4.6	290/TCLP								
Lead	10 J	500/TCLP								
Mercury	0.019	3.7/TCLP								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code: Direct Exposure, Table 1/Leachability, Table V.

Notes: bls = below land surface.

OVA = organic vapor analyzer.

ppm = parts per million.

USEPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram.

NA = not applicable.

FL-PRO = Florida-Petroleum Residual Organics. TCLP = toxicity characteristic leaching procedure.

J = estimated value.

## Table 3 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results

Confirmatory Sampling Report Building 860, Oil-water Separator 860-OW Naval Air Station Cecil Field Jacksonville, Florida

Compound	CEF-864-3S (Sample 40G00101)	CEF-864-4S (Sample 40G00201)	Groundwater Cleanup Target Levels <sup>1</sup>

Volatile Organic Aromatics (USEPA Method 601/602) (μg/ℓ)

Not detected.

Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (USEPA Method 625) (µg/1)

Not detected

Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (FL-PRO) (mg/l)

Not detected.

Inorganic Analytes (µg/1)

Barium

43.5 J

75.5 J

2,000

Lead

2.1 J

ND

15

Notes: USEPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

 $\mu g/\ell$  = micrograms per liter.

FL-PRO = Florida Petroleum Residual Organics.

 $mg/\ell$  = milligrams per liter.

J = estimated value.

ND = not detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Chapter 62-770, Florida Administrative Code.

#### REFERENCES

- ABB Environmental Services, Inc. (ABB-ES). 1994. Base Realignment and Closure Environmental Baseline Survey Report, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM), North Charleston, South Carolina (November).
- ABB-ES. 1997. Confirmatory Sampling Report, Building 860, Tank 860-OW, Naval Air Station Cecil Field, Jacksonville, Florida. Prepared for SOUTHNAVFACENGCOM, North Charleston, South Carolina (December).

# APPENDIX A ANALYTICAL DATA

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	•					